

## The Weather

Today—Considerable cloudiness and mild. Yesterday—High, 79 at 2:30 p. m.; low, 53 at 6:15 a. m. (Map and details, Page 5.)

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# The Washington Post

News Every Hour

On the Hour of Call

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APR 20 1947

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## Death Strikes Between Crossing Gates...



CAR IN WHICH TWO WERE KILLED—Washington-bound B. & O. passenger train crashed into this coupe, which, police say, started to cross the railroad tracks at the Melrose crossing in Hyattsville yesterday as the electrically operated gates began to descend. Two men in the auto were killed.

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By Shirley Povich Post Reporter

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## 1.25 Billions '47 Surplus Is Forecast By Truman

### President Warns Against Tax Cuts Now and Urges Debt Reduction

By Marshall Andrews Post Reporter

President Truman yesterday predicted a budget surplus of \$1,250,000,000 for the current fiscal year instead of the \$2,300,000,000 deficit estimated last January.

Despite this \$3,750,000,000 improvement in the Nation's financial health, Mr. Truman renewed his warnings against tax cuts at this time. He urged, instead, reductions in the public debt.

In his statement predicting the first surplus in 17 years, the President said "a sharp increase in prices" had "inflated the entire economic structure since removal of price controls. While times are good, he declared, and the budget is being balanced, debt reduction should have priority.

"It is natural," he said, "for taxpayers to wish to see taxes reduced. But to do this now would promote inflation, so that the benefits of any reduction would be largely dissipated."

Knutson Quick to Reply Mr. Truman credited a combination of Government economies and unexpected increases in revenues with making the surplus possible. While a comparison of the daily Treasury statement with the January budget estimate shows a surplus of \$2,600,000,000 as of April 15, the President said, heavy expenditures in the last part of the fiscal year will reduce this to the figure he predicted.

Chairman Knutson (R., Minn.) of the House Ways and Means Committee, advocate of "across the board" tax reduction, was quick to reply to the President's statement. He predicted Congress would enact legislation to cut taxes in spite of presidential warnings.

"I'm not aware," he said, "of any economies effected by this administration that helped build up surplus during the fiscal year. The surplus is due entirely to increased tax receipts in revenue—thanks to wartime tax rates.

"Regardless of the President's feelings, Congress will pass tax reduction legislation and if he wants to veto it, he will have to answer for it to the people next year."

Just before Mr. Truman's statement was issued at the White House, Republican National Chairman Carroll Reece challenged the President to veto proposed tax cuts if he and the Democrats wish to assume "responsibility for delaying tax relief." Reece termed "badly political" the President's Jefferson Day dinner promise to support tax reduction "at a proper time."

Accepting the President's "proper time" statement as a promise to veto tax cuts for this year, Reece conceded the Republicans might lack strength to override a veto. Such a move by the President he saw as a political maneuver.

"He may have in mind," Reece said, "the possible political advantages to himself and to other Democratic candidates through postponing the tax cut this year and then coming forward with a proposal for such a reduction on the eve of the 1948 election.

"The net result of such a procedure, if successful, would be to delay for one year or more the benefits which could properly be granted to the taxpayers this year."

Senator Lucas (D., Ill.), Democratic whip, said he would introduce a bill Monday to cut income taxes next January instead of this year as proposed by the Republicans. The Senate Finance Committee, of which Lucas is a member, will start hearings on the 20-to-30-per cent bill passed March 27 by the House.

Aid Small Taxpayers Lucas said tax reduction under his bill would amount to \$3,800,000,000 instead of the four billion dollars contemplated by the House measure and would include greater benefits for small taxpayers. He said his substitute would provide:

1. An increase in exemptions from \$500 to \$600, removing 3,500,000 taxpayers from the rolls.

2. A two-point reduction of the surtax rate in each surtax net income bracket.

The President, in his statement, expressed regret that price increases had contributed to the improved budgetary situation. See TRUMAN, Page 2, Column 1.

Russian Scientists Find Giant 4-Year-Old Boy Moscow, April 19 (AP)—The Moscow News said tonight Russian scientists were showing great interest in a giant child, Tolya Kovalev, who weighs 110 pounds and has a chest measurement of 37 inches although he is only 4 1/2 years old.

## Red Support Of Yugoslavs Stalls Talks

Foreign Ministers Get Nowhere on Claims; 2 Meetings Set Today

Moscow, April 19 (AP)—Soviet support of Yugoslav claims to Southern Carinthia threw the Foreign Ministers into a final deadlock tonight and apparently buried any chance of writing an Austrian treaty at the Moscow Conference.

On the initiative of United States Secretary of State Marshall and British Foreign Secretary Bevin, the ministers scheduled two Sunday sessions in a drive to speed the conference to a conclusion.

The Council ended its sixth week without a single major agreement on disputed issues in the writing of the Austrian and German peace pacts. It has been the longest period to date for a session of the Council.

Deliberate Stalling Seen American informants suggested that the Kremlin may have decided deliberately to stall off any chances now in the Central European situation until the Soviet Union's policymakers weigh the effect of the new anti-Communist stand of President Truman as evinced in his proposals to aid Greece and Turkey.

In tonight's session, the Potsdam Agreement, favorite document of Soviet Foreign Minister Molotov for quotation, boomed again when he supported Austria's claims for 150 million dollars in reparations from Austria, as well as the territorial demands.

Bevin, in apparent delight, quoted from a hitherto secret portion of the Potsdam Conference which showed that a similar Russian claim at Potsdam ended with Prime Minister Stalin agreeing that no reparations should be taken from Austria.

Reparations Provision "At Potsdam the Soviet government handed in a proposal which asked for 250 million dollars to be paid by Austria over six years from 1945, and from current production as reparations for the benefit of Russia, Great Britain, the United States and Yugoslavia," Bevin recited.

"That proposal was put in the 24th of July and referred to the economic committee, which reached no agreement. It was later discussed in the Council of Foreign Ministers, who referred it to the heads of state.

"The heads of state agreed that no reparations be taken from Austria, and this meant that the Soviet paper was withdrawn. This was later confirmed in protocol.

"Therefore, I trust that the Conference of Foreign Ministers adheres to Potsdam."

Marshall also brought up the Potsdam proceedings, and Molotov in his initial reply to the American Secretary said it would be unfortunate if the Big Three powers prejudiced the claims of the small powers who were not at the 1945 conference.

Both the reparations and territorial issues were referred back to the Austrian deputies. Growing impatience and the bogged down state of the conference was indicated in the exchange between the Ministers at that point.

Molotov suggested that the deputies be given three days to report back to the Ministers and Bevin remarked that that was a long time. Bevin asked why they could not report back on Monday. "It should not take them more See MOSCOW, Page 2, Column 1.

## The Federal Diary

### War Dept. Scientists, Irked By Royall, Threaten to Resign

By Jerry Klutz Post Reporter

Top-flight scientists are threatening mass resignations from the War Department because of its turn-about policy toward civilian employees.

The scientists, as well as other high-level civilians, are in a near-revolt against the policy laid down by War Undersecretary Kenneth C. Royall to demote the majority of civilians in the middle and top pay brackets. This policy, incidentally, is bitterly denounced within official circles as "cheap demagoguery."

One chief after another is reported to have warned he will leave most of his best scientists. These men and women may hold the key to both international peace, and World War III, should it come.

Meantime, Navy is following an opposite policy toward its civilians. It flatly refused to join with Royall in a morale-breaking drive against civilian employees. Secretary James Forrestal believes career employees should be promoted to the key

management positions to insure continuity of service and administrative efficiency in our complex Government. He would center this responsibility in a career undersecretary. The Secretary is pushing on his plan.

It was only a short time ago that the War Department, too, was encouraging and making promises to its civilians. Secretary Patterson, Chief of Staff Eisenhower and others urged outstanding scientists either to remain in their jobs in the department, or else join the department to keep up ahead of the world scientifically as cheap insurance against World War III. The scientists were promised both a stable program, and an attempt to get Congress to raise their salaries.

For example, just a year ago Maj. Gen. Leslie R. Groves, who was in charge of the atomic bomb project, warned Congress that "we won't be able to maintain competence." See DIARY, Page 2, Column 6.

Built Before Civil War Fire yesterday damaged the historic Wylie mansion at Thomas Circle.

A two-alarm blaze broke out at noon in the attic of the three-story brick home slated to be razed soon.

Another fire burned for about two hours in a laboratory of the National Bureau of Standards' West Building early yesterday. It caused about \$2000 damage to the walls and ceiling.

The attic fire at the Wylie house brought out 25 pieces of fire-fighting equipment.

The blaze which damaged the attic and slate roof was brought under control in about 45 minutes.

Deputy Chief P. G. Berry said that the fire may have been started by a transient sleeping in the attic. A blazing mattress was found there, he said.

## Farm Plans Beyond 1975 To Be Offered

Anderson to Unveil Long-Term Program At House Hearings

By John W. Ball Post Reporter

The Nation tomorrow will get its first glimpse at a brand-new, long-range, comprehensive plan for American agriculture.

The proposal projects an already carefully studied five-year plan much further into the future—up to 1980 and 1975 with a pattern for even beyond that time.

It will be unveiled, probably at a time when the House Agricultural Committee begins hearings tomorrow on what Chairman Clifford B. Hope (R., Kans.) terms a "general, long-range agricultural program."

The hearings, which may last for months, will start with Secretary of Agriculture Anderson as first witness. Anderson is expected to touch on his new plan, but the program at Richmond last week before the Virginia State Chamber of Commerce.

The Nation looks to agriculture, he said, for the three essentials of life: food, clothing and shelter.

"Balance Sheet" Illustration The heart of his plan he calls the "balance sheet." This lists in one column the potential and prospective demands the Nation may make on agriculture. In the other column is shown the agricultural plant that must furnish those essentials; and how that plant must be operated to produce efficiently without wearing out.

"We are engaged," he said, "in trying to draw up what we term a pattern for agriculture that will express what we should do in 1947 and 1948 in order that we will be ready for 1949 and 1950; and that the pattern that we adjust to by 1950 will be a pattern which will take reasonable care of our day."

Ex-King Humberto's Daughter Is Married Cairo, Egypt, April 19 (AP)—Countess Vittoria Calvi, 19-year-old granddaughter of former King Victor Emmanuel of Italy, was married today to Count Guariente de Brenzone of Verona.

Former King Humberto, her father, attended the ceremony with many other members of the Italian and other royal houses. Another deposed monarch, 9-year-old Simeon of Bulgaria, was absent because of whooping cough.

Ship Blaze Quenched New York, April 19 (AP)—Fire broke out today in the number four hatch of the S. S. Honduras Victory at its Jersey City pier but was brought under control within an hour, the Coast Guard here reported. The 7607-ton vessel was listing sharply to port as the fire was brought under control.

Struggling free of wire bonds and a handkerchief gag, a downtown jeweler yesterday afternoon reported he lost \$100 to two cautious holdup men.

The victim, Lawrence B. Young, 54, of 1863 Newton st. n.w., telephoned a alarm from his newly acquired office space on the second floor of the Colorado Building, 14th and G sts. n.w.

While police investigated, hundreds of downtown shoppers gathered about the entrances of the building to watch the activities. The jeweler, a knotted handkerchief still encircling his neck, told police investigators of the careful planning that preceded the holdup.

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## Austin Tells Editors U. S. Needs Army

By Edward T. Folliard  
Post Reporter

Warren Austin, U. S. representative to the United Nations, told the American Society of Newspaper Editors yesterday that failure to maintain this country's military strength would be a "damaging" blow to world peace.

With an eye on Capitol Hill, where he formerly served as a Republican Senator from Vermont, Austin said that this Nation must strive for unanimous international agreements on the atomic bomb and armaments in general.

"In the meantime," he said, "we must maintain our own military strength. If we fail to do so we shall weaken our own influence and therefore diminish the chances of agreement."

"Few acts could be more damaging at this stage in history to the cause of collective security and of ultimate disarmament than ill-considered reductions in our budget for national defense or failure to establish a universal military training system."

### Eisenhower Speaks

Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower told the editors at another session that "democracy is entering its decade or quarter century of greatest test."

He said that the only way the United States could get absolute security would be to exist in a world where all other nations were its undoubted friends. The next best thing to that, he said, was to have as many friends as possible, and to stay strong.

N. E. (Nat) Howard, editor of the Cleveland News, was chosen as president of the American Society of Newspaper Editors. In the war years he helped Byron Price run the Office of Censorship.

Others elected were: Edwin D. Canham, editor of the Christian Science Monitor; first vice president, R. M. McKelway, editor of the Washington Star; second vice president, Dwight Young, editor in chief of the Dayton Journal-Herald; secretary, and Alexander F. Jones, managing editor of The Washington Post, treasurer.

## TRUMAN

From Page 1

These, he said, had "infused the entire economic structure" and were resulting now in "very sharply increased corporate profits."

He said he had carried out his resolve to balance the budget and provide for reduction of the public debt.

"A good start has been made on this objective," he said, "by bringing the debt down from its all-time peak of almost 280 billion dollars to the present level of 258 billion dollars."

"The soundness of our policies in managing the debt is evident from the fact that almost all the reduction to date has occurred in the holdings of Federal securities by banks. But the most important thing we can do in debt management today is to continue to reduce the debt as rapidly as possible."

In connection with his statement, Mr. Truman announced future inclusion in the daily Treasury statement of a new section to compare budget estimates with the actual condition of the Treasury.

## POLICY

From Page 1

when legislation prohibiting use of Treasury funds for paper work involved in postwar lend-lease transactions became effective. The State Department then collected from the recipient countries, including Russia, funds for paper work, but the Comptroller General ruled that Congress had intended to halt the shipments and the Government could not do the paper work no matter who paid for it.

Chances Appear Slim  
Any chance that Congress would appropriate funds for the purpose seemed slight when Senator Bridges (R., N. H.), chairman of the Appropriations Committee, said his committee would never grant authorization of funds.

Bridges told reporters he wouldn't even call a meeting of the committee to consider the matter.

The State Department, said Bridges, was "talking tough out of one corner of its mouth while advocating aid to Russia out of the other." He said the committee would "demand clarification of State Department policy" when it considers the 400-million-dollar appropriation to aid Greece and Turkey.

### Ethridge or Porter

In another part of the foreign policy field, Wilson Wyatt and Leon Henderson, of Americans for Democratic Action, yesterday in a joint statement urged Mark Ethridge or Paul Porter to head the commission to administer aid to Greece. Ethridge is publisher of the Louisville Courier-Journal and Porter is former OPA Administrator.

Wyatt and Henderson said the commission must be composed of "men whose genuine faith in democracy is plain and unassailable" in order to refute charges that present policy implies aid to any government, "however corrupt or reactionary," which opposes communism.

### McBreen Named Editor

Thomas J. McBreen of 1509 East-West hwy., Silver Spring, Md., has been appointed editor of American Engineering, official publication of the National Society of Professional Engineers. He formerly was director of public relations and education for the controlled materials plan of the WPB, and chief economist for the Senate Small Business Committee.

## Blasted Ships Sprayed Area With Steel

By Frank L. Dennis  
Post Reporter

Texas City, Tex., April 19.—In retrospect it is surprising that anyone in the area escaped death or injury in Wednesday's explosion. Shrapnel-like steel from two exploding ships showered an area a mile radius from the waterfront.

Walking miles, this reporter was impressed by the shotgun coverage of the area by fragments of steel, some large as manhole covers. It was possible to find such fragments on an average of every 30 yards.

One question that is already causing street corner arguments is that of liability. Whose fault was it? Was it anybody's fault?

If the fire on the French ship Grandcamp, which started it all, was due to carelessness, would the liability of the French line extend to the damage to houses caused by the explosion of gasoline tanks or the chemical company?

And most of those on the French ship who would have an opinion of the negligence or lack of it are dead.

Probably a dozen children were killed, and the reason for that was the crowded schools. Some children go to school only in the afternoons. Those free Wednesday morning hurried to the dock when they heard a ship was afire. Mute evidence of this were the bicycles scattered around the dock.

The efficient way in which the relief organizations moved into the Texas City situation was admirable. The Red Cross took over the bigger job of caring for the evacuated families, but the patient, unprejudiced Salvation Army folk were heart warming. They set up little sandwich-and-coffee counters here and there and many a person got enough sustenance from those places to keep going.

The scratching and low-voiced murmuring of chickens in the yards of ruined homes somehow gave a reassurance that life was going forward in Texas City today.

As is nearly always so it was those who could least afford it who suffered the most damage to their homes. The ordinary workmen, living nearest the refineries and the chemical plant, lost their homes and jobs. The business and professional men, whose homes were farther away, suffered only such damage as broken windows.

Texas can take it. The way the whole State moved in to help Texas City, with police coming from as far as Dallas, was in the best tradition of the State.

West Virginian  
Opens Gas War On Groundhogs

Charles Town, W. Va., April 19.—Farmer J. D. Yowell has opened gas warfare on groundhogs. Shooting the animals, he found, was too slow.

Now, whenever he spots a groundhog hole while driving over his farmlands, he jumps out of his car, attaches a flexible metal hose to the exhaust, sticks the other end through the groundhog's front door and turns over the motor.

He hasn't had a groundhog emerge yet.

## In the 'Badlands' of Northeast ...



THIS IS NO PLACE TO PLAY.—In a section of Northeast Washington, a healthy youngster imagines himself a Buffalo Bill or a Kit Carson and stages a game of "Cowboys and Indians" in an alley littered with trash. Here's a good place to start "Clean Up Week" in Washington and there are scores of others like it throughout the city.

## Illinois Flyer Derailed ...



CRACK-UP.—One car of the Illinois Central's streamliner, City of Miami, overturned when the seven-car train was derailed yesterday at Champaign, Ill. Two were reported dead and at least 21 injured.

## BLAST

From Page 1

ing in its own maintenance men and said communications would not be disrupted.

Later, Mrs. Gladys N. Sepic, Houston strike director for the telephone workers, said Texas City operators will handle all calls which the Red Cross defines as emergency. Mrs. Whitley could not be reached for comment.

The United States Coast Guard's investigation into the cause of the disaster may be moved from the Federal Court to the bedside of the injured survivors of the French steamer Grandcamp.

Rear Admiral Gordon T. Finlay of New Orleans, senior member of the Coast Guard, said arrangements were being made to hear the five or seven survivors in St. Mary's Hospital.

### Toll Just a Guess

How many more dead will be recovered from the ruined industrial area is a guess. Police Chief W. L. Ladish of Texas City said "at least 200 more bodies" were still in the ruins. This, added to the known dead as estimated by Wade, would place the total at 577.

Disaster relief officials estimated that 80 per cent of the business houses in Texas City reopened this morning. These included both banks, drug stores, meat markets, bakeries and prescription houses. It was reported that Houston food firms were rushing supplies of meat and groceries to Texas City.

Donations of food and clothing for disaster relief continued to arrive in large quantities. Homeless still were receiving free meals and clothing at 18 relief stations set up over town.

The first four funerals to be held since the disaster were conducted today, and more were planned.

The Red Cross had taken over a small hotel in downtown Texas City for headquarters. The Salvation Army is operating all over town with feeding stations.

Estimates Are Made  
Rebuilding has not started, but William C. Barnard, Associated Press reporter at the scene, said a tour of the city showed scores of buildings and contractors jostling down-fingers, talking to home and store owners, and apparently making estimates on costs.

R. R. Gilbert, president of the Federal Reserve Bank in Dallas, said today that wartime credit regulations affecting Texas City have been suspended in an effort to get reconstruction work started.

## WIRE

From Page 1

American Telephone and Telegraph System or Government ownership" on the grounds it was "incompetent and inefficient."

The agreement was reached early today after an eight-hour meeting of company officials and representatives of the CTU and two other AFL unions with Federal Conciliator Ronald W. Houghton. The smaller unions were the Telegraph Workers Union and the Telephone Employees Union, with a combined membership of 10,000.

Other points in the agreement, which is effective as of April 1, related to an improved sick benefit plan, allowing a maximum of 13 weeks' leave at full pay; revision of the company pension plan, and a maintenance of membership clause.

Haughton said the agreement guaranteed "peace in the industry for at least six months after April 1," at which time the wage clause would be subject to renegotiation.

The negotiations, which had been in progress at intervals since March 10, had been marked by union warnings of a strike because of the company's refusal to bargain in good faith.

On March 31 the CTU filed a 30-day strike notice.

In Washington a union official said yesterday that the CTU had prepared a brief to be filed with the Federal Communications Commission asking that either the Government or the American Telephone and Telegraph Co. take over and operate Western Union.

The agreement did not involve 7000 Western Union employees in the New York area who are represented by the American Communications Association (CIO).

Payne said the average hourly pay rate of Western Union employees, exclusive of messengers, currently is 94 cents. He said hourly wages ranged from 68 cents to \$1.35. The company said the average hourly rate is \$1.07.

## Public to Discuss Reassessments

Leesburg, Va., April 19.—A public meeting to discuss reassessment of real estate values in Loudoun County will be held in the Leesburg High School Auditorium Tuesday at 8 p. m.

Dr. John H. Russell, director of the Bureau of Research and Statistics of the State department of taxation, will attend. A panel discussion will be led by Leon Woolcott of Waterford. Supervisors I. W. Baker, J. T. Hirst and J. Homer Mock will serve on the panel. Others are H. C. Thompson, Hillsboro; B. E. Bassil Hall, Middleburg; and William Chamberlain, Waterford.

## ROB

From Page 1

duced a roll of antenna wire from his pocket, two handkerchiefs, and tied up and gagged the victim. The customer removed the \$100. The two left with a warning.

Young said it took but a minute or two to free himself from the wire about his wrists and feet.

Police took fingerprints from an office safe dial which Young told them the bandits tried unsuccessfully to open. The jeweler told a police he had bought the location from another watch repairman only two weeks ago.

Mikesell Tells Of International Trade Group Aims

Philadelphia, April 19.—Raymond F. Mikesell, associate professor of economics at the University of Virginia, told the 51st annual meeting of the American Academy of Political and Social Science here today that the purpose of the International Trade Organization was to substitute international negotiation and debate for economic warfare.

"Based on the economic and political systems of the United Nations as they exist today and are likely to exist for some time in the future," the ITO agreements "provide a set of standards for their members which will achieve the greatest possible benefits from trade ... and provide a mechanism for consultation on common problems of financial and commercial policy," he declared.

Meanwhile, Navy Secretary Forrestal, a hard-boiled businessman, is following a course which he believes will lead to economy and efficiency. He is promoting civilians to the top ranks of Navy management. And Forrestal has no axes to grind.

The Royal program calls for a cut in the civilian staff from 425,000 fulltime employees in this country as of March 1, to 376,000 as of July 1, a reduction of 47,000. An over-all civilian cut is not unexpected. However, many of the fired civilians are to be replaced by more costly military people. The economy there won't be what it's cracked up to be.

Shooting  
From Page 1

On May 2, Beckwith, attached to the First Precinct, Washington police, is free on \$500 bond.

In announcing the suspension, Thomas explained that it is customary to take such a measure when a police officer is charged with an offense by another jurisdiction. He explained that if Beckwith is cleared by Prince Georges authorities, he will be returned to the local force with no loss in pay.

Could Veterans Reign 63 Years With Stomach Ulcer Pains?

England's beloved Queen could hardly have reigned so wisely for 63 years and remained so hale and hearty had she suffered stomach ulcer pains. Don't ignore your sufferings. Try Udo's for relief of ulcer and stomach pains, indigestion, gas pains, heartburn, burning sensation, bloating and constipation. Udo's is a natural acid. Get a 25c box of Udo's Tablets from your druggist. First dose must come or return box to us and get DOUBLE YOUR MONEY BACK.

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## DIARY

From Page 1

tent Government research at the present salary rates." He underlined the importance of science, as have most other military officials, to the Nation's defense and welfare. But since that time the cost of living has shot up about 16 per cent while wages have gone up 14 per cent in all brackets except the very top. The very top was hardly touched. In other words, these people are worse off than they were a year ago.

Moreover, the Army joined with the Navy in working up a plan to raise the salary ceiling for top-drawer research directors from \$10,000 to \$15,000.

Then Royall took over. Now the tables have been turned. The Undersecretary put through an order which will force the department to fire or downgrade the bulk of the civilians in the middle and upper brackets. And Royall threatened to take "arbitrary" action to fire and downgrade if any bureau balked. The bureau recommendations were to have been in by April 15. The Royall program is to become effective on July 1.

Commenting on the Royall program, a top official said:

"The mere possibility that the program may go through is about to lose irreplaceable people for us. I had a report yesterday on one key defense laboratory where 90 per cent of the top scientific staff is threatening to leave. It's the same story everywhere."

The official went on to say that "it weakens us at a time when we're talking so tough abroad."

He added that, even though the Royall program doesn't go through, the top people will have a basic feeling of insecurity and little confidence in what they are told by War officials.

Another official admitted: "We're turning the clock back; we have failed to learn a costly lesson in administration that we should have been taught by World War II."

He referred to the old system whereby officers rotated in top administrative jobs irrespective of their background and training. A conscientious effort was made to place able civilians in these jobs during the war. This, for a time, was the department's policy. The Royall plan provides for the firing or demotion of these civilians. They will be replaced, in many cases, by Army officers. In other words, a complete reversal of policy.

The operating officials have emphasized that they have no objection whatever to careful management studies that would eliminate deadwood or any useless activities. Also, they fully expect to make cuts, but not, they hope, by the Royall method.

What inspired the Undersecretary to go after civilians? It is a question he goes back to his service here as a lieutenant colonel in the Finance Office during early days of World War II. At that time, Royall worked with a civilian who was classified CAF-II. By the war's end the civilian was up to CAF-15 and a \$10,000 salary. As Undersecretary, Royall is paid \$10,000.

He has told friends that it's "scandalous" for this employee to be paid as much as he is. So he proposes to take it out on all the civilians in the middle and top brackets.

Moreover, there's speculation that Royall is ambitious politically. He's said to want to be governor of his native State of North Carolina. It's possible that he hopes to make political capital by giving unpopular Federal workers a kicking around. He's reliably reported to have urged advice on how his plan would be received by Congress. Reportedly, he was told that in its economy frame of mind his plan would be welcomed.

However, it was pointed out that the demotions could not be defended on any pretense of economy. Here's why: The Civil Service grades overlap. Demotions of a grade are made repeatedly at no loss in salary to the employee. A loss of prestige only. Furthermore, it's altogether likely that many demoted employees will appeal to Civil Service. The time, effort, and loss of morale will be an expensive item.

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## STEEL

From Page 1

er confirming nor denying the report. That's the figure General Motors offered the CIO-United Auto Workers, who asked 23½. UAW President Walter Reuther's first reaction to the 15-cent offer was that it was "not satisfactory."

USW spokesmen explained the postponement of the executive board meeting by saying "there's nothing they can do today, they can't do tomorrow."

The board's function is to report on United States Steel negotiations and make recommendations to the action. Dow-Jones said this committee would accept the reported wage agreement when it meets Monday.

The steel union claims 850,000 workers under 1200 contracts in basic steel and steel fabricating plants throughout the Nation.

United States Steel-union negotiations are independent of contract discussions in other segments of the steel industry but in other years agreements between the Nation's biggest basic steel producer and the union have set the pattern for all. Last year the 1946-cent hourly raise granted by United States Steel after a strike which became the union's first industry-wide walkout fixed the national wage pattern.

The prospects of settlements instead of strikes in the industry were considerably brightened by the Murray-Stephens talks, even if a settlement has not yet been reached.

The union's policy committee accepted any other made, vote to further extend the present contract beyond the April 30 deadline while negotiations continue, or reject whatever plan is offered and order a strike of some 170,000 United States Steel production workers.

What To Do For That Sluggish, Down-and-Out Feeling

Remember the time when you could call like a horse, bubbled-over with energy, felt happy as a lark? Was it not because you liked to eat—knew what you were eating—was fit strong as an ox? As you advance the "old stomach and the new blood" you can again release vibrant energy, to every muscle, fibre, cell.

Every healthy human body must keep up a steady flow of blood to every part of the body. Blood is the life-giving force. It carries oxygen and nutrients to every cell, and carries away waste products. If the blood is sluggish, the body will feel sluggish, down-and-out, and will have little cause to get hungry.

Don't wait! Energize your body with rich, red-blooded blood. Eat the food that gives you the most energy. Eat the food that gives you the most strength. Eat the food that gives you the most vitality. Eat the food that gives you the most health. Eat the food that gives you the most life.

At 888 Tonic helps you enjoy the food you eat by increasing the gastric juices. It also helps you enjoy the food you eat by increasing the gastric juices. It also helps you enjoy the food you eat by increasing the gastric juices.

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## Virginia News

### State's Chief Medical Examiner Names 14 New Coroners for Post Mortem Board

Richmond, Va., April 19 (AP)—Dr. Herbert S. Breyfogle, State chief medical examiner, announced appointment of 14 new coroners to serve under the Virginia Commission on Post-mortem Examinations. They include:

Dr. Joseph L. Decormis and Dr. R. J. White, of Accomac, for Accomac County; Dr. E. C. Jamison and Dr. F. B. Wolfe, of Rocky Mount, for Franklin County; Dr. T. A. Gibson, Dr. George Smith, Dr. E. W. Lacy and Dr. Mortensen, of Winchester, to serve jointly as coroners of Winchester and Frederick County; Dr. B. T. Swecker, Blue Grass, to serve with Dr. C. B. Fox, Monterey, for Highland County; Dr. William P. Frazer, for Loudoun County; Dr. W. S. Lloyd, previously appointed to Goodland County, to serve Powhatan County in addition; Dr. Harold E. Sisson and Dr. Paul C. Pearson, both of Warsaw, to share duties with Dr. J. R. Hare for Richmond County, and Dr. Richard P. Ball, Jr., to serve with Dr. Charles F. Gaylord for the city of Staunton.

Dr. Breyfogle also announced that three counties, from which the commission had not heard previously, had informed him that coroners are serving there under appointments which have not yet expired. These are Princess Anne, with Dr. H. F. Dornier, Surry, with Dr. R. R. Knight, and Lancaster, with Dr. A. B. Gravatt, Jr., of Kilmarnock.

#### Byrd Visits Mother

Winchester, Va., April 19.—Rear Admiral Richard E. Byrd, chief of the Navy's Antarctic expedition, arrived here today to spend the weekend with his mother, Mrs. R. E. Byrd. Admiral Byrd was accompanied by his wife and four children, Lieut. R. E. Byrd, Jr., and the Misses Bellar, Katherine and Helen Byrd.

#### Women Pick Delegates

Manassas, Va., April 19.—Mrs. W. Sedrick Saunders, Mrs. R. Worth Peters and Mrs. L. J. Breeden will represent the Manassas Women's Club and the Junior Woman's Club of Manassas at the State Federation of Women's Clubs meetings in Roanoke tomorrow through Wednesday. Mrs. Peters will be the delegate from the Woman's Club and Mrs. Breeden and Mrs. Saunders will represent the Junior women's organization.

#### Blast Medal Identified

Charlottesville, Va., April 19 (AP).—The medal found on a body in the wreckage at Texas City, Tex., was awarded to Mrs. Elizabeth Lee Wheaton of Texas City in 1941 for her first novel, "Mr. George's Joint," a story of Negro life in her State.

The medal was the Thomas Jefferson Southern Award, carrying with it a prize of \$2500. It was given by the Virginia Quarterly Review of the University of Virginia and the E. P. Dutton Co.

#### School Overtime Set

Manassas, Va., April 19.—Prince William County school children have two more six-day weeks scheduled before schools close June 7. Special classes to make up for time lost during the winter snow storm will be held Saturday and again on May 21.

#### Osborn Picks Pair

Manassas, Va., April 19.—Betty Clements and Paul Williams, Jr., Osborn High School students, will be among 150 girls and boys participating in the thirty-second annual State literary and forensics meet of the Virginia High School League Friday and Saturday at Cheslottesville. Miss Clements took first place in the poetry reading division and Williams in the oratorical section of district contests held recently in Fredericksburg.

#### New Trial Asked

Baltimore, April 19 (AP)—Motions for a new trial for two seamen convicted of first-degree murder in a waterfront fire-bombing were on file today with the Baltimore Supreme Bench.

The men, Mary Vicks, 26, Philadelphia, and Kennon W. Langham, 23, Brewton, Ala., were convicted on a charge of tossing a homemade incendiary bomb into a rooming house. The ensuing fire caused the death of six Latin-American seamen.

Defense Counsel Eugene O'Dunne, who filed the motions for a new trial, asserted that Joseph Sherbo had acted illegally in communicating with the jury while the two defendants were not present.

#### Mary Hammer Is Queen

Waynesboro, Va., April 19.—Miss Mary Hammer will reign as queen of Waynesboro High School's May Day festival May 7. It was announced today following the student elections to choose the queen. Miss Frances Grissom will be maid of honor.

#### Dunnington for Treasurer

Fredericksburg, Va., April 19.—Harry P. Dunnington, banker, lumberman and real estate dealer, has announced his candidacy for treasurer of Caroline County. The incumbent, C. R. Dorsey, treasurer for 34 years, has said he will not seek reelection.

#### Church Centenary Due

Middleburg, Va., April 19.—The Middleburg Baptist Church will celebrate the 100th anniversary of its founding April 27. Speaker at the centenary will be the Rev. Ryland T. Dodge, minister of the Baptist Temple, Alexandria. Mr. Dodge's grandfather, the Rev. Henry W. Dodge, preached the sermon when the church was organized on April 27, 1847.

#### Mrs. Breeden Elected

Manassas, Va., April 19.—Mrs. L. J. Breeden has been elected president of the Junior Woman's Club of Manassas for the new

club year. Mrs. Paul Wilkins is vice president; Mrs. Leslie Bourne secretary, and Miss Nina Wade-Dalton treasurer.

#### Cross Wins Fellowship

Manassas, Va., April 19.—Roger Cross, Jr., a Navy veteran from Manassas, is one of 15 Virginia college students granted fellowships to the Institute of Technology at Boston. Each fellowship carries an award of \$1200 a year. Cross will be graduated next month from Randolph-Macon College.

#### Dr. R. A. Meade Honored

Dr. Richard A. Meade, assistant professor of secondary education and the teaching of English at the University of Virginia, was awarded the annual Phi Delta Kappa Fraternity distinguished service plaque by the Alpha Beta Chapter last night at a banquet in Charlottesville. Dr. Meade was the guest speaker at the banquet and discussed the topic, "Organization of High School Literature Courses."

#### License Deadline May 1

Manassas, Va., April 19.—Town residents have until May 1 to purchase motor vehicle licenses required by town ordinance. Licenses are on sale at the town hall.

#### Girl Scouts Reorganize

Fredericksburg, Va., April 19.—Inactive since the early days of the war, the Fredericksburg Girl Scout troop is being reorganized under the sponsorship of the Methodist Church. Mrs. Lester Redgrave will be troop leader.

#### Miss Vickers Elected

Waynesboro, Va., April 19.—Miss Peggy Vicks last night was elected president of the Waynesboro Business and Professional Women's Club. Other new officers are Mrs. R. A. Spraker, vice president; Miss Imogene Garrett, recording secretary; and Miss Caroline Carr, treasurer. The officers will be installed in May.

#### Farm Brings \$25,000

Luray, Va., April 19.—The 267-acre farm of the late Lester L. Beidler, between Luray and Stanley, was sold at public auction this week to Fred Keyser of Stanley for \$25,000.

#### Rotary Elects Freeland

Luray, Va., April 19.—E. D. Freeland, superintendent of Shenandoah National Park, yesterday was named president of Luray Rotary Club. Carroll Beach was named vice president, and Robert Morrison secretary and treasurer. New directors are Fred Ross, Leland Pittman, D. F. Alesha and Dr. J. Vincent Spitzer.

#### Scouts Honor J. W. Jones

Fredericksburg, Va., April 19.—Sixteen-year-old Julian Ward Jones, Jr., a James Monroe High School honor student, will be a delegate to the first postwar jamboree of Boy Scouts near Paris, France, in August. Young Jones, a member of the Salvation Army, is the son of Mrs. Dorothy Jones.

#### Navy Closing Hospital

The Navy is closing the Norfolk Naval Station Hospital on May 15. The closure was made by Representative Hardy (D., Va.), who explained the Navy decision on the action after considering all factors involved.

The decision is final. Action by the Navy Department was decided upon against the recommendation of Admiral W. L. Alenworth, commander of the Fifth Naval District, Hardy said.

#### Atom Studies Ending

Leesburg, Va., April 19.—The final public meeting in the atomic energy information program, sponsored by the Loudoun County Provisional League of Women Voters, will be held in the Leesburg High School auditorium at 8 p. m. Thursday. The speakers will be Dr. Charles A. Micaud and Dr. O. J. Hale, University of Virginia professors.

#### REA Grants \$458,000

The Rural Electrification Administration has granted a loan of \$458,000 for extension of electrical service to Prince William Electric Cooperative, Manassas, Va.

#### Firemen Select Parade Beauties

Winchester, Va., April 19.—City and county fire companies announced today their choice of pretty girls to represent them in the firemen's parade on May 1, an event of the Apple Blossom Festival.

The girls and their sponsors are Miss Chickie Brewster, Sarah Zane Fire Co.; Miss Connie Crisman, Roush Fire Department; Miss Thelma Carroll, South End Fire Department; Mrs. Homes Newsome, Friendship Fire Co.; Jiny Lou Miller, Lupton Fire Department; and Lucy Will Bragg, Clearbrook Fire Department.

#### Bank Fraud Trial On Weekend Rest

Richmond, Va., April 19 (AP).—The Fredericksburg bank fraud trial focused over the weekend and ended yesterday with summation for all but one of the nine defendants completed and after a day-long hearing in which counsel for three of the defendants took the prosecution to task for assailing the motives of the Governor of Virginia and Circuit Court judge who had appeared during the trial as character witnesses.

## Where King and Queen Will Meet



FAR BENEATH the earth in Endless Caverns, New Market, Va. Miss Jean Cartwright Lane, who will reign as Queen Shenandoah XX of the Apple Blossom Festival at Winchester, May 1 and 2, will receive her first official welcome to the Shenandoah Valley next Sunday. Miss Lane, the daughter of Governor and Mrs. William Preston Lane, will be greeted by a costumed Mountain King upon a stalagmite throne. He will welcome her to his "realm of glittering stalactites under miles of apple blossoms."

### Va. to Receive \$300,000 in WAA Supplies

Richmond, Va., April 19 (AP).—Virginia will receive an estimated \$300,000 in equipment and supplies in addition to the \$6,000,000 physical plant of Woodrow Wilson General Hospital, an inventory by representatives of the State and of the War Assets Administration indicated today.

W. K. Barnett, State supervisor of vocational education, finished a week of inventory meetings yesterday. The conferences were devoted to an item-by-item study of all movable property at abandoned Army hospital in Staunton, with a view toward deciding if it could be used for educational purposes.

The property, which will be conveyed to the State, includes everything from laundry tubs to pie pans, Barnett said. The Army hospital had its own laundry, its own bakery, dental clinics, physical therapy equipment, some automotive equipment, and large supplies of furniture, building maintenance materials, shop machinery and other items.

Wherever a piece of equipment could be used in the proposed regional vocational school, in the Augusta County High School, or in the State's Vocational Rehabilitation Center, representatives of the War Assets Administration recommended its transfer to the Commonwealth or to the county. Where an item obviously was unsuited for the purposes to which Virginia will put the hospital, the item was marked to be reserved by the Federal Government.

Barnett said a deed is nearly completed for conveying the land and buildings to the State. As soon as some additional paperwork can be finished, the State Department of Education will launch a minor remodeling program to convert its one-third share of the hospital property into a rehabilitation center. Barnett said he anticipates an enrollment of 300 trainees within the next two years, with an ultimate enrollment of 900.

The county high school is expected to be in operation this fall, with a probable enrollment of 900. The regional vocational school also should be ready for 300 students by mid-September.

### WAA Announces Office Furniture Sale Next Week

Baltimore, April 19 (AP).—The regional office of the War Assets Administration announced today it will put over a million dollars worth of surplus office furniture and machines, light and heavy industrial equipment, drug supplies and plumbing fixtures up for sale next week.

The sale is at the WAA's depot at the Glenn L. Martin Aircraft Plant No. 2 at nearby Middle River. L. B. Souder, Baltimore district director, said disposal of the property is being speeded up because the WAA must vacate the place by June 30 to make way for Holston Signal Depot.

Souder said veterans with priorities will have first shot at desks, tables and chairs going on sale Tuesday and pointed out there was no need to appear on the scene before the 9 a. m. registration.

### Funeral Rites Held For Mrs. J. H. Wallace

Fredericksburg, Va., April 19.—Funeral services were held here today for Mrs. Virginia Rogers Welford Wallace, 75, member of a prominent Virginia family, who died Thursday. She was the wife of the late John H. Wallace of Liberty Hall, Stafford County. She is survived by a sister, Mrs. Edith Bush of Shelburne Falls, Mass.

### Bridegroom Dies in Crash In Baltimore

Baltimore, April 19 (AP).—Reese Cassard, Jr., member of a prominent Baltimore family and a bridegroom only last Sunday, was killed about 4:45 a. m. today when his car swerved across a street and crashed into a trolley pole.

The 26-year-old Air Forces veteran had been managing a coal company office at Frederick, Md. Patrolmen Arthur Plummer and Joseph Rettigalla said their investigation indicated he was alone in the car and fell asleep. The vehicle's engine was telescoped into the body by the impact and Cassard was pinned behind the steering wheel.

At Union Memorial Hospital he was pronounced dead of a fractured skull, crushed chest and internal injuries.

Edwin C. M. Cassard of Baltimore said his brother came here from Frederick last night to attend a reunion of Battery D. of the 100th Field Artillery. The meeting broke up about 11:30 p. m.

Cassard was married last Sunday to Miss Eleanor Whittier Brown of suburban Ruxton, Md. He also is survived by his mother, Mrs. Reese Cassard of Baltimore.

The victim was a member of the Paint and Powder Club, of which his father was a founder, and was active in the Frederick Junior Chamber of Commerce. He was a graduate of St. James School at Hagerstown.

During the war he won a pilot's commission and was discharged about a year ago as a captain. Funeral services have been tentatively arranged for Monday with burial in Arlington National Cemetery.

### Brain Surgery Spares Pain in Cancer Cases

Baltimore, April 19 (AP).—Overwhelming pain and nervousness induced by impending death—characteristics which frequently accompany late stages of cancer—today were spared four patients of Johns Hopkins Hospital as the result of brain surgery.

The surgeons disclosed last night that the prefrontal lobotomies—the severing of the thalamus from the frontal lobes of the brain—were performed on the four sufferers within the past six months by Dr. Frank Otensnek, visiting surgeon at the hospital.

Dr. Otensnek said that before the operations the patients, who had developed drug addictions, "remained greatly disturbed by pain in spite of heavy doses of narcotics." After the surgery, the pain, nervousness and tension were relieved, he reported.

"The drug addiction also disappeared," he added. The surgeon said the operations had no bearing on the life expectancy of the patients. The operation "broke the cycle of pain" at the psychic—as opposed to the physiological—level, he explained, and while the actual "pain" remained, "what was altered was the fear of pain."

"After the operations, patients either said they were not suffering or that pain 'did not bother them,'" he reported. Dr. Otensnek said the ability of the operation to relieve intractable pain was noted first by Drs. Walter Freeman and James Watts of the George Washington University Hospital, Washington.

The two doctors, who introduced the prefrontal lobotomy to the United States, noted that two patients who had undergone the operation for other reasons failed to report pain when one developed acute appendicitis and the other ruptured peptic ulcer.

### Baltimore Set To Vie Against N. Y. Shipping

Baltimore, April 19 (AP).—The port of Baltimore is ready to do battle with New York for first place in handling the Nation's fast-expanding foreign trade.

Baltimore last year took care of 11 per cent of our imports and exports against New York's 17 per cent. Philadelphia ranked third and New Orleans fourth.

For two fresh months Baltimore actually displaced New York in export tonnage, thanks to a boost from Government coal and wheat shipments. In foreign trade dollar valuation, however, Baltimore was outstripped by both New York and New Orleans. Much of Baltimore's port tonnage comes from low-value bulk cargoes, such as ores, coal, grain and wood pulp.

"What we want," said G. H. Powder, export and import bureau director of the local Association of Commerce, "is more general cargo and package type freight."

### Freight Rates Lower

"Baltimore has freight rate advantages over competing Atlantic ports for the Middle West shippers, and probably the most efficient cargo handling and dispatch on the Eastern Seaboard."

The facilities are here. The job is to show the shipper it's to his advantage to use them.

Baltimore has opened a Chicago office, expanded its schedule of port tours for visiting foreign delegations, and published a handbook pointing out freight differentials and other items in 130 slick, well-illustrated pages.

The city has a port development commission although it can build facilities only if there is a customer to lease them over a period of years. The Association of Commerce does port promotional and service work.

"The quality of our steamship service," Powder claims, "is improving, but far too many of our ships still clear via New York, and the interior shippers are asking for more direct sailing routes from Chesapeake Bay."

### Top Grain Exporter

Baltimore is one of the world's largest grain exporting ports, with elevator storage capacity of over 12 million bushels. The port already has started to handle about one million tons of coal monthly, or more than one third of the Government's coal export program.

Almost all the port's marine terminals are operated by the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, the Pennsylvania and the Western Maryland. B. & O. piers, comprising the largest privately owned terminal in the world, have berthing space for 25 ships.

"New harbor navigation improvements, including a uniform 39-foot main channel, have been authorized," Powder stated, "and plans are under way for a large-scale project for the Chesapeake & Delaware Canal, shortcut to the Atlantic by one out of five ships coming into Baltimore."

### Clemmer Named By VPI Alumni

Waynesboro, Va., April 19.—Thomas F. Clemmer, of Middleburg, last night was elected president of the Shenandoah Valley Chapter of Virginia Polytechnic Institute alumni at a smoker in Staunton attended by VPI men from Augusta, Rockingham, Rockbridge and Albemarle counties.

Other officers are C. V. Smith, Harrisonburg; W. W. Patten, Waynesboro; C. W. Barger, Lexington; and R. F. Andrews, Albemarle, vice presidents for their respective counties; William Ray Shifflet, Jr., Staunton, secretary-treasurer; and E. F. Eldred, Jr., Staunton, assistant secretary-treasurer.

## Next Sunday To Be 'D-Day' For Maryland

Next Sunday, April 27, will be "D-Day" for Maryland, calling for Daylight Saving Time and an unorganized assault on synchronization of the Free State's clocks.

In absence of a State-wide plan clocks in Maryland's large cities were due to move ahead 1 hour while the rest of the State sticks to Standard Time. Not only will there be two time zones throughout the State, but clocks within some counties won't even agree.

Ready to push their clocks ahead are Baltimore City, Baltimore County, Anne Arundel County, Hagerstown, Cumberland, Frederick and Westminster. Baltimore and Anne Arundel are the only two to take county-wide action. This meant many small towns will stand fast come next Sunday while their countyseats go on fast time.

This was the situation in Allegany, Washington and Frederick counties. In Frederick, the confusion reached its height when the school boards decided to compromise the time problem by opening the city schools a half hour earlier than usual and county schools half an hour earlier.

Problem for Railroads

Thus, the city schools will open at 9:30 a. m. Daylight Time and the Frederick schools at 8:30 a. m. Standard Time.

The time differences posed a problem for industries and railroads as well as retail establishments. All the railroads serving Maryland planned time table adjustments, in some cases operating on both Standard and Daylight hours.

The Baltimore & Ohio will add trains to its Washington-Jersey City and Baltimore-Washington schedules. The Pennsylvania will operate all its Washington-New York and Baltimore-Philadelphia trains according to Daylight Time. The Western Maryland also was reading changes in its Baltimore-Hagerstown service.

### Some Industries Change

Some industries planned to push ahead clocks while others in the same city didn't. The indecision was due to the fact that some employees would be living on Standard Time while others would be sleeping according to "fast time."

Some sections still haven't faced the issue. Montgomery County, one of the counties authorized by the State Legislature to change, passed the question when opposition developed. Montgomery and Prince George's County residents are being influenced largely by the District of Columbia which will stick to Standard Time.

Caught in the middle was the Maryland housewife. In many instances, members of the family would be working and going to school by different clocks which ruled out regular meal times.

For train commuters between Baltimore and Washington it was possible that they could arrive in the Nation's Capital before they left—that is, by the clock. The train ride is less than the hour's time difference there will be in the two cities come next Sunday.

## Recount of All Md. Senator Votes Sought

A petition asking a recount of all votes cast in last year's Maryland senatorial election was on file with a Senate subcommittee.

Attorneys for D. John Markey, Frederick Republican, who was defeated for the county by Herbert R. O'Connor, former Free State Governor and a Democrat, filed the petition yesterday as the Senate group was engaged in canvassing ballots cast in Prince Georges, St. Marys, Anne Arundel, Howard and Cecil Counties.

The attorneys contended the partial recount had shaved about 1100 votes from the 2235 official margin by which O'Connor was declared to have won.

O'Connor's attorneys filed a petition last week requesting the subcommittee to complete the five-county recount before deciding whether a State-wide canvass should be undertaken.

The Maryland Democrat contended that if all the 6855 disputed ballots were counted finally as marked, his margin would be 36 greater than the official count.

Staff members of the Subcommittee on Elections, headed by Senator Hickenlooper (R., Iowa), said no decision would be made on the Markey petition until Hickenlooper, now out of the city, returns this week.

## Police Continue Search for Man In Anne Arundel

Annapolis, Md., April 19 (AP).—Anne Arundel County police continued today their search for Jeter Ottaway Coates, 40, a Baltimore barber who has been missing since last Saturday.

Coates, an employee of Prefabricated Inc., came to South Haven last week to give instruction in assembling prefabricated houses. County Police Sgt. Brooke Meade reported.

Meade said the truck in which Coates came from Baltimore was found near the building project Sunday morning. It contained Coates' shoes, vest and coat.

The police searched the woods, shore, river and creeks this week without success.

### Miss Emily E. Moore, Veteran Teacher, Dies

North East, Md., April 19 (AP).—Funeral services for Miss Emily Elizabeth Moore, 60, who died yesterday, will be held at her home here tomorrow afternoon.

Miss Moore, a teacher in Cecil County and Delaware schools for 43 years, was a member of the Pi Gamma Nu Washington Cathedral Association, the English Speaking Union and the American Historical Association.

## Maryland News

### Naval Academy Set for 4-Day Inspection By Visitors' Board Beginning Tomorrow

Annapolis, Md., April 19 (AP).—Rear Admiral James L. Holloway Jr., Naval Academy superintendent, announced today final touches had been made at the institution for the annual inspection by the Board of Visitors.

The academy, including its plant, instruction methods and the midshipmen's way of life, will be given a four-day going-over by civilian educators, businessmen and Congressmen.

Monday the board will meet at the officers mess, elect officers, appoint committees and arrange for its inspection program. They will lunch there and in the afternoon begin their inspection. That evening they will be received at the superintendent's quarters and take dinner with the midshipmen's brigade. This will be followed by a board session.

Committee work will begin in earnest on Tuesday morning. At noon the board will lunch on the carrier Kearsarge, which will be anchored in Annapolis Roads. Following an afternoon session, the board will dine at the North Severn officers mess.

Committee inspections will continue Wednesday and in the afternoon the board will witness a brigade parade at Worden Field. Men's athletic events are scheduled at the same time, two midshipmen—in baseball with Gettysburg and in tennis with William and Mary.

At 5 p. m. Wednesday there will be a demonstration by a flight exhibition team over Farragut Field. In the evening the board will dine with the midshipmen's brigade, attend a speaking class and meet in regular session afterward. The final business session will be held Thursday morning.

### Brookbank Appointed

Leonardtown, Md., April 19.—Thomas Brookbank has been named senior warden of the new vestry at Christ Episcopal Church. Addison Herbert is junior warden. Other vestrymen are James E. Davies, Albert E. Davis, S. Spriggs Reeves, Guy Herbert, Howard Redmond, William E. Hayden, Douglas Goode and Carroll Haley.

### Compromise on DST

Frederick, Md., April 19 (AP).—Compromise daylight saving time is scheduled for city and county schools April 28.

School Supt. Eugene W. Pruitt said schools will open at 8:30 a. m. standard time, half an hour earlier than at present.

This will be equivalent to 9:30 a. m. (EST) in the city of Frederick, which will be on daylight time while the county stays on standard time, he said.

### Business Property Sold

Frederick, Md., April 19.—One of the city's most valuable downtown business properties was sold yesterday by the heirs of the late A. C. McCordell to the Sherry Realty Corporation, Inc., Frederick. The sale, which has been pending for several months, involved \$100,000, Harry Sherry, Dickerson, Md., president of the corporation, announced. The street floor of the building is occupied by a chain store and the second and third floors are apartments. Present tenants will retain their leases, Sherry said.

### T. E. Cook to Leave

Frederick, Md., April 19 (AP).—Thomas E. Cook, twice an unsuccessful candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor of Maryland, announced he had sold his residence here and was moving to Nashville, Tenn.

### Car Falls on Man's Face

Frederick, Md., April 19.—Charles W. (Jack) Harris, Buckeystown garage proprietor, was injured last night when an automobile in which he was working fell, pinning his head to the floor.

Spectators said a chain holding the car's bumper slipped and the springs on the machine struck the garageman across the face. He was treated at the Frederick City Hospital for a broken nose, lacerated face and scalp injuries.

### Labor Bills Protested

Baltimore, April 19 (AP).—More than 5000 CIO shipbuilding workers at the Bethlehem Steel Co. were on record today against the Hartley and Taft labor bills now pending in Congress.

In a two-hour work stoppage yesterday afternoon, the employees held a protest meeting across the street from the shipyard.

The bills would take away "all of our rights as labor unions," local President Ray J. Sesse told members of the Industrial Union of Marine and Shipbuilding Workers.

### Worthington Heads P-TA

Leonardtown, Md., April 19.—Harwood Worthington has been elected president of the Margaret Brent Parent-Teachers Association. Other officers are Dale Cropper, vice president; Miss Catherine A. Waring, secretary, and Mrs. Sprigg Reeves, treasurer.

### Cool Prices Lowered

Baltimore, April 19 (AP).—Local fuel dealers generally dropped their retail prices on anthracite coal 60 to 75 cents a ton today.

R. Benson Phelps, spokesman for retailers, said the cut represented seasonal reductions usually imposed to stimulate summer buying. Mining companies earlier this week announced wholesale price reductions at the mines ranging from 20 to 45 cents.

### Child, 6, Raped, Slain

Baltimore, April 19 (AP).—The bruised and lacerated body of a six-year-old Negro girl was found in an alley in back of her home early today after neighbors searched several hours.

Detective Captain Henry J. Washington Hospital.

Kris reported a preliminary examination indicated she had been raped.

Members of the family told police that the girl, Cora M. Robinson, left her home about 3 p. m. yesterday wearing black galoshes and carrying a box of paper dolls. The galoshes and paper dolls were missing when her body was found.



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| SUNNY LAWN<br>1 LB.           | 20c  |
| SUNNY LAWN<br>5 LBS.          | 59c  |
| SHADY SPOT<br>1 LB.           | 2.39 |
| SHADY SPOT<br>5 LBS.          | 69c  |
| KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS<br>1 LB.  | 1.98 |
| FANCY WHITE CLOVER<br>1/2 LB. | 1.19 |
|                               | 79c  |

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| Cow Manure            | 20c & 40c |
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## Spring Is Time To Remedy Tree Damage

ARRIVAL of balmy spring days heralds the ideal time to inspect trees for winter storm damage, inaugurate a cleanup and repair program and take measures to prevent damage by subsequent storms.

Most damage to deciduous trees comes from winter ice and sleet, while heavy snows frequently cause serious harm to evergreens. Repair of storm-damaged trees falls into three categories. These are:

1. Cabling and bracing of split forks to prevent further damage.
2. Cutting back the stumps of broken limbs.
3. Contour pruning, or reshaping, to restore the appearance and beauty of trees that lost branches during the winter months.

Seriously weakened or split forks or crotches frequently result from the ravages of winter weather. Trees with structural weaknesses usually can be strengthened to resist any winds or stresses that a normally strong tree can withstand.

Install Cables High in Tree

In the case of weakened or split forks, cables should be installed between the branches high in the tops. These will permit the top to bend and weave much as it normally would, but since the cables prevent the branches from spreading, the strain on the forks below is removed and further spreading is prevented.

Occasionally the trunks rising from the fork should be joined with parallel rods just above the crotch to hold the limbs and to overcome any tendency of the fork to split. This procedure should always be followed in treating a fork that has already split. Cabling and bracing of trees so weakened during the winter should never be deferred until fall.

During summer, the weight of towering branches is increased by many thousands of moist, green leaves which act as a huge, wide spreading sail to catch the gentle breezes and the blasts of screaming storms. This commonly causes the forks of neglected trees to split completely apart during normally mild summer weather.

Limb Breakage Serious

Limb breakage is another factor warranting the closest attention of the tree owner. If not properly attended limb breakage invariably presages insect attacks, the advent of disease, and can very readily spell the beginning of the end for even the healthiest specimen.

The wood of stubs left by broken limbs begins to decay after the damage occurs. Dead wood and diseases are practically synonymous. Dead wood also is an open invitation to insects—borers in particular—to attack. It is an invitation the insects will not in any case overlook.

Pruning is the answer to the broken limb problem. The stubs remaining after branches break must be properly pruned. Under no circumstances should branches be stubbed off and left in that condition. Always be sure the angle of the surface of the cut follows the natural sap-flow.

In pruning branches back to the main trunk, make the final cut flush with the trunk. If the problem is to cut away one branch of a sharp fork, merely assume that the half remaining is the main trunk. Make the cut parallel to the natural sap flow in the remaining branch.

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Blood-tested Chicks, Red-K. Rocks, Buff, Leghorns, Rocks, Cuckoos, \$4.95 per 100. Minoras, \$2.50 per 100. Leghorn Cuckoos, \$1.50 per 100. Ship C.O.D. LONDON POULTRY, Box 134, Trenton, N. J.

Quality Chicks, U. S. approved Poultryman, controlled under the N. P. P. Barred Rocks, New Hampshire, Creams or Leghorns (Up-saddle), \$5.50 per 100. Heavy Breeds, for Breeding, \$6.95 per 100. Leghorn Pullets, \$12.75 per 100. Light and Heavy Breeds, for Breeding, \$4.95 per 100. Large Sirrah Leghorn Cuckoos, \$2.50 per 100—\$15.00 per 100. Live Delivery Guaranteed. C. M. Poultry, 16 N. 9th St., Phila. 7, Pa.

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## LET'S TALK ABOUT GARDENS

And Thrive Anywhere

### Vitamin-Rich Greens Require Little Ground

By James H. Beattie

FRESH garden greens are easy to raise, are rich in vitamins and require little garden space. They should rank high in the list of vegetables for most gardens.

Several are early season plants and should be among the first things seeded. All of the more common greens are started directly from seed. There is no necessity for starting plants indoors. They require a small quantity of inexpensive seed.

Spinach, kale, mustard, Swiss chard, New Zealand spinach and Tansy are important greens. The unfamiliar ones may well justify better acquaintance.

Spinach is the most important American green. It will grow on almost any type of well-drained, fertile soil where sufficient moisture is available.

An abundance of organic matter in the soil is desirable. Garden compost fortified with a commercial garden fertilizer and well mixed with the soil usually creates excellent conditions.

Spinach is very sensitive to acid soil; if any doubt exists regarding the need of the soil for lime, it may be wise to apply a few pounds of ground dolomite limestone to the portion of the garden devoted to spinach irrespective of the treatment given the remainder of the area.

Cool Weather Crop SPINACH must be sown very early, from March 1 to about the middle of April. This year, on account of the late season somewhat later sowings may result satisfactorily.

Fall culture is also quite successful. Sowing in autumn should take place during early September. Varieties: For Spring culture use Long Standing Bloomsdale and Nobel. For fall sowing use Virginia Savoy and Old Dominion.

Sow in rows about 12 inches apart with the seeds an inch or two apart, and a cover about a half inch deep, less on very heavy land. After the plants are up, thin to three to four inches apart in the rows. Fifty to 70 feet will usually yield a generous family supply of spinach.

Growing Kale KALE is hardy and will live overwinter in most Washington gardens. Early growth from the overwinter crop is usually of good quality, but kale is at its best when young and tender. Very early spring planting is desired. It pays to plant frequently and not depend on plants which may be lacking in tenderness. Kale may be sown from about March 20 to the middle of April and again for the fall crop about August 1 to 15.

Dwarf Green Curled Scotch and Dwarf Blue Curled Scotch are leading sorts.

The seed should be treated with Arsan, Spergon or some other suitable fungicide. Cuproicide should not be used.

Kale is usually sowed in rows 20 to 24 inches apart. One seed per inch of row with later thinning to several inches apart allows room for satisfactory development about 50 days from the date of germination is required to produce a satisfactory yield.

Mustard Greens MUSTARD is a cool season green that will not withstand hot weather. Young tender leaves have a piquant flavor and are extensively used as a boiled green. Mustard is easily grown on almost any fertile garden soil.

The earliest planting should take place about March 20 and succession sowings may be made at 10-day intervals until the first of May and again in late summer and fall from August 15 to September 15.

Only a few feet of row is



For quality Swiss chard, keep leaves under 10 inches tall

needed for each planting. Sow in row 15 to 20 inches apart, about one seed per inch and thin to a spacing of 5 or 6 inches, or place several seeds together in hills about 5 inches apart and thin the plants to one in each hill.

Varieties—Fordhook Fancy and Southern Giant Curled are leading sorts.

Swiss Chard SWISS chard is usually known as chard, a leafy form of the garden beet. The plant is very easy to grow on fertile, non-acid soil and resists heat, yielding a supply of greens when spinach, mustard and most other greens are unavailable.

Because of its vigorous growth, a short row will supply an abundance of greens for the average family. Chard plants grow vigorously and should not be crowded. The seeds are in clusters and should be spaced an inch or an inch and a half apart, finally thinning single plants to about three inches apart in the rows.

Chard is usually planted from April first to June fifteenth. The outer leaves are removed from each plant when they reach suitable size and the plant will continue to yield for many weeks.

Varieties—Fordhook Giant and Lucullus.

New Zealand Spinach THIS vegetable is a distinctly warm-weather plant adapted only to late spring and summer culture. It grows to a large size, as much as two feet in diameter. The tips of the branches are cut and used in the same manner as spinach.

Seeds should not be planted until late spring, after the soil has become quite warm. Even then it pays to soak the seeds a few hours in lukewarm water. The rows are usually spaced about 30 inches apart and the plants finally thinned to about a foot apart in the rows.

Harvesting should begin when plants are about a foot high. The tender tips of the branches may be removed from time to time and new growth will arise along the branches. New Zealand spinach should be more widely grown.

Tampala TAMPALA is a horticultural variety of Amaranthus, used in China and India for centuries. Within recent years the plant has been grown to a limited extent in American home gardens.

Tampala thrives under warm weather conditions and does well

when the temperature is too high for spinach and kale. The culture of the plant is simple.

Seed should not be sown until the ground has become warm and succession sowings may be made at two-week intervals during the summer. Spacing and other cultural requirements are similar to those of New Zealand spinach. Not all persons like the flavor of Tampala and it should be grown in a small way at first, enlarging the

later plantings if the green meets with family approval.

Greens are easily grown and require very little garden space. Why not try some of the ones which have not been included in your list of garden vegetables? Perhaps one of the little known sorts may prove to be a desirable addition to your garden list. It is worth trying.

GARDENS

Refinishing An Exact Job

When refinishing glossy or enameled surfaces, rub with steel wool or very fine sandpaper to dull the old finish to provide a "tooth" for the new finish.

If the old finish is scratched or chipped, it should be removed with paint and varnish remover, obtainable from paint dealers, and the residue cleaned off with turpentine or benzene.

The surface should then be rinsed with clean water and allowed to dry thoroughly before refinishing. If enamel is to be used, at least two coats should be applied, the first being a flat undercoat, and the second a gloss or semi-gloss, or an "eggshell" finish, as preferred.

Plague of Mice Szecein, Poland (P).—Farmers in this district lost as much as 80 per cent of their crops in 1946 due to a plague of field mice. They're fighting a possible recurrence of that by using 400 tons of poisoned corn to kill off mice.

GARDENS

LANDSCAPING AND LAWNS COMPLETE LINE OF NURSERY STOCK—OLD ENGLISH BOXWOOD

J. A. Cook SH. 1380

FRUIT TREES, STRAWBERRY, RASPBERRY AND BLUEBERRY PLANTS HOME PEACH ORCHARD 10 thirty well-rooted trees all sent postpaid \$5.00

Best seedling and growing variety. Produces from your own peaches for 8 weeks. Order direct and send for our FREE 32-page complete catalog.

BOUNTIFUL RIDGE NURSERIES Box A 437 Potomac, Anne, Md.

5 Strong 2-3 Yr. olds EVER-BLOOMING ROSES 2.95

10 for \$4.95—25 for \$10.00 Will Bloom Few Weeks After Planting

GOLDEN OPHELIA, clear lemon yellow; LAFAYETTE, salmon flesh & gold; POINSETTIA, scarlet; BILLYCLIFF, pink; YALISMAN, copper gold & apricot. Shipped at your planting time

FREE CATALOG—Also Seeds for every purpose. Perennials, Flowering Shrubs, Trees, Bulbs.

REYNOLDS FARMS R. F. D. 7 South Newark, Conn. Renowned Treatment Guaranteed

### Cutting Grass is Easier with a

### MICHIGAN Noiseless LAWN MOWER

You've never seen anything like the new Michigan Noiseless Lawn Mower. It introduces entirely new principles of construction, operation and adjustment—embodies every feature you've ever wanted.



\$29.95

Also see the new TRIMALAWN Power Mower

C. F. Armiger, Inc.

923 Pershing Drive SHEPHERD 6767 SILVER SPRING, MD.

"Everything for the Lawn and Garden"

### Expert Will Talk On Iris Culture

"Culture of the Iris" will be discussed tomorrow night at 8 o'clock by Dr. Howard R. Watkins, national secretary of the American Iris Society, at the Silver Spring Garden Club's monthly meeting in Jessup Blair Community House.

Dr. Watkins will explain the latest methods for controlling the Iris borer and root rot.

Specimens and arrangements of narcissus and spring flowering shrubs brought to the meeting will be judged. Prizes will be awarded. Mrs. Peter Koka, meet chairman, will report on the spring plant sale to be held May 3 in Jessup Blair Community House.

Addition Approved

Permission to build a one-story addition to a display room at 6500 Georgia ave. nw. has been granted Tire Distributing Co. Estimated construction cost was said to be \$8000.

GARDENS

FRUIT TREES and ORNAMENTALS Offered by Virginia's Largest Growers Write for Free Copy Our New Planting Guide listing more than 100 Varieties of Choice Fruit, Plant and Ornamental

WATKINS NURSERIES

FRUIT TREES, STRAWBERRY, RASPBERRY AND BLUEBERRY PLANTS 1-2 yr. better plants... \$4.95 3-4 yr. larger plants... \$5.00 all sent postpaid

Correctly called "The Artisanal" of Bush Berries. We are one of America's largest growers and distributors of blueberry plants. Order direct and send for our FREE 32-page complete catalog.

BOUNTIFUL RIDGE NURSERIES Box A 437 Potomac, Anne, Md.

FERTILIZE — NOW Use

SACCO

THE MODERN ALL - PURPOSE PLANT FOOD—FOR LAWNS—FLOWERS—SHRUBS—TREES AND VEGETABLES

5 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. 70c; 25 lbs. \$1.40; 50 lbs. \$2.40; 100 lbs. \$3.75

F. W. BOLGIANO & CO. SEEDSMEN 411 N. Y. Ave. N. E. 607 E. St. N. W. Franklin 4800 National 9091

Flowering SHRUBS

Delivery on 3 or more 89c ea.

6 for \$4.95. Roots are packed in sphagnum moss. Choose from Forsythia, snowball, lilac, butterfly bush, mock orange, pussy willow, snowberry and others to give your garden beauty.

HECHINGER CO.

Low-Growing EVERGREENS

Canadian Hemlock Majestic in appearance with beautiful lacy foliage. Best specimen ever. 15 to 18 inch spread. \$5.95

Douglas Fir Shapely, pyramidal tree, fast becoming one of the most popular evergreens. 5 to 6 ft. \$7.95

Spreading Yew Has slender horizontal branches. 15 to 18 inch spread. \$4.95

Also arborescent, columnar juniper, cypress, spruce and cotsune yew, each packed with a ball of earth.

HECHINGER CO.

Flowering CRAB TREES \$2.50

Exceedingly graceful, colorful and fragrant. Packed in sphagnum moss. 4 to 5 foot.

HECHINGER CO.

4 GARDEN STORES 19th and H Sts. N.E. 5925 Georgia Ave. N.W. 1905 Nichols Ave. S.E. Falls Church, Va.

There's plenty of parking space

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### SAVE THE NEW ROEBLING Rotary

WORK... POWER MOWER Built on an entirely new principle to save time and work... Cuts to within 5/32" of walls, trees, shrubbery, posts, stones; no after trimming necessary.

CUTS, TRIMS 1/2 ACRE PER HOUR

High-speed blades cleanly clip all grasses or underbrush, regardless of height or thickness—up to machine's full 30" width, 4 acres per day with ease.

The ideal machine for large apartment development, estates, clubs, schools, golf courses, cemeteries, gardeners.

For Demonstration-Information, Phone 34-7715 Thompson Bros. & Co., Inc. 1401 14th St. N.E. Falls Church 1400-W Sunday: WI. 7887

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Little Miss Gardener Says: Gardening is an outdoor sport at home where the whole family stays and plays together.

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Nursery Hours: Daily and Sunday, 9 to 5

NURSERY at 9400 Jones Mill Road, N. Chevy Chase, Md. Telephone Wisconsin 1434

GROWING AND SELLING

Perennials Pansies Garden Tools Rosebushes Vines Fertilizers Azaleas Ground Covers Grass Seed Annuals Clematis Spring Bulbs

NURSERY at Norbeck, Md., on Georgia Ave. Extended Telephone Pleasant 1313

GROWING AND SELLING

Evergreens Shrubs Dogwoods Shade Trees Hedge Plants Magnolias

Main Office and City Shops 1501 Conn. Ave., Dupont Circle Telephone DUpont 7000

Hours 8 to 6 Daily—Closed Sunday

Flower Shop • Gift Department • Garden Furniture • Garden Shop • Home Flower Market—Landscape Designing • A complete service: Plans, labor, plants and planting.

Washington's Oldest Florist—Nationally Known



**HARRISON WILLIAM GRIFFIN**, died April 17, 1947, at his home, 1410 14th St. N.W., Washington, D.C. He was 68 years old. Burial in the National Memorial Park Cemetery.

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## Request Refused To End Lease

Berkeley Springs, W. Va., April 19.—A request of the Victor Products Corp. for cancellation of its 10-year lease on a building used as a manufacturing plant has been turned down, Henry Gorrell, president of the Berkeley Springs Trust, announced yesterday.

The corporation gave lack of materials as its reason for wanting to give up use of the factory, Gorrell said. The building was constructed especially for Victor and has been in operation less than a year, according to Gorrell. Terms of the lease, he said, permit Victor to sublease.

## Police Hold Pair, Charge Neglect Of Two Children

Lancaster, Pa., April 19 (AP).—Guy Baser, 47, and his wife, Sarah, 50, were arrested today and held without bail in Lancaster County jail charged with neglect and failure to care for two small children left in their care.

The children, John Younkens, 2, and his sister, Esther, 3, were removed from the Baser home in near-by Sunnyside last Thursday. They are in Lancaster General Hospital suffering from malnutrition.

State Police Sgt. L. F. Owen said the Baser home was "too terrible to describe." Eleven dogs were in the house.

A warrant charging cruelty and neglect was also issued for the children's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Guy Baser, now living in Baltimore, Md.

**DIED**

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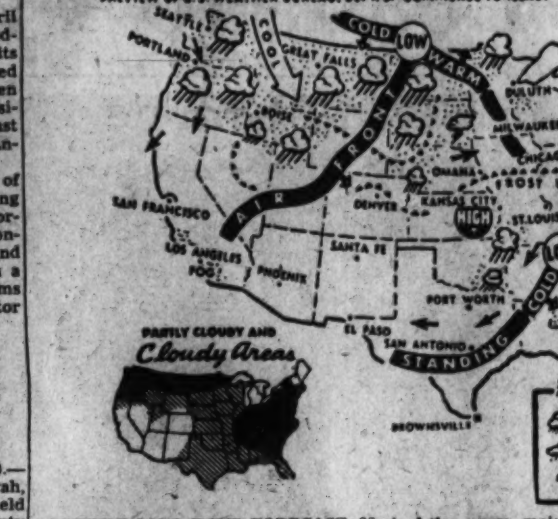
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## National Weather Summary



**PREVIEW OF U.S. WEATHER BUREAU, DEPT. OF COMMERCE FORECAST—PERIOD ENDING 7 P.M. EST. 4-20-47**

**Cloudy Areas**

**FOUR-FOUR HOUR FORECAST:** Most of the showers and thunderstorms predicted Sunday will occur over the Eastern third of the United States, in connection with low pressure storm center and frontal system which will locate in the Kentucky-Tennessee area by early morning. The Pacific Northwest and some Northern States along the Canadian border will also have rain or showers as pictured on the Forecast, but the remainder of the country can expect dry weather.

Skies will be mostly cloudy where rain showers are forecast in the East, North-central and Northwestern States, and partly cloudy elsewhere, except for the Southwest where clear, sunny conditions will prevail Sunday.

The scattered rain and thunder showers, through the Appalachians and Atlantic States from Georgia to New York will result as southerly winds carry

## Livestock and Produce

**Baltimore Livestock**

Baltimore, April 19 (AP).—CATTLE.—Compared with week ago, early trade slow but improved activity largely due to week-end; top good and choice steers weak in 20 cents lower; lower grades 25 to 30 cents off; butchers steady to 25 cents down; cows ranged early steady to 25 cents down; calves steady to 25 cents down.

**Chicago Livestock**

Chicago, April 19 (AP).—CATTLE.—Compared with week ago, early trade slow but improved activity largely due to week-end; top good and choice steers weak in 20 cents lower; lower grades 25 to 30 cents off; butchers steady to 25 cents down; calves steady to 25 cents down.

## Md. Tobacco Yield, Price Outlook Good

Maryland tobacco prices this year may top by far last year's average price of 57.1 cents a pound.

This was the view of two officials of the Maryland Tobacco Growers' Association yesterday.

Marketing begins Tuesday at Baltimore, La Plata, Hughesville and Waldorf warehouses and Wednesday at Upper Marlboro.

The United States Department of Agriculture office in Baltimore said little of the tobacco had reached warehouse floors as of yesterday. The department added many of the warehouses will be filled by sales time.

**Put at 40,500,000 Pounds**

The U. S. D. A. estimated the current crop at 40,500,000 pounds. The quality, it said, is "excellent." Last year's crop, the tobacco growers' association said, was 17,800,000 pounds.

In predicting higher prices, Joseph L. Gardiner, general manager of the growers' association, pointed to increased production costs to farmers and to the dwindled stocks of Maryland tobacco in hands of dealers and manufacturers.

The U. S. D. A. estimated these stocks as of January 1 at 32,382,000 pounds, the lowest since 1933.

The U. S. D. A. also predicted "an active demand for this year's offerings."

**May Average 70 Cents**

C. Carroll Lee of Annapolis, president of the growers' organization, speaking as an individual farmer, said this year's average price may be as high as 70 cents. This is only 6 cents, he said, below last year's top and 12.9 cents above last year's average.

Lee listed the "exceptionally high quality" of this year's crop, increased costs to farmers and the low dealer stocks as indicative of higher market prices.

Marketing is starting a month earlier than it did last year.

## Mason G. Ambler, Banker, Dies at 70

Martinsburg, W. Va., April 19.—Mason G. Ambler, 70, lineal descendant of James M. Ambler, ambassador to Great Britain from the Confederacy, died Wednesday in Parkersburg, W. Va.

| Station WEPN—Sunday                      | Station WINC—Sunday                      |
|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| 8:00 a. m.—A. P. News.                   | 7:30 a. m.—Village Church.               |
| 8:15 a. m.—Sunday Morning Melodies.      | 8:00 a. m.—Heavenly Gospel Singers.      |
| 8:30 a. m.—Cyril's Story.                | 8:15 a. m.—Salvation Army.               |
| 8:45 a. m.—Sacred Heart Program.         | 8:30 a. m.—National Vespers.             |
| 9:00 a. m.—A. P. News.                   | 9:00 a. m.—Coast to Coast on a Bus.      |
| 9:15 a. m.—Radio in the Mid.             | 9:15 a. m.—Radio in the Mid.             |
| 9:30 a. m.—For Listening Only.           | 9:30 a. m.—Southern States.              |
| 10:00 a. m.—A. P. News.                  | 10:00 a. m.—Southern States.             |
| 10:05 a. m.—Organ Recitals.              | 10:05 a. m.—Organ Recitals.              |
| 10:20 a. m.—It Happened During the Week. | 10:20 a. m.—It Happened During the Week. |
| 10:45 a. m.—Across the Footlights.       | 10:45 a. m.—Across the Footlights.       |
| 11:00 a. m.—Episcopal Church Service.    | 11:00 a. m.—Episcopal Church Service.    |
| 12:00 noon.—A. P. News.                  | 12:00 noon.—A. P. News.                  |
| 12:15 p. m.—Tune of the Week.            | 12:15 p. m.—Tune of the Week.            |
| 12:30 p. m.—Days and Nights.             | 12:30 p. m.—Days and Nights.             |
| 1:00 p. m.—The Poles Try.                | 1:00 p. m.—The Poles Try.                |
| 1:15 p. m.—Book Review.                  | 1:15 p. m.—Book Review.                  |
| 1:30 p. m.—The Poles Try.                | 1:30 p. m.—The Poles Try.                |
| 1:45 p. m.—Leaders of Tomorrow.          | 1:45 p. m.—Leaders of Tomorrow.          |
| 2:00 p. m.—Symphony Hour.                | 2:00 p. m.—Symphony Hour.                |
| 2:15 p. m.—Your American Music.          | 2:15 p. m.—Your American Music.          |
| 2:30 p. m.—Roadside Chapel.              | 2:30 p. m.—Roadside Chapel.              |
| 2:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 2:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 3:00 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 3:00 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 3:15 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 3:15 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 3:30 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 3:30 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 3:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 3:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 4:00 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 4:00 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 4:15 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 4:15 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 4:30 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 4:30 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 4:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 4:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 5:00 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 5:00 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 5:15 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 5:15 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 5:30 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 5:30 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 5:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 5:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 6:00 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 6:00 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 6:15 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 6:15 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 6:30 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 6:30 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 6:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 6:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 7:00 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 7:00 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 7:15 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 7:15 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 7:30 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 7:30 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 7:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 7:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 8:00 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 8:00 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 8:15 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 8:15 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 8:30 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 8:30 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 8:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 8:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 9:00 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 9:00 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 9:15 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 9:15 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 9:30 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 9:30 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 9:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                   | 9:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                   |
| 10:00 p. m.—A. P. News.                  | 10:00 p. m.—A. P. News.                  |
| 10:15 p. m.—A. P. News.                  | 10:15 p. m.—A. P. News.                  |
| 10:30 p. m.—A. P. News.                  | 10:30 p. m.—A. P. News.                  |
| 10:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                  | 10:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                  |
| 11:00 p. m.—A. P. News.                  | 11:00 p. m.—A. P. News.                  |
| 11:15 p. m.—A. P. News.                  | 11:15 p. m.—A. P. News.                  |
| 11:30 p. m.—A. P. News.                  | 11:30 p. m.—A. P. News.                  |
| 11:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                  | 11:45 p. m.—A. P. News.                  |
| 12:00 a. m.—A. P. News.                  | 12:00 a. m.—A. P. News.                  |

## O'Sullivan Names 3 Vice Presidents

Winchester, Va., April 19.—Earl Bunting, president of the O'Sullivan Rubber Company, today announced names of three new vice presidents of the company.

The new executives are: A. C. Halvosa, secretary and treasurer, who has been with the company 19 years; W. S. Winterston, sales manager of the New York and New England division, 38 years with the firm; and R. H. Folger, manager of the Laing, Harrar and Chamberlain Division at Philadelphia for 21 years.

### SPOT-SALE AT Glenn L. Martin Plant No. 2 BENGIES, MD.

(Just Outside of Baltimore)

**SALES DATES**

Sale Hours 9:00 A.M. to 4:00 P.M. Daily except Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays

Federal Agencies.....April 21, 1947

Veterans.....April 22, 23

All Other Priorities.....April 24, 25

Commercial Buyers.....April 26, 27, 28, May 1

### Check This General List of Merchandise That Must Be Sold!

**ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT**—Switch Boxes, Control Panels, Motors, Bells, Bellifiers, Receivers, Cables, Transformers.

**STEAM EQUIPMENT**—Tanks, Pressure Equalizers, Gages, Pumps, Regulators, Indicators.

**INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES**—Hand Trucks, Chain Hoists, Conveyors, Hydraulic Hoists, Portable Lifts, Sheds, Electric Trucks, Drills, Air Drills, Air Riveters, Air Saws.

**MATERIALS HANDLING EQUIPMENT**—Hand Trucks, Chain Hoists, Conveyors, Hydraulic Hoists, Portable Lifts, Sheds, Electric Trucks, Drills, Air Drills, Air Riveters, Air Saws.

**METALS PROCESSING EQUIPMENT**—Deburring Machines, Rollers, Grinding Machines, Milling Machines, Drifts, Milling Machines, Buffing Machines, Boring Machines, Cut-off Machines.

**SPECIAL INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT**—Quench and Spray Tanks, Scales, Sizing Machines, Stamping and Strapping Machines, Exhaust and Ventilating Equipment.

**CHEMICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT**—Mixing Units, Air Separators, Spray Guns, Chemicals, (Includes) Deicer Fluid, Cone Tils, Phenol Impregnated Fibre Sheets.

**BEARINGS**—(Includes) Ball Bearings, Roller Bearings, Radial Bearings.

**CUTTING TOOLS**—Hack Saws and Blades, Grinding Wheels, Dies, Slitters, Surface, Planes, Forming Punches, Drill Attachments.

**MACHINE TOOLS**—Grinding Machines, Drill Presses, Turret Lathes, Milling Machines, Drifts, Milling Machines, Buffing Machines, Boring Machines, Cut-off Machines.

**METAL FORMING & CUTTING EQUIPMENT**—Pneumatic Riveters, Riveting Machines, Punching and Strapping Machines, Tube Bending, Power Presses, Drop Hammers.

**HOUSEWARE—FARM EQUIPMENT**—Kettles, Cooking Pans, Pails, Barrow, Ladders, Cord, Lacing, Cement, Vermorel.

**REFRIGERATION—SAFETY EQUIPMENT**—Refrigerators, Water Cool.

**METAL CUTTING & MEASURING EQUIPMENT**—Tensile Testers, Cable Tensile Testers, Precision Measuring Instruments, Rivet Sizers, Shearing Machine, Wire Measuring Machine.

**ALUMINUM EXTRUSIONS**—Taps, Working, Cradle, Bar, Down, Pen, Scales, Metal Plugs, Blocks, Tackles, Steel, Clip, Cable, Padlocks, Plugs, Tubing and Conduit.

**HAND TOOLS, PLUMBING & HEATING AND ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES**—Vise, Elements, Wrenches, Goops, Plug Thread, Steel, Cable, Tackles, Teller, Unit Heater, Gas Fired Stoves, Vacuum Cleaner, Fuse, Friction Ties, Fire Hooks, Spotlights.

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## This Morning

With Shirley Povich

THE LATE LOU GEHRIG unwittingly brought Eddie Pellagrini, Red Sox first baseman, into Fenway Park for the first time. Twelve years ago, Pellagrini received a Gehrig home run ball in the street beyond the left field wall and turned it in at the gate as a pass to the game. . . . Baseball Commissioner A. B. (Unhappy) Chandler put the blast on baseball writers the other day by saying "I've learned that you don't have to know anything to write. You just need a pencil, paper and the time" . . . and to be a baseball commissioner? . . . the rendezvous for turfmen in Arcadia, Calif., is the Derby, operated by Mrs. George Woolf, widow of the famed jockey. The place features murals depicting Woolf astride his most famous mounts, Seabiscuit, Challedon, Favot and Colchis. . . . when Mark Christman was sold to the Nats by the Browns, he collected \$500 moving expense money from the St. Louis Club under the terms of the new-type players' contract. . . . Owner Tom Yawkey of the Red Sox lost interest in double-decking Fenway Park when engineers told him that he could add only 12,000 seats at a cost of more than two million dollars. . . . Dan Parker's "The ABC of Horse Racing," to be published by Random House next week, is must reading for every better and the finest book on the subject to come to my notice. . . . A showdown between President Larry MacPhail of the Yankees and Baseball Commissioner Chandler is likely before another month, with Chandler the probable winner.

WHEN THE DODGERS opened the Braves field season on Friday, a delegation of Negro fans of Boston presented floral bouquets to Jackie Robinson and Branch Rickey, honoring the latter for being the first club owner to give a Negro a chance in the big leagues. . . . Toy racing cars only a foot long and weighing around 6 pounds have developed a speed of more than 120 miles an hour using methyl alcohol and castor oil as fuel. . . . Manager Bucky Harris of the Yankees could have been bored by the opening-game ceremonies at Griffith Stadium Friday. Mr. Truman was the fifth President before whom Harris has performed in opening games. . . . Because Sinclair gasoline sponsors the broadcasts of the Washington Club games, Arch McDonald's broadcasting contract with another gas company was terminated by the latter. A beer firm immediately engaged McDonald for another sports review over WTOP. . . . Joe Bakst, now rated No. 1 challenger of Joe Louis since knocking out Bruce Woodcock, the British heavy-weight, was getting his ears pounded off by the veteran Gus Dorazio when last seen in Washington two years ago. . . . Rogers Hornsby, hired by the Cleveland Indians to teach Outfielder Pat Seery how to hit, got quick results. In 104 times at bat last season, Seery hit 26 homers and batted .225. In only 95 times at bat in spring training, Seery blasted 10 homers and hit .318. . . . television, a huge success in depicting fights, football and basketball, leaves much to be desired in its attempt to capture the goings-on in a baseball park.

THE THOROUGHbred Racing Protective Bureau, manned by former FBI agents, is touting the lips of 40 race horses a day at the New York tracks to discourage ringer attempts. . . . the Nats have won only 3 of their last 12 opening games at Griffith Stadium. . . . Tom Ferrick of the Nats has started only six games in his three years in the American League and doesn't know why managers always talk him as a reliever pitcher. . . . The mystery pitcher, attributed to Phil Marchildon of the A's, is nothing new at all, according to Luman Harris of the Nats, his former teammate. "That thing Marchildon is throwing is just the best fork ball you ever saw, which he hadn't quite developed until this season" . . . The New York Giants offered the Yankees \$50,000 for Yogi Berra when he was playing with a Navy team at New London, Conn., during the war, and was known as a catcher, not an outfielder. "The Nats' defense for Ted Williams is exactly the same that Bucky Harris used to use for Babe Ruth and Joe Cronin used for Goose Goslin when the latter was with the Tigers" . . . "Too much rest," was Buck Newsom's excuse for his ineffectiveness against the Yankees in the Griffith Stadium opener. . . . The big soap ad sign in center field at Griffith Stadium was repainted before the opener when the hitters complained that its varied colors interfered with their sighting of pitches. . . . Fenway Park this season joined Briggs Stadium in Detroit as the only ad-less ball parks in the Major Leagues.

THE LATE Benny Leonard, in many a bout, was fighting to pay off a horse race bet his manager had lost earlier in the day. . . . When a ringsider once yelled to Leonard, "Hit him in the belly, Benny, he doesn't like it out there," the champion tied up his opponent and took him out to yell back "Do you know anybody who hits?" Just before Phil Rizzuto went to bat for the first time yesterday in Griffith Stadium, the secretary of the Yankees brought him the news that a second daughter had been born to Mrs. Rizzuto. . . . Pitcher Chic Piretti was virtually a member of the White House party at the Griffith Stadium opener. He was detailed to stand in front of the presidential box during the game to intercept any foul balls that might come in the direction of the Chief Executive. . . . In former years when President Wilson used to watch the game from the White House automobile park near the right-field foul line, Clark Griffith, a detailed catcher to stand on the running board as a precaution against foul drives. . . . The Yankees admired Alie Reynold's opening-game shutout of the Nats up to a certain point. "It was his worst performance of the spring," they said, pointing out that he was even more invincible in the South. . . . The Yankees have given Second Baseman Ray Mack permission to make a deal for himself, if he can, else he'll be dispatched to the minors.

## The Post Brings New Feature to the Kids

THE POST TODAY introduces another new feature, *Playing the Game*, for youngsters who love baseball. . . . A series of articles will be written by Shirley Povich, sports columnist and baseball writer, on inside baseball as told to him by members of Washington's big-league Nats. . . . These articles will be published in conjunction with the Walter Johnson memorial baseball school, which began yesterday and will continue through May 17 in the District. . . . Every youngster interested in playing the game well can learn a great deal about his favorite position by reading what the big leaguers have to say. . . . The first of these articles follows, and others will appear in The Post regularly.

By Mickey Vernon  
As Told to Shirley Povich

THERE HAVE BEEN SMALL men who have been stars at first base in the major leagues, but the taller first baseman is the better target. It's a position where size is not absolutely necessary, but it helps.

The trend has been to left-handed first basemen, but no right-handed boy should be discouraged on that account. The left-handed thrower has the advantage in throwing to second base, the right-hander is in better position as a rule to throw at the plate. The man with the mitt on his right hand can go farther toward second base for a pick-up, but the right-handed first baseman is in better position to cover the territory close to the bag where hits can go for extra bases.

Knowing when to stay on the bag while taking throws and when to get off it is the mark of an experienced first baseman. The man new to the position too often fails to concede that the runner will be safe, and stands on the bag while a throw goes wild. The good first baseman gets the ball even if he has to leave the bag, thus preventing an extra base and preventing a run if there is a man on second or third.

THE BOY WITH AMBITIONS to play first base should live around the bag. He has to learn to find it with his feet whenever must. In infield practice, it should be developed. Finding the bag can become a reflex action if it is practiced.

With no runner on first, the first baseman plays wide off the bag, of course, and deep according to the type of hitter. He plays on the bag to hold a runner on, until he's sure the pitcher is going to the plate with the pitch and then, of course, he gets off the bag. Knowing your pitcher's habits is important.

Don't let the pitcher cover first base on balls hit to you, if you can avoid it. Make all the putouts yourself, if you can, and get rid of the risk of throwing to the pitcher. If you have to throw, try to make it an underhand toss chest-high to the pitcher. That permits him to see both the ball and the base that he must step on. The same goes for throwing to all other bases. Give your infielders the ball chest-high.

The first baseman can be the key man on cut-off plays. Some teams expect him to be in a position to cut off throws from right and center field, other teams let their first baseman cut off throws from all fields. When you're in position for a cut-off, listen to your catcher. He'll yell if he wants you to let it go through.

# Ted's Homer Leads to 4-2 Bosox Win

## Dempsey, Evans Enter Celebrities' Tournament

By Bus Ham  
Post Reporter

Jack Dempsey and Charles "Chick" Evans, whose names made the sport page bannerlines 20 to 25 years ago, yesterday joined other notables in the National Celebrities tournament at the Columbia Golf and Country Club, May 17-18.

Dempsey, who admits that he can't hit a golf ball half as hard as he did his opponents in the old days, wired from Hollywood, Calif.:

"I'm a lousy golfer, but I'll be with you."

Evans, who ranks with Bobby Jones as one of America's greatest

## Bargain Prices Established

Officials in charge of the National Celebrities golf tournament yesterday decided to "make it possible for everyone to see this extraordinary event" at bargain prices.

These ticket prices were established: \$1 daily for juniors (18 years old and under); \$3 daily for adults; \$3 for a two-day or season ticket.

A limited number of season tickets will go on sale in advance in the lobby of The Post. These prices include tax, representing a saving of 20 per cent to ticket purchasers.

amateur golfers, won the national title twice, 1916 and 1920, and was runner-up three times.

Interested in Youngsters Both Evans and Dempsey long have been intensely interested in youngsters, and the National Celebrities tournament will be held in conjunction with Attorney General Tom Clark's program for the kids.

One of the most constructive undertakings in golf bears Evans' name. It is the Evans Scholarship Foundation which provides college scholarships for qualified and deserving caddies.

The Foundation dates back to 1916 when Evans became the first golfer to capture the national open and national amateur championships the same season.

In accepting an invitation to play in the National Celebrities event, Evans wrote: "I appreciate the compliment of being invited. . . . This is a highly generous act on the Columbia Country Club's part and will be so recognized by everybody."

"A Real Assistance" "I fully approve and honor Attorney General Tom Clark's interest in our future citizens. . . . a real assistance in building up a sound situation in America."

Among other notables who have entered the tournament are Bing Crosby, Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower, Gen. Omar Bradley, Gen. A. A. Vandegrift, Admiral Chester W. Nimitz, Babe Ruth, Carl Hubbell, Jones, Gene Sarazen, Walter Hagen, Tommy Armour, Baseball Commissioner A. B. Chandler, members of the supreme court, Cabinet, Congress, Government officials and stage, screen and radio personalities.

Pittsburgh, April 19 (AP)—The Pittsburgh Pirates racked up their fourth straight victory today to keep their unbeaten pace to the National League. They combined timely hitting with Nick Strincevich's three-hit pitching to brush aside the Cincinnati Reds, 6-1, before a windswep crowd of 21,891.

The crowd included a "Knot-hole Gang" of 6723 children, admitted free.

The Buc won in the first inning with a three-run outburst which chased the Redlegs' starting pitcher, Everett Lively. Whitey Wietelmann singled, went to second on Frank Gustine's walk and came home on Russell's single.

Greenberg walked after the next two hitters were retired. Catcher Roy Jarvis drove in Gustine and Russell with a single.

Russell's long triple to right in the second accounted for two more runs after Wietelmann doubled and Gustine singled.

Cincinnati went hitless until the fifth when Ray Mueller broke the spell with a futile single. The Reds' tally came in the sixth on a walk to Pinch-hitter Ted Kluszewski and singles by Frank Baumholtz and Bob Adams.

Russell (10-10) pitched well in the sixth, but was hit by a line drive to left field. Double play—Adams to Krum. Left on base—Cincinnati 3, Pittsburgh 6. Runners on—Cincinnati 3, Pittsburgh 6. Strikeouts—Cincinnati 3, Pittsburgh 6. Hits—Cincinnati 10, Pittsburgh 10. Errors—Cincinnati 1, Pittsburgh 0.

Cincinnati 6, Pittsburgh 3. (AP) (1) Russell, (2) Krum, Adams, (3) Gustine, (4) Jarvis, (5) Krum, Adams, (6) Gustine, (7) Jarvis, (8) Krum, Adams, (9) Gustine, (10) Jarvis, (11) Krum, Adams, (12) Gustine, (13) Jarvis, (14) Krum, Adams, (15) Gustine, (16) Jarvis, (17) Krum, Adams, (18) Gustine, (19) Jarvis, (20) Krum, Adams, (21) Gustine, (22) Jarvis, (23) Krum, Adams, (24) Gustine, (25) Jarvis, (26) Krum, Adams, (27) Gustine, (28) Jarvis, (29) Krum, Adams, (30) Gustine, (31) Jarvis, (32) Krum, Adams, (33) Gustine, (34) Jarvis, (35) Krum, Adams, (36) Gustine, (37) Jarvis, (38) Krum, Adams, (39) Gustine, (40) Jarvis, (41) Krum, Adams, (42) Gustine, (43) Jarvis, (44) Krum, Adams, (45) Gustine, (46) Jarvis, (47) Krum, Adams, (48) Gustine, (49) Jarvis, (50) Krum, Adams, (51) Gustine, (52) Jarvis, (53) Krum, Adams, (54) Gustine, (55) Jarvis, (56) Krum, Adams, (57) Gustine, (58) Jarvis, (59) Krum, Adams, (60) Gustine, (61) Jarvis, (62) Krum, Adams, (63) Gustine, (64) Jarvis, (65) Krum, Adams, (66) Gustine, (67) Jarvis, (68) Krum, Adams, (69) Gustine, (70) Jarvis, (71) Krum, Adams, (72) Gustine, (73) Jarvis, (74) Krum, Adams, (75) Gustine, (76) Jarvis, (77) Krum, Adams, (78) Gustine, (79) Jarvis, (80) Krum, Adams, (81) Gustine, (82) Jarvis, (83) Krum, Adams, (84) Gustine, (85) Jarvis, (86) Krum, Adams, (87) Gustine, (88) Jarvis, (89) Krum, Adams, (90) Gustine, (91) Jarvis, (92) Krum, Adams, (93) Gustine, (94) Jarvis, (95) Krum, Adams, (96) Gustine, (97) Jarvis, (98) Krum, Adams, (99) Gustine, (100) Jarvis.

Attendance—15,165.



EVEN GRIFF IS THERE—Clark Griffith, 77, got out with the kids 7 up to 14 yesterday at the opening of the Walter Johnson memorial baseball school. Dropping in on classes at Bancker where 410 boys turned out, Griffith showed the youngsters how he threw his curveball in his pitching days.

## Natchez Sets Track Mark At 'Graw

By Walter Haight  
Post Reporter

Havre de Grace, Md., April 19.—Battling a riderless horse and a determined rival in a thrilling stretch struggle as ever seen on this track, Mr. Walter M. Jeffords' Natchez set a track record today. His victory came in the \$20,000 added Edward Burke Handicap and he finished a length in back of Christiania Stable's Alexis (the loose horse) and a neck in advance of C. F. Heinecke's Turbine. Three lengths back came the King Ranch's Flash Burn to be third in the field of 10.

In addition to the track record for a mile and a sixteenth, marks fell like tennins this afternoon. A crowd of 25,000 packed every nook and corner of this turf plant—a new attendance record, confirmed by the sale of more than 23,000 programs. Betting marks for the daily double and other races were being topped as the program progressed. . . . Natchez, had he escaped interference from Alexis, might have hung up time that would have stood forever. As it was, he knocked three fifths of a second off the standard held by Calumet's Armed. The son of Jamestown was clocked in 1:42 3-4.

Winner of a division of the Harford Handicap was on opening day, the 4-year-old was strongly backed and paid a mere \$3.20 mutual while under the handling of Jockey Al Snider.

The Burke Handicap was supposed to play second fiddle despite the difference in purse to the \$10,000 added Chesapeake Trial. This 3-year-old test proved a good one but lacked the thrills of the Burke. Mrs. E. duPont Weir's Royal Governor rushed from far back to win the Trial going away to a length margin to come within a fifth of a second of the track record for six furlongs. Mrs. Walter M. Jeffords' Travelsack was second and a length in front of Cedar Farm's Milmare. Royal Governor, making his first start of the season, paid \$10.80 and was clocked in 1:10 3-5 while under the handling of Jockey Willie (Smoke) Saunders.

The victory was worth \$18,500 in earnings to Natchez, bringing his 1947 total to \$28,120. The daily double pool of \$83,878 got a new record for the twin wager at this track. Holders of 428 tickets collected a \$178.50 daily double payoff.

## Bidwill Dead at 51

## Chicago Sportsman Wanted To Make Champs of Cardinals

Chicago, April 19 (AP)—Charles W. Bidwill, owner of the Chicago Cardinals professional football team, died today of pneumonia in St. George's Hospital.

The 51-year-old lawyer and sportsman died at 8:30 a. m., after lapsing into a coma several days ago. He was placed in an oxygen tent shortly after he was stricken with pneumonia last Tuesday.

Besides owning the Cardinals, Bidwill was president of the National Football Club which operates the Sportsman's Park Race Track in Suburban Cicero, and was also managing director of the Hawthorne Race Track, also in Cicero.

He had large interests in four dog tracks in Florida, two in Jacksonville and one each in Tampa and Miami Beach. He was a stockholder in the American Turf Association which owns Churchill Downs in Louisville and Lincoln Fields in Crete (Ill.). Bidwill also owned the Chicago Bluebirds, a girl's softball team.

Bidwill's first connection with sports was in 1925, when he became president of a lucrative printing concern which prepared betting tickets and other handbooks. From that industry he

## Everything's Okay With Nats, 4000 Kids Turn Out at First School

By Herb Heft  
Post Reporter

The Walter Johnson memorial baseball school got off to a rousing start yesterday.

"The Big Train" himself would have thrilled as 4000 of Washington's youngsters, 14 years old and under, turned out at 22 Recreation Department playground areas to learn the game he loved so dearly. From Owner Clark Griffith on down to Rookie Eddie Yost, members of Walter's old team, the Washington Senators, pitched in with the Recreation Department and the Junior Board of Commerce to make the school's opening a grand success.

The Nats, assigned to lecture and demonstrate to the kids, were in uniform at the ball park at 9:30 a. m. Even Pitchers Tom Ferrick and Scott Cary, without class assignments, were there, eager to help out.

Even Griff Takes a Hand After Griffith and Manager Ossie Bluege briefed the players, the Nats were transported to the schools by members of the junior board.

Meanwhile, the youngsters had been registering for the five-week course at the 22 diamonds under the direction of Recreation Department employees and volunteer supervisors. Classes began at 10:15 o'clock.

Four hundred and ten youngsters turned out at Bancker Playground, where Yost taught them the tricks of infield play.

The kids there got an added thrill at 11:15, when Griffith, himself made an appearance. After receiving a great ovation, the Old Fox, with a twinkle in his eye, gave a demonstration of how he used to fool 'em 45 years ago with a baffling curve ball.

American League Batting Champion Mickey Vernon held forth at Barry Farms before 305 youngsters, the second largest turnout of the day.

Travis Has Know-how At Takoma, where Cecil Travis was in charge, 175 kids turned out, including a few girls. Supervisors there tried unsuccessfully to quiet the kids by shouting them, but the soft-spoken Travis got the respectful attention by laughing. "Aw, leave them alone. You know how kids are."

Mark Christman, the Nats' newly acquired shortstop from the St. Louis Browns, was swarmed by 138 youngsters, who pushed him all over the Wilson Stadium in an effort to touch his uniform or his hair.

See KIDS, Page 7-M, Column 4.

## Hudson Hurls Nats To 4-to-2 Victory

From Page 1

ning he was personally outpitching the Yankees going into the sixth, Rizzuto Nabbed at Plate.

Phil Rizzuto got the first Yankee blow of the ball game, a single past Travis with two out in the sixth, and Bobby Brown followed with a sliding double to left, but Hudson escaped damage. Rizzuto attempting to score all the way from first despite Coach John Schulte's efforts to flag him down at third base, was a gone guy at the plate when Christman took a relay from Case and rifled it to Evans.

Hudson's one ragged inning was the seventh, into which the Yankees packed their last two hits for two runs. He walked Henrich, but Fridly made a fancy play on Keller's drive for a force-out at second. Berra followed with a single, but Hudson got two out when Robinson grounded to Vernon. McQuinn, however, belted a long double over Case's head in left center for two runs, and Strincevich walked to put the tying runs on base.

That's when DiMaggio came striding out of the Yank's dugout for his first appearance of the 1947 season. Hudson brushed him back with one pitch and on the next DiMaggio whacked a fierce smash at Christman, who grabbed it with more than a smidgen of courage and sure hands to toss to Fridly for a force-out of Strincevich.

Harris threw pitchers and pinch-hitters into the game with abandon. After Gumpert completed the sixth, Lefthander Tommy Byrne pitched a scoreless seventh. Rookie Karl Drews moved in in the seventh and was lucky to escape unscathed.

Drews was lifted in the seventh after getting nobody out. He walked Lewis and threw a double to Spence, whose blow moved Lewis to third. Righthander Frank Shea replaced Drews and then the Nats were shot through with tough luck. Mickey Vernon rifled a smashing drive toward right and McQuinn speared it with one hand to double Spence off second with a throw to Rizzuto.

Hudson personally threw out five Yankees on weak taps into the box and covered first base on two other plays. . . . With Hudson on first, Case singled to center in the third inning, but Outfielder Tommy Henrich crossed him up by ignoring what looked like an easy chance to throw out Hudson at third. Henrich threw to second and Case was out at that base. . . . Charley Keller walked in the second inning and didn't get a ball out of the infield after that. . . . Buddy Lewis raced far into right center to keep a hit away from Strincevich in the third inning. . . . The Yankees pitched Drews in the late innings despite the fact the thumb on his pitching hand stiffened after a fracture in the South, and he is unable to throw a curve.

NEW YORK (AP)—The Yankees won their 11th straight game today, 4 to 2, over the St. Louis Browns at Yankee Stadium. The victory was the Yankees' 11th straight win in the season.

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## DiMaggio's Hit in 10th Beats A's

Post Reporter

Philadelphia, April 19 (AP)—Ted Williams' ninth inning home run with a mate aboard brought the Boston Red Sox to life today and Don DiMaggio's tenth inning single with two out and the bases loaded scored two more runs to defeat the Philadelphia Athletics, 4 to 2, before 12,000.

Williams also collected a double and single, both hit into left field in five trips to the plate.

Tom Hugheson started the game for the Red Sox. After surrendering a run in the first inning on a double by Ferris Fain and a single by Sam Chapman, he hurled six scoreless frames before yielding to Harry Dorish.

Dorish, who won Boston's opener in relieving Hugheson, gave up a run in the eighth on a single by George Binks. A throwing error by himself and a two-bagger by Chapman.

Rookie Joe Coleman went the entire 10 innings for Philadelphia.

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## 4000 Kids Turn Out at First School

By Herb Heft  
Post Reporter

The Walter Johnson memorial baseball school got off to a rousing start yesterday.

"The Big Train" himself would have thrilled as 4000 of Washington's youngsters, 14 years old and under, turned out at 22 Recreation Department playground areas to learn the game he loved so dearly.

From Owner Clark Griffith on down to Rookie Eddie Yost, members of Walter's old team, the Washington Senators, pitched in with the Recreation Department and the Junior Board of Commerce to make the school's opening a grand success.

The Nats, assigned to lecture and demonstrate to the kids, were in uniform at the ball park at 9:30 a. m. Even Pitchers Tom Ferrick and Scott Cary, without class assignments, were there, eager to help out.

Even Griff Takes a Hand After Griffith and Manager Ossie Bluege briefed the players, the Nats were transported to the schools by members of the junior board.

Meanwhile, the youngsters had been registering for the five-week course at the 22 diamonds under the direction of Recreation Department employees and volunteer supervisors. Classes began at 10:15 o'clock.

Four hundred and ten youngsters turned out at Bancker Playground, where Yost taught them the tricks of infield play.

The kids there got an added thrill at 11:15, when Griffith, himself made an appearance. After receiving a great ovation, the Old Fox, with a twinkle in his eye, gave a demonstration of how he used to fool 'em 45 years ago with a baffling curve ball.

American League Batting Champion Mickey Vernon held forth at Barry Farms before 305 youngsters, the second largest turnout of the day.

Travis Has Know-how At Takoma, where Cecil Travis was in charge, 175 kids turned out, including a few girls. Supervisors there tried unsuccessfully to quiet the kids by shouting them, but the soft-spoken Travis got the respectful attention by laughing. "Aw, leave them alone. You know how kids are."

Mark Christman, the Nats' newly acquired shortstop from the St. Louis Browns, was swarmed by 138 youngsters, who pushed him all over the Wilson Stadium in an effort to touch his uniform or his hair.

See KIDS, Page 7-M, Column 4.

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## Lew Worsham To Defend Golf Title

By Morris Siegel  
Post Reporter

RESTED and on his game again, Lew Worsham leads a field of District shotmakers to Hampton, Va., this weekend for the 72-hole Middle Atlantic Professional Golfers' Association annual championship tournament.

Worsham bagged the title last year at Baltimore's Woodhome Country Club and will be heavily backed to repeat the trick. The competition, however, will be stiffer than usual as Virginia's two best professional stylists—Chandler Harper, of Portsmouth, and British Open Champion Sammy Snead, of Hot Springs, will be in the chase.

Bogged down by heavy play at his Indian Spring course, Mid-Atlantic Proxey Mid Shore doesn't plan to compete in the event, but will make a stab at attending the final 36-hole round Sunday afternoon.

AL HOUGHTON, of Prince Georges, tournament chairman, anticipates an entry list of over 60 professional golfers.

Houghton is going to the Tidewater event for two reasons. He'll play, but more important, he'll be there trying to sign Sammy Snead for the \$10,000 National Capital Open at Prince Georges June 4-5.

Most of the big-name pros have already agreed to participate in the show here and Houghton feels if he can lure Snead the success of the tourney will be guaranteed.

The weekend title will be the first real competition for Worsham since the Augusta Masters tourney. He played in a pro-am at Baltimore last Monday, but the Hampton field will be many times sterner than the competition he faced at Woodhome.

East Potomac's Cliff Spencer, Kenwood's George Diefenbach, Quantico's Al Jamison, and Leo Walper are definite District pros in the Hampton event. A large entry list from Baltimore and other Maryland courses is also expected.

## Havre de Grace

WEATHER CLEAR, TRACK FAST.  
SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1947

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 1:00. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 1:15. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 1:30. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 1:45. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 2:00. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 2:15. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

SEVENTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 2:30. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

EIGHTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 2:45. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

NINTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 3:00. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

TENTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 3:15. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

ELEVENTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 3:30. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

Twelfth RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 3:45. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

Thirteenth RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 4:00. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

FOURTEENTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 4:15. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

FIFTEENTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 4:30. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

SIXTEENTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 4:45. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

SEVENTEENTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 5:00. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

EIGHTEENTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 5:15. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

NINETEENTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 5:30. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

Twentieth RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 5:45. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

Twenty-first RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 6:00. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

Twenty-second RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 6:15. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

Twenty-third RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 6:30. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

Twenty-fourth RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 6:45. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

Twenty-fifth RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$200. Start 7:00. Wm. Dring, place man. Went to post at 2:15. Winner, F. A. Valdez, \$100. (3) by Charming Cross—Top Post by Time. Trained by W. Irvine. A. Valdez, \$100. Time, 1:11.4.

# Arcaro, on Pialanx and I Will, Takes Both Ends of 'Wood'

## 50,840 See Eddie Sweep \$40,000 Race

New York, April 19 (AP)—C. V. Whitney's Pialanx and Jaclin

Stable's I Will won the two divisions of the \$40,000 Wood Memorial at Jamaica today, where a crowd of 50,840 watched Eddie Arcaro score with both horses.

Arcaro booted Pialanx over the 11-16 miles in 1:43 4-5 for the more impressive victory, while I took 1:11 4-5 to negotiate the same distance. I Will won by two lengths.

The crowd backed Whitney's streak runner to less than even money and he paid \$3.90, \$2.90 and \$2.50 across the board, while combination tickets on I Will were worth \$5.90, \$4.70 and \$3.

Carolyn A, the only filly in either section of the stake, returned \$9.20 and \$5.50 for her surprising second behind Pialanx with owner's check paying \$4.90 for show.

Stepfather, who improved greatly over his last two starts to finally stage a stretch run, returned \$8.30 and \$4.90 for noising out Cornish Knight, winner of the Experimental Handicap. Cornish Knight scored \$2.70.

## Jamaica

1-11: \$40,000, maiden 3-year-olds up. Pialanx, 116 (Whitney), 1:43 4-5. I Will, 117 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Carolyn A, 118 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Cornish Knight, 119 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Stepfather, 120 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Jaclin, 121 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Pialanx, 122 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. I Will, 123 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Carolyn A, 124 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Cornish Knight, 125 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Stepfather, 126 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Jaclin, 127 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Pialanx, 128 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. I Will, 129 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Carolyn A, 130 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Cornish Knight, 131 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Stepfather, 132 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Jaclin, 133 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Pialanx, 134 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. I Will, 135 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Carolyn A, 136 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Cornish Knight, 137 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Stepfather, 138 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Jaclin, 139 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Pialanx, 140 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. I Will, 141 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. Carolyn A, 142 (Whitney), 1:11 4-5. 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## Business Outlook

By J. A. Livingston

## Construction Off to Slow Start

Construction time is here. The dogwood trees are bursting into bloom. Ted Williams is crossing up the infield by hitting 'em to left (shades of Willie Keeler), and the young architect's fancy is turning from the drawing board to the reality—from the blueprint to the house that jack and plenty of it, will have to build.

For construction costs are at record levels—some 67 per cent ahead of 1939, as the chart shows. And even that may be an understatement. Construction costs indexes do not always allow for the time lost on the site—waiting for materials to arrive, waiting for the plumbers or the electricians to show up for their appointed tasks. The result is that construction, this spring, is off to a slow start.

Not that building's not going on. On the contrary. You'll have a hard time finding bricklayers, masons, plasterers, carpenters and plumbers. They're working, but largely on houses and buildings already begun—carry-overs from last year.

For the year as a whole, that's not what counts. Building contracts are not coming through according to early hopes and prophecy. Costs are too uncertain. Try, for instance, to get a contractor to make you a firm bid on a home—even a small one. Chances are three and four to one he'll shy away. And if he does give you a bid, he'll allow for all contingencies and then some. So the only way out is a cost-plus contract which few individuals care to enter into. It's too much of an unlimited liability.

This hesitancy to make commitments shows up particularly in residential construction. In the first quarter of this year only 134,000 new homes were started as against 140,000 in the first three months of 1946. The drop—5000—is not significant in itself. But that there was a drop at all—that there was not a large gain—is significant.

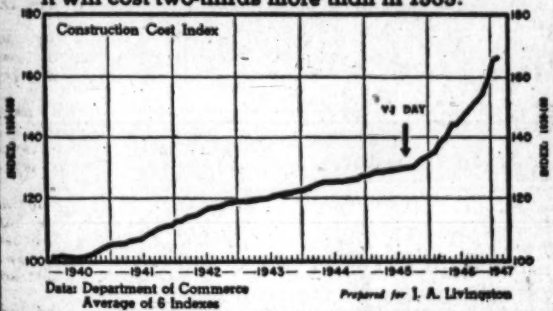
## Contrast—'46 and '47

Last year, the construction industry was just beginning to get organized after its wartime shutdown. Contractors were busy rounding up help—bricklayers, carpenters, plumbers and mechanics of all kinds. Wartime relationships—between firms—were being reestablished. So prospective home-owners couldn't get things under way as rapidly as they might have liked.

Today, not only are contracting organizations all set and at work, but supplies of building materials are flowing more smoothly from manufacturers to building-supplies dealers and from dealers to the building sites. Thus, Johns-Manville Corp. reported record shipments in the first quarter of the year. J-M asbestos roofings are being pro-

## CONSTRUCTION COSTS CLIMB

If you want to build a house, factory, or store, it will cost two-thirds more than in 1939.



duced at a rate half again as much as in 1940; asbestos shingles, 2 1/2 times, and rock wool about four times.

As a result, completions of new homes have been fine for winter months. But that puts more new stuff on the market for sale—just when buyers are high-price wary. At the same time, it eats into the backlog of construction work still to be done. Thus, the number of incomplete dwellings is down from 366,000 in October to 300,000 now. So, unless new work gets started—and quickly—the usual spring bulge in residential construction will not be so great as expected, and demand for building materials and labor will not rise in line with the usual seasonal pattern.

Even in nonresidential construction, hesitancy has set in. A year ago business organizations needing new plant and other structures were rushing work to beat an expected rise in costs. Now they're watching and wondering if it isn't smart to wait. Recent efforts of President Truman to talk down prices have compounded the uncertainty. The businessman fears that if he puts up a high-cost structure he'll be at a competitive disadvantage later. That's true even in a period of low interest rates when capital costs are not as important, say, as efficiency.

The net result is that construction no longer can be regarded as the solid bulwark against any business decline—as the factor which singly could take up any slack in employment. Notwithstanding piled-up demand for roads, other public works, industrial structures, commercial buildings, schools, hospitals and homes, the willingness to build wavers when there's talk of a price decline. Nobody—not even a public official—wants to be caught with his costs high.

## The Worst of It

However, when that's said, the worst's said. There will still be plenty of building despite the uncertainties. Total new construction this year may hit 13 billion dollars. That's off about 13 per cent from earlier Government estimates, but it's up 30 per cent over last year. Indeed, the total would compare favorably with the wartime peak of 13.6 billion, except that much of the year-to-year gain is due to the advance in prices.

This must seem likely: Construction, even though it won't stop a recession, will mainly make it. It's a cushion against a major depression. Still, you can't get away from the fact that as yet, there hasn't been the expected spring bounce.

## Baird Heads D. C. Bankers Program Committee

S. William Miller, president of the District Bankers' Association, has announced the selection of Bruce Baird, president of the National Savings & Trust Co., as chairman of the program committee for the coming convention of the association to be held at Bedford Springs, Pa., June 4-8, 1947.

He also announced the appointment of Thomas J. Groom, president of the Bank of Commerce & Savings, as vice chairman, and the following other members of the committee: Francis G. Addison, jr., president, Security Savings & Commercial Bank; Daniel W. Bell, president, American Security & Trust Co.; Clarence F. Burton, president, City Bank of Washington.

Charles H. Doing, jr., vice president, Washington Loan & Trust Co.; Robert V. Fleming, president, Riggs National Bank; A. M. McLaughlin, vice president and treasurer, McLaughlin Banking Corp.; A. Scott Offutt, vice president, Union Trust Co.

C. H. Pope, president, Munsey Trust Co.; John A. Reilly, president, Second National Bank; Wilmer J. Waller, president, Hamilton National Bank.

**Edison Group Elects**

**J. W. Parker of Detroit**

Detroit, April 19 (AP)—J. W. Parker, president of the Detroit Edison Co., was elected to head the association of Edison Illuminating Companies at the organization's sixty-third annual meeting. The association includes many of the original operating systems which supplied service through early inventions of Thomas A. Edison and meets to discuss mutual problems of member companies.

## Steel Wage Reports Push Stocks Higher

New York, April 19 (AP)—After touching lows for the past six months or longer, the stock market today emerged from another losing week with a broad and fast rally led by steel which reflected reports United States Steel and the union had reached an agreement.

Throughout the six sessions speculative and investment sentiment was dimmed by labor situations which included the telephone strike, statements of a walk-out by Wall Street financial employees originally scheduled for Monday but which was postponed today. Doubts regarding taxes, labor legislation, business and foreign complications again served as bearish material. Intermittent bidding, however, appeared on the idea the list was overvalued and due for a technical revival.

The Western wage pact was helpful in the final session although the stock did nothing until the rally in the final half hour when it bulged with the rest. Gains of fractions to around three points were well in the majority at the close. Transfers for the two hours of 690,000 shares compared with 630,000 a week ago and were the largest for a two-hour stretch since March 8. The week's aggregate of 6,966,480, against 4,663,910 in the preceding period, was a top since the week concluded February 8.

The Associated Press 80-stock composite was up 3/8 of a point at 61.3 but on the week was down 1.4 points. It was the third successive weekly decline. The day's upturn was the widest for Saturday since last December 7. It was also the broadest short market since March 8.

Among the day's gainers were U. S. Steel, up 2 1/2 at 67 1/2; Bethlehem 1 1/2 at 64 1/2; Chrysler 2 1/2 at 89; General Motors 1 1/2 at 56 1/2; Southern Railway 1 1/2 at 35; American Woolen 1 1/2 at 30 1/2; Goodrich 2 1/2 at 56 1/2; Western Union 1 at 29. Others in front included Goodyear, U. S. Rubber, Montgomery Ward, Sears, Roebuck, International Harvester, American Telephone, Anaconda, Kennecott, Allied Chemical, Johns-Manville, Schenley, Southern Pacific and Union Pacific.

Bonds improved selectively.

**WHAT STOCKS DID**

| Stock            | High   | Low    | Close  |
|------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| U. S. Steel      | 67 1/2 | 66 1/2 | 67 1/2 |
| Bethlehem        | 64 1/2 | 63 1/2 | 64 1/2 |
| Chrysler         | 89     | 88     | 89     |
| General Motors   | 56 1/2 | 55 1/2 | 56 1/2 |
| Southern Railway | 35     | 34     | 35     |
| American Woolen  | 30 1/2 | 29 1/2 | 30 1/2 |
| Goodrich         | 56 1/2 | 55 1/2 | 56 1/2 |
| Western Union    | 29     | 28     | 29     |

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## Quotations on N. Y. Stock Exchange Class Slated

## Sun Oil Head For Professor

## Wall St. Union Defers Strike For Tomorrow Only

## Cotton Goods Prices Recede

## Lumber Shipments

## N. Y. Bonds

## Dow-Jones Stocks

## Dow-Jones Bonds

## Chicago Grain

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## Norfolk to Oppose Young as Member of Central Board

## Over the Counter

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## Commodity Index

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# Veto Boomerangs Against Big Five

## Pravda Report Reds Would Bar Britain From Blocs

Moscow, April 19 (AP)—Russia was reported authoritatively today to have demanded a clause in the new 50-year British-Soviet treaty binding both powers not to join in blocs of nations directed against each other.

The report was printed in the authoritative Communist Party newspaper Pravda. However, Pravda said, there was nothing in the clause to prevent Britain from joining in pacts with the United States or any other country as long as those pacts were not directed against the Soviet Union.

A British source said immediately there would be no agreement on a new treaty if the Russians insist on the restrictive clause.

On the contrary, the Soviet Union looks favorably upon the strengthening of cooperation between Britain and the United States or France if, of course, this cooperation is not directed against the Soviet Union, Pravda said.

A British source in Moscow declined to confirm or deny that agreement on such a clause as Pravda mentioned is now a stumbling block in negotiations for revision of the treaty.

Pravda's 'Agreement'

Moscow, April 19 (AP)—Pravda said that 434 displaced Ukrainians, Poles and Lithuanians had been put to work in Belgian coal mines, under what it termed an "illegal" agreement among the United States, Britain and Belgium.

Gen. Joseph T. McNarney, then United States commander in Europe, announced last February an American-Belgian agreement under which at least 20,000 displaced persons would be allowed to volunteer to work in Belgian mines. The first group of 430 left the American zone of Germany April 10.

A spokesman for the British foreign office said in London he knew of no British-Belgian agreement on the employment of displaced persons in mines.

## Mining Town Filth Denied By Coal Group

The National Coal Association asserted last night that slum conditions in mining communities "are the exception and not the rule."

Such conditions, the association said, "are, but a small minority of the whole and are, in fact, duplicated in Washington, D. C., and in dozens of other big cities, the relics of a bygone era."

The association was replying to a coal mines administration report, based on an 11-month survey, that the average coal miner and his family lived in "filth."

The CMA report, published Friday, was prepared by Rer Admiral Joel T. Boone. It dealt with conditions found in 260 sample mining areas. The way some miners live, the CMA said, is "national disgrace."

The coal association, however, denied that such conditions "are typical or widespread." It said "manifestly there is still much to be done" to improve miners' living conditions. But mine owners cannot bring about improvement, the association said, without "cooperation by the union—cooperation which, in the past, has been woefully lacking."

The Boone report found that 92 per cent of miners' homes were of flimsy wood construction, water in half the communities surveyed was polluted, and in 80 per cent no garbage collection facilities existed.

It urged health and sanitation schooling for mine families in backward areas, improved systems of prepaid medical care, and State laws to compel mine owners to build sanitary housing for the miners.

Cite Institute Report

The Coal Association quoted a report by the Bituminous Coal Institute that "no more than one third of the miners live in company-owned houses and this ratio is constantly diminishing."

The institute added that "poor living conditions are the exception, not the rule." Many houses in small mining communities have outside toilets only, the institute said, but added, "this is true of 35 per cent of all the homes in the United States."

Compared to rural conditions in the coal mining towns for the most part are now on a par with, and in many instances above, those in other communities.

According to the institute, 65 per cent of soft coal miners in 1945 were covered by prepaid medical care or hospital insurance or both. The association said the figure for 1946 would be higher.

Boone said the CMA report was to be interpreted as an "index of conditions" throughout the industry. The Coal Association disagreed.

Dr. Steinmeyer to Speak

Dr. R. G. Steinmeyer, professor of International Law and Relations at the University of Maryland, will speak at the meeting of the College Park-TA Monday night at 8 p. m. in the College Park Elementary School.

## Smaller Powers In U. N. Playing Wait-and-See Game

Lake Success, N. Y., April 19 (AP)—The big powers which have so jealously guarded their right of veto in the United Nations today found the whole policy of special privileges boomeranging.

Their smaller neighbors, once ready to fight in a minute for equality for all 55 members, have now started to toss all the knotty questions to the major powers with the notation: "You settle 'em first."

This trend of forcing a prior decision between Russia and the western powers, in effect making the 11-nation Security Council a big-five council, has prompted these developments:

1. The Council's Commission on Conventional Armaments decided there was no use attempting to formulate a program for stripping the world's arms unless the big boys could get together. Thus the commission handed the preliminary task of drafting a work program to a subcommittee of the United States, Russia, France, China and Britain. The sub-group meets Monday.

2. Realizing any Security Council choice for the ticklish job of governing Trieste was subject to veto, the Council is letting United States, France, Russia and Britain hold informal meetings looking toward agreement on a candidate. These delegates will convene Monday.

3. Colombia put an informal proposal before delegates that the five big powers get together among themselves and draft plans for a Balkan agreement to cover all the situations which keep cropping up between Greece and her neighbors.

4. Britain refused to file formally a request for a special session on Palestine until the other four big powers gave prior approval.

Carried to its extreme, the developing policy eventually could make the Security Council merely a rubber stamp for the big nations.

Previously the six small nations around the council table argued for hours over highly controversial questions, even while realizing all the while that any power could kill a verdict with the veto.

It appears now they consider all the debate futile without basic agreement between Russia and the West.

Koo Cites Suspicion

Philadelphia, April 19 (AP)—Dr. Wellington Koo, Chinese U. N. delegate, said tonight "ideological blocs do not exist in the United Nations but suspicion, that they do persist."

Koo said in a talk prepared for the American Academy of Political and Social Science:

"As a matter of fact the only bloc which appears to exist is that of those who harbor the suspicion and who always vote in unison on whatever question may be at issue."

There was a scream: "You're a liar."

The bartender told the sailor to get out before he was thrown out. "I didn't say anything," the sailor protested.

The bartender called a policeman. There were new screams of: "Let me alone! Let me alone! Let me alone!"

The copper noticed that the sailor had not opened his mouth. He jerked open the seaman's coat. There was a screaming green parrot.

The bartender reached under the counter and got the sailor a bottle of Guinness.

His Fine Is 50c

Justice was sweetly tempered with mercy yesterday in Alexandria police court. Coy Garrett, 25, of 1122 Droneco st., Alexandria, told police he was only trying to get his wife to go home with him when he was arrested Friday night. He and Mrs. Carrie Garrett, 34, were both charged with disorderly conduct. Mrs. Garrett forfeited \$15 collateral, but her husband spent the night in jail.

"I've only got 75c in my pocket," Garrett told Judge James R. Duncan yesterday morning. "Alright, your fine is 50c. Next case," said Judge Duncan.

Relief Payments Rise 30% for Maryland

Baltimore, April 19 (AP)—Relief payments to Marylanders during March were 30 per cent above those of the corresponding period of 1946, the State Department of Public Welfare reported today.

A total of \$958,228 in State, Federal and local public assistance funds were paid out last month, compared with \$735,635 in payments recorded during March, 1946.

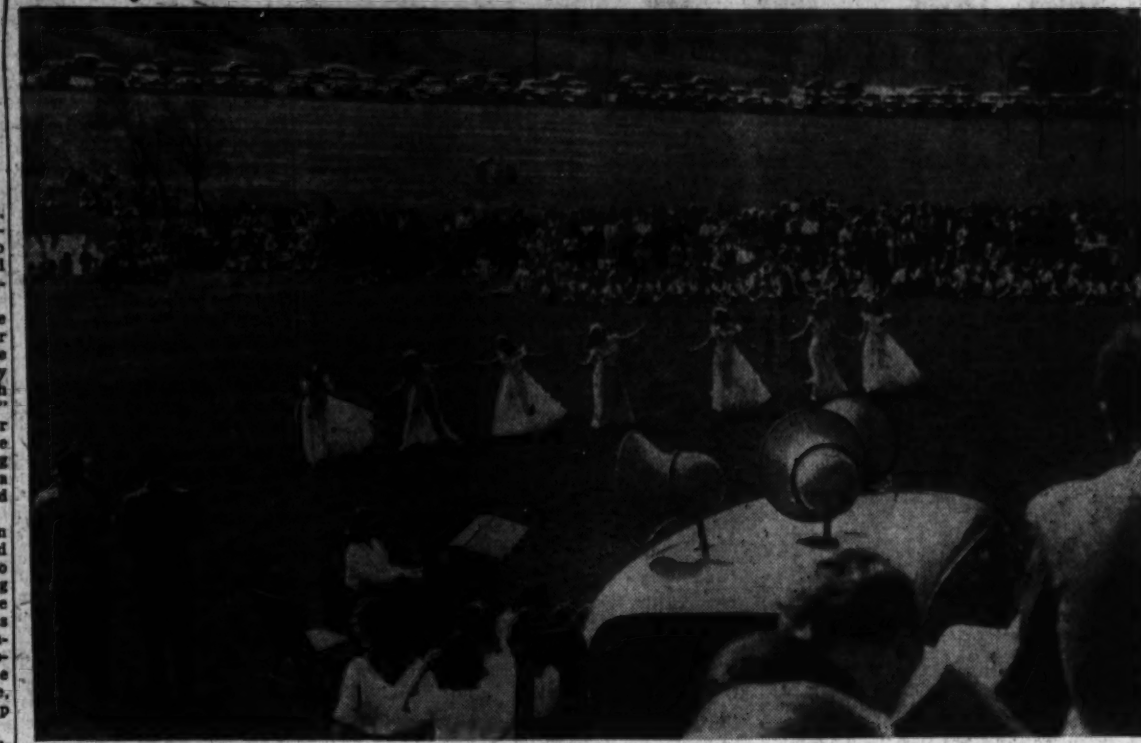
40 Killed, 200 Injured In Fume Rail Blast

Trieste, April 19 (AP)—Travelers arriving here today said 40 persons had been killed and 200 injured Friday in an explosion in the railway freight yards at the Italian port of Trieste.

Fiume, formerly an Italian city, has been in Yugoslav hands since the end of the war. It has a population of approximately 54,000.

The blast occurred while chemical cars were being loaded on a freight car, reports said.

# 'Cherry Blossom Ballet' on Bethesda Greensward ...



MARYLAND FESTIVAL—The Anna Kraft Dancers tripped lightly across the lawn at Bethesda Naval Medical Center yesterday in the Cherry Blossom Festival staged there

## FARMS

From Page 1

mands and our trade possibilities by 1960 and by 1975."

Fortunately the plan is expected to receive a friendly reception in the House committee. Chairman Hope views the problems of agriculture much as does Anderson.

"In the past few years," Hope told The Post, "American agriculture has come face to face with problems so fundamental and so far-reaching in their implications that they cannot be solved in any piecemeal fashion, and must be made the subject of the most searching inquiry into basic facts and policies."

No Bills Planned Now

Hope doesn't plan legislation this session. Instead, he said, the hearings are "to provide material for a thorough and exhaustive study of long-range agricultural policies to be considered in the second session of the Eightieth Congress convening in January."

Discarded by all planners is the economy of scarcity that marked agriculture programs in the 1930s. This doesn't mean that the bugaboo of farm surpluses and resultant low prices, isn't present. But no one admits any longer to advocating plowing under every third row of cotton or killing every other pig.

The world has learned in bitter manner that there never is enough food to give everyone in the world a satisfactory diet.

Hope expressed his aims for legislation as follows:

"The expansion of consumption, rather than the limitation of production, is the basic answer to our problems."

"There is little doubt that if the nutritional level of our country can be raised to the point of an adequate diet for all, we would consume every pound of food our farms can produce."

Although recently it has attracted criticism, the war measure providing price supports for farm products remains the central point around which most farm problems revolve.

Crop Restrictions Tied In

Tied to price supports, Anderson thinks, should be restrictions on crops. Thus he would use price support to cut acreage for crops of which there is an overabundance in favor of others in which scarcity threatens.

Similarly it ties in with Government Crop Insurance—a field in which, incidentally, a thorough shakeup is now in progress.

The task that faces the House Committee is emphasized by the laws governing agriculture that soon expire. Among them are:

The Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, which dies December 31, 1946.

The Farm Labor Supply Appropriation, which expires in June. A measure extending this temporarily has passed both houses and is now in conference committee.

The Commodity Credit Corporation, which expires June 30. The Senate has voted to extend CCC a year; no action has been taken by the House.

A number of other measures, such as liquidation of resettlement projects, and operation of Emergency Farm Mortgage Act, also expire soon.

One problem of prime importance and growing in importance daily, is that of soil conservation.

## 2 Die, 24 Hurt As Crack Train Leaves Rails

Champaign, Ill., April 19 (AP)—The Illinois Central's City of Miami streamliner was wrecked near here today killing two crew members and injuring 24 passengers and trainmen.

The all-steel, seven-car, Diesel-powered train, bound from Chicago to Miami, Fla., was traveling at a 60-mile-an-hour speed when it left the rails at a switch 3 1/4 miles north of Champaign, where it makes a scheduled stop.

The Diesel locomotive twisted sideways, tearing up rails and ties, and all the cars left the rails. The baggage car flipped over on its side and the five coaches bumped over the ties and rails but remained upright. The roadbed was torn up for a quarter of a mile.

Killed were Charles Redus, 70, Centerville, Ill., the conductor, and C. W. Woods, Champaign, Ill., the baggage man.

The injured were taken in ambulances to three hospitals, where 18 remained for treatments.

The derailment caused short-lived panic among the passengers many of whom were thrown from their seats. However, witnesses said they grew calm when they realized there was no fire and that they were not trapped. Some climbed through windows to the roadbed.

The dispatch, which was not confirmed, said that one member of Nehru's party was injured. The attack, it said, occurred in Gawlor state. The Indians swarmed around the car, shouting: "Jawahar, go back."

Nehru went to Gawlor state, about 180 miles south of New Delhi, to open a meeting of the All-India State People's Conference, an affiliate of the National Congress Party which he used to lead.

of supports for his crop when it is ready for harvest.

That, Anderson says, cannot be provided in an agricultural program geared to meet problems as they appear.

It can be provided only by a program that considers the years ahead, and the job expected of agriculture then.

## New U. S. Political Party Hails Death Of Capital System

By the United Press

Formation of a new political party was announced last night. It holds that free enterprise is dead and that "economic cooperation" must replace capitalism in the United States.

Brig. Gen. H. C. Holdridge, re-elected chairman of the People's Party of the United States, said his party will strive to create a fourth branch of government, by constitutional amendment and legislation, to "organize and direct the machinery of production and distribution in such a manner as to provide everyone who does his share of work with maximum of goods and services and leisure to enjoy them."

A public hearing on 100 rezoning requests also will be held.

City Manager Carl Budwesky said yesterday he understood the Alexandria Tuberculosis Association would propose the hiring of a qualified physician to operate the X-ray facilities at the Health Department.

Budwesky also said a scheduled rezoning application for land at 907 W. Glebe rd. had been withdrawn.

## Va. Telephone Workers Will Get Work Quiz

Richmond, Va., April 19 (AP)—The State Corporation Commission today prepared to poll Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Co. employees on how many will work for the State if the Governor takes over telephone properties May 17.

The commission questionnaire will be handed on Monday morning to all telephone workers—nonunion, supervisory and executive—in the 15 major phone office cities, by commission workers.

The questionnaire reads: "In accordance with the proclamation and executive order of the Honorable William M. Tucker, Governor of Virginia, dated April 16, 1947, the State Corporation Commission of Virginia is charged with the duty of ascertaining whether the employees of the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Co. of Virginia will accept employment by the Commonwealth of Virginia, effective 6 a. m., May 17, 1947."

A copy of Chapter 9, Acts of the General Assembly of Virginia, Extra Session 1947, is delivered herewith and your attention is directed to the provisions thereof.

The commission expects to know by the end of the week how many are willing to continue working if State seizure becomes an actuality, while it will if the strike goes into effect, as the union has announced.

## Flour Mill Burns

Sloux City, Iowa, April 19 (AP)—The huge plant of the International Flour Milling Company in suburban Leeds was almost completely destroyed by fire early today. The conflagration for a time threatened additional disaster as it spread embers and sparks over 30 huge gasoline storage tanks of the Great Lakes Pipe Line Co., a quarter of a mile away. The gasoline tanks did not catch fire.

## Council Sets Jail Session In Alexandria

Alexandria's City Council is scheduled to act Tuesday night on a Corporation Court order requiring that improvements be provided at the City Jail.

The court-ordered improvements include relocation of the jail kitchen, segregation of diseased prisoners, and purchase of an "institutional size" washing machine.

Recommendations of the National Capital Parks Commission regarding the control of traffic at Bashford la. and National Memorial hwy., will be considered at the meeting.

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## Robeson Hopes To Sing Against Fascism In U. S.

Chicago, April 19 (AP)—Paul Robeson, noted Negro baritone who sidestepped a public appearance in Peoria last night, said here today he hoped soon "to use my singing for direct political action against fascism in America."

Permission to use a city hall assembly room in Peoria was canceled by order of Mayor Carl O. Triebel after Robeson was named by the House Committee on Un-American Activities as one of a group "invariably found supporting the Communist Party and its front organization."

Robeson, protesting against "being branded a subversive without trial," said he had been "trying to cancel my concert tour for six months for the very reason that I've seen fascism work and one doesn't go around singing pretty concerts when that sort of thing is happening. The situation in America is much more serious than people realize. Peoria bears that out."

## 'Panther Woman' Files Suit for Divorce

Los Angeles, April 19 (AP)—Lona Andre, known at one time as the screen's "Panther Woman," sued Businessman James T. Bolling for divorce today on allegations of mental cruelty.

They were married in 1944 and separated last April 7. It was Mrs. Andre's third marriage. Her complaint asked return of her maiden name, La Una Anderson.

## British Royal Family Ends South Africa Tour

Abroad Royal Train, Beaufort West, South Africa, April 19 (AP)—The British royal family completed its official tour of South Africa today with a 30-minute stop at Beaufort West for a short ceremony.

When the ceremony was over and the royal party boarded the train again for Capetown, spirits were noticeably higher. The train will reach Capetown tomorrow, and after a few days rest there, King George VI, Queen Elizabeth and the two princesses will sail for home, probably next Thursday.

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## Spotted Fever Inoculation Urged by County

The Montgomery County Health Department yesterday warned that children and other persons frequently exposed to tick infestation should be inoculated against spotted fever.

Three clinics have been scheduled at the Kensington Health Center to give inoculations. The department announced. Appointments to attend should be made tomorrow from 9 a. m. to noon and from 1 a. m. to 4 p. m. The clinics will be held on the three succeeding Tuesdays from 9:15 a. m. to noon.

Persons never before inoculated must attend at three clinics to acquire immunity, the health department said. Persons previously inoculated can maintain immunity with one dose.

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# Nazi Industry Pay Pattern Chiefs Accused May Affect Of War Crimes Phone Strike

Nuernberg April 19 (AP)—Friedrich Flick and five other executives of Nazi Germany's biggest steel trust were accused today of the merciless enslavement of millions at the opening today of the first trial in history in industrialists as war criminals.

The shamelessly dishonored image of hankling, Brig. Gen. Telford Taylor, chief prosecutor, told the American tribunal before which all six pleaded innocent.

"They greedily plundered the resources of neighboring countries overrun by the wehrmacht. They supported, joined in and profited by the foulest and most murderous policies and programs of the third Reich."

The other defendants were Otto Steinbrink, Konrad Kaletsch, Bernhard Weiss, Herman Terberger and Otto Burkhardt. Their trial, based on the contention that they shared equal blame with military and political leaders for German war crimes, is a forerunner of similar prosecutions of executives of I. G. Farben and the Krupp trust.

Taylor accused them of boosting the Nazis to power, financing the SS (elite guard), exploiting slave labor, cheating Jews out of property and plundering occupied countries.

He said Flick emerged in 1932 as the "undisputed steel king" of Germany, and gave 100,000 marks a year to the SS, from which grew his solid position to obtain slave labor for his steel mills.

Taylor said Flick's records showed a memorandum about Poles and Russians which said:

"The eastern worker is very tough. He keeps on working until he falls on his face in the dirt and nothing remains for the doctor to do but to write out the death certificate."

## Hopes for '48 High as GOP Chiefs Gather

Kansas City, April 19 (AP)—Republican leaders, confident over their prospects in 1948, began arriving today for the National Committee meeting which will select the convention city where the standard bearer will be named.

Between greeting early arrivals and arranging details, Carroll Reece, Republican National Chairman, praised the work of the Republican-controlled Congress, particularly the action of the House in trimming the budget by six billion dollars.

He declared the cut would help in bringing down prices for "no nation can survive a burden where the people have to work one day in three for their Government."

Could Cut \$2.29 Billion

"If we controlled the executive branch we could cut the budget \$2.29 billion for the 1948-49 fiscal year," he added.

During Reece's press conference someone started to ask a question about Henry Wallace. Reece didn't wait for the question to be completed.

"I'm glad he's not a Republican," he countered.

Reece said that "despite lack of cooperation" from the Executive Department and the necessity of setting up new legislation, he never saw a "Congress accomplish so much in so short a time."

"In 14 weeks time," he told the press conference, "the House trimmed the budget, passed the tax reduction, portal-to-portal pay, the tenure of office bills and the labor bill, which sets up a new national labor policy."

Major Promises Fulfilled

"This means that the House has completed action on all the major promises made last fall."

Another early arrival was James F. Dewey, national committeeman for Vermont, who counted his state "still safe for the Republicans."

Dewey is a fifth cousin of Gov. Thomas Dewey of New York and his wife is a fourth cousin of the governor.

Only two cities are contenders for the 1948 gathering—Chicago and Philadelphia.

## Spotted Fever Inoculation Urged by County

The Montgomery County Health Department yesterday warned that children and other persons frequently exposed to tick infestation should be inoculated against spotted fever.

Three clinics have been scheduled at the Kensington Health Center to give inoculations. The department announced. Appointments to attend should be made tomorrow from 9 a. m. to noon and from 1 a. m. to 4 p. m. The clinics will be held on the three succeeding Tuesdays from 9:15 a. m. to noon.

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## British Royal Family Ends South Africa Tour

Abroad Royal Train, Beaufort West, South Africa



# Greek Communists Have Internal Row

## On War Views Churchill Attacked By Wallace

Oslo, Norway, April 19 (AP).—Henry Wallace charged tonight that Winston Churchill, Conservative leader in Britain, "dare not confess publicly the private conviction of his group that war is inevitable."

Wallace spoke before a group of 1000 government officials and labor leaders after lunching at a mountain villa with representatives of all parties in the Norwegian parliament.

"It is a source of sorrow that Britain's great fighting leader cannot use his genius in fighting for peace," Wallace said. "Peace is an active and positive cause demanding all resources of every human who does not want his sons slaughtered. It is a fighting cause. 'Sooner or later all Nordic races will reach maturity and conclude that war is a characteristic of childish minds.' Wallace said later before 2000 students who gathered to hear him after the former Vice President spoke to officials and labor leaders.

His U. S. Press

"Americans are denied the fifth freedom access to full information. While the American press is the finest in the world and does not tell deliberate lies, it engages in selective use of the truth. That is the latest word in propaganda. 'Americans are not nearly as hysterical about Russia as would appear from American newspapers. When I return to the United States I presume a blanket of silence will descend on me again. I broke through that silence curtain by coming to Europe. It was worth the trip. 'I fear the people of every country of the world are being denied access to the complete truth. When war or peace hangs on that access is vitally important.'"

Wallace said "foreigners in the United States wonder why Americans seem hysterical about Russia. 'If I only knew what I read in the press I would be hysterical,' he said. 'For an example, if I only knew what I read in the papers about Yugoslavia, I would be hysterical.'"

He declared it was easy "to give a fatal opportunity to the press to beat the war drums. 'That's why I'm concerned when patriotic United States admirals proclaim our vessels will go anywhere they damn please, and also when our warships go on goodwill tours to foreign waters.'"

He said the Hearst press drove the United States into the Spanish War by a reminder-the-Maine campaign "and later investigation showed that Spain was not responsible for the sinking. On these goodwill tours, if anything happened to our ships who would know who was responsible?"

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## Disagreement Held Greater Threat Than Army's Offensive

Athens, April 19 (AP).—Communist sources said today that disagreement had broken out within their party and had become so serious that it imperiled the guerrillas more than did the Greek army's 60,000-man offensive.

The basis of the disagreement, these sources said, was a burgeoning of patriotism in some Communist circles, including "Gen. Markos" Vafiades, leader of the guerrillas. This group, calling themselves the "Nationalist Communists," refuse to consider a "greater South Slav" plan, under which parts of Greece would be handed over to Yugoslavia and Bulgaria.

The opposing group, which is promoting the dismemberment of Greece, was said to include non-Greek Communists. The Greek Communist leader, Nicholas Zachariades, led Moscow five days ago for Salonika, and Allied intelligence sources believed he had stopped in Yugoslavia for conferences with representatives of George Dimitroff, the Bulgarian premier.

Dimitroff Held Boss  
Dimitroff is supposed to be the boss of all the Communists in the Balkans. Communist sources said Zachariades was seriously concerned with Vafiades' refusal to have anything to do with giving parts of Greece away.

Neutral observers said the Greek army offensive to "wipe out" the guerrillas appeared to have failed. Twenty thousand guerrillas were fleeing north by night from Thessaly and western Macedonia into the mountains along the border with Yugoslavia, Bulgaria and Albania.

The guerrillas, it was said, intend to set up a line extending from Yannina, near the Albanian frontier, to north of Florina, near the Yugoslav border, and the heights around Sidhrokastron, 15 miles south of Bulgaria.

Then, if the Greek army presses its offensive, the guerrillas will be able to flee into the countries at their backs, it was said.

Probe Group Reports  
Geneva, Switzerland, April 19 (AP).—The Balkans Investigating Commission today unanimously approved the first part of its report to the United Nations Security Council on Greek charges that Albania, Yugoslavia and Bulgaria are promoting Greek guerrilla warfare.

He declared it was easy "to give a fatal opportunity to the press to beat the war drums. 'That's why I'm concerned when patriotic United States admirals proclaim our vessels will go anywhere they damn please, and also when our warships go on goodwill tours to foreign waters.'"

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# The Firemen Were On Their Toes...



UP THE LADDERS—Aerial ladders from truck companies fighting the fire yesterday in the old Wylie House, reach the roof of the Thomas Circle landmark. Sixty firemen battled for 60 minutes to extinguish the blaze in the weathered three-story residence, 1205 14th st. nw., a survivor of the pre-Civil War period, which is to be torn down as a site for a new telephone company building.

## Board Decides To Purchase Fire Equipage

A \$17,000 appropriation for the purchase of two new pieces of fire equipment will be restored to the 1947-48 budget for Arlington County, it was learned yesterday.

The action was agreed upon yesterday by members of the Arlington County Board at a closed session on the proposed \$5,352,371 budget for next year. Deadline for adoption of the budget is April 30.

The need for new fire equipment to replace "over-age" equipment was almost the principal issue at a public hearing last week on the proposed budget.

Numerous civic groups and particularly the County Civic Federation requested the board restore the \$17,000 appropriation. The purchase had been recommended by Fire Chief A. C. Scheffel but was deleted in the final budget draft by County Manager Hanrahan.

A vigorous campaign for purchase by the county of new fire-fighting apparatus has been conducted by the Volunteer Firemen's Association.

Also discussed yesterday was the request of Police Chief Harry L. Woodyard for funds to hire an additional 15 policemen, a request also deleted by Hanrahan in his recommended budget.

Board members, it was learned, came to a tentative agreement that at least five more men would be added to the force.

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## Vessel Gains Port With 18 Survivors Of Norwegian Ship

Baltimore, April 19 (AP).—The Liberty ship John P. Mitchell put in here today with 18 survivors taken from life rafts three days after the Norwegian motorship Belpamela sank in the Atlantic April 10 about 1100 miles east of the Virginia Capes.

Nine men, including Capt. G. Gjertsen, the first mate, and the chief engineer, were listed as missing.

The survivors, all but three of them Norwegians, were transferred immediately to a hospital for physical checkups. All were reported in good condition. They are scheduled to go to New York after checking in with the Norwegian consul here.

In charge of the group was Georg Bengson of Oslo, second officer of the Belpamela. He declined to make a statement on the sinking until after a hearing at the Norwegian consulate in New York Monday. Members of the crew indicated to reporters that a locomotive in the cargo broke loose and rammed through the ship's side.

The Mitchell, en route from Rouen, France, to Baltimore, sighted a life raft April 13 and took off nine men. An hour's search located two more rafts, lashed together and with another nine men aboard. A further search turned up no trace of the nine missing men.

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## Jews Plotting Spring Rush Of Immigrants

Jerusalem, April 19 (AP).—Jewish quarters said today the underground resistance movement was planning a spring offensive designed to "flood the Cyprus detention camps" with irregular immigrants and embarrass the British.

The British sources admitted it. British sources said the movement was planning a spring offensive designed to "flood the Cyprus detention camps" with irregular immigrants and embarrass the British.

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# Volcano-Like Destruction On Helgoland

Cuxhaven, Germany, April 19 (AP).—Lieut. Bernard Cahill of the British navy said tonight that the island of Helgoland was so shattered "it looks as if there had been a volcanic eruption."

He and Herbert Woodsman, Royal Navy gunner, were the first men to set foot today on the former Nazi North Sea bastion after yesterday's demolition of the island's military installations by thousands of tons of explosives.

Cahill said the 8 miles of tunnels honeycombing the island collapsed, leaving huge craters. The reinforced concrete, 12 feet thick U-boat pier was destroyed completely.

The cemetery of the local inhabitants, carefully tended until the last day, survived the blast and remained as a memorial to the 4000 island people who have been sent away. The ruined houses of the old town, which was battered heavily by Allied air raids in the war, also appeared much the same.

The lighthouse at the end of the breakwater was still standing and the Biological Institute showed no visible alteration. There were no signs of fire.

In general, Hitler's proud war base has become nothing more than a bird sanctuary and an occasional refuge for storm-tossed fishermen.

Lieutenant Cahill cleared the main blast over a second explosion that followed the main blast by a few seconds. His reconnaissance showed that an unexploded bomb, an undiscovered souvenir of a wartime RAF raid, had been detonated by the blast.

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# Va. Should Give More Roads for Taxes, Says Kyhn

Fredericksburg, Va., April 19 (AP).—Virginia motorists should demand and get more roads for their money, E. A. Kyhn, secretary of the Petroleum Industries Committee of Virginia, said here yesterday in a speech before all dealers.

He characterized as "uncalled for and unnecessary" the increase in Virginia gasoline taxes last year. Even without the tax boost revenues would have reached an all-time high, he said.

Catesby Ware of Warren Wharf was elected chairman of the Fredericksburg district of the VPIC at the meeting. Arthur L. Tallaferra was elected vice president and Clayton Foster secretary.

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## Are Jones' Boys Still In Saddle?

By Bert Andrews

A SENATE committee's study of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation may provide definitive answers to two questions long heard in Washington:

1. Just how much power did Jesse H. Jones wield during his heyday, when he held such titles as Secretary of Commerce, chairman of the board of the RFC, chairman of the executive committee of the Export-Import Bank and administrator of the Federal Loan Agency.

2. Now that Jones has loosened his grip on two handfuls of strings, as is the right of a man just turned 73, how much power is still wielded by "his" men—men he put into all corporations that obtained big RFC loans?

Some of the members of the Senate Banking Committee, which is conducting the RFC investigation, voice the hope they will hear some of the replies from Jones himself. Some of them believe there was a time, during the war, when Jones was second only to the late President Roosevelt in authority and are inclined to think that many of what Jones used to call "his" men still pack a lot more weight than the general public realizes.

### The Who of Who's

FOR one bit of evidence, they turn to the 51 lines Jones uses in "Who's Who" to describe his activities. (President Truman uses 25 lines. Henry A. Wallace, who succeeded Jones briefly as Secretary of Commerce, uses 21 lines.)

For another they consult testimony given by one of "his" men during the Banking Committee's hearing—and to testimony given by another who was paid by the RFC but admittedly asked Jones for guidance now and then.

The witness who was one of "his" men was Stewart McDonald, formerly a deputy Federal Loan Administrator under Jones and now chairman of the executive committee of the board of directors of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Senator Tobey, (R., N. H.), committee chairman and Senator Capehart, (R., Ind.), did the questioning.

### 'His Men'

TOBEY—"How did you originally happen to go with the B. & O.?"

McDONALD—"The late Daniel Willard invited me to come to the B. & O. He did so at the suggestion of Mr. Jones. Mr. Jones had a policy of putting what he called 'his men' in all corporations where there were big loans. . . . And the stockholders have elected me every year since."

CAPEHART—"You say Mr. Jones always referred to these people as 'his men'?"

McDONALD—"Yes. Men he had confidence in. Men who would report to him any violation of usual business ethics or any deviation or diversion of any moneys beyond those which he thought were of corporate necessity."

The other witness, whose testimony showed that Jones was indisputably the boss over railroad matters in RFC, even after he left the chairmanship, was Charles B. Henderson, retiring RFC board chairman.

### Offstage Chairman

HENDERSON was emphatic about Jones' role.

TOBEY—"And when Mr. Jones left the RFC and went as Federal Loan Administrator, did he still handle the railroad loans for the RFC?"

HENDERSON—"As Federal Loan Administrator, he did. That was down to 1944, in my recollection."

TOBEY—"Did RFC ever take a position independent and out from under Jesse Jones on any important railroad loan?"

HENDERSON—"Not that I recall."

TOBEY—"During the period of your chairmanship were you the real chairman, directing the RFC? Or did Mr. Jones influence your decisions?"

HENDERSON—"In railroad matters he did, sir."

TOBEY—"He had these things in his pocket or under his hat and he was the man. Is that right?"

HENDERSON—"I do not know what he had in his pocket, but he had a great deal of influence with the entire board."

TOBEY—"He was 'it,' was he not?"

HENDERSON—"On railroad matters we looked to him. He recommended and approved those matters."

### A General Canvass

THE testimony of McDonald and Henderson was enough to whet the curiosity of the Senate committee. They expect to have more curiosity satisfied within a few days.

Two months ago, after receiving from RFC a list of former RFC men who have gone to good jobs with railroads, Senator Tobey asked the RFC to supply a master list of all former RFC men who have gone to jobs in any corporation to which the RFC ever extended loans.

Yesterday the committee included that the RFC had had sufficient time to prepare the list and asked why it was not ready and when it would be.

This master list is expected to be placed before the committee when it resumes its inquiry Tuesday.

## Army Finding Few 'Bugs' in Teen-Age Training Plan



DEVELOPMENT of individual initiative is one of the aims of the UMT experiment at Fort Knox. That's why the chevrons on the arm of Floyd J. Harris of St. Louis are on a brassard and aren't sewed to his sleeve. He's a "lance staff sergeant" with pro tem status, and will take his turn back in the ranks.

By Gerald C. Gross

Post Reporter

BOOTH TARKINGTON sympathized with him. The FBI says he is responsible for crimes all out of proportion to his years. Having outgrown the playthings of boyhood, he is yet too young to have come into the ways of manhood.

He is the late teen-ager, whose case has been argued by preachers from the pulpits, by matronly social workers from luncheon tables, by police sergeants behind desk

blotters, by doctors in social hygiene clinics, by almost anyone you care to name.

Including the United States Army.

Last week this reporter spent two days at Fort Knox, Ky., looking over the 600-odd youths upon whom the Army is working a very interesting experiment.

He was an observer, so to speak, with an official party whose components were four psychiatrists, a venereal disease expert and a woman educator.

Now that makes up a right formidable outfit. The boys had every excuse to curl up or blow under that sextet's professional scrutiny. But they passed inspection with the sangfroid of a sophisticated did these beyond 18 and 19 (just a handful of these year-olds).

Time Running Out

THIS was the Army Ground Forces' demonstration unit in universal military training. When our party paid its call last week, the unit was beginning its fourth month of the trial run, a trial which very possibly may decide whether UMT shall be enacted into law by Congress or not.

The dry run was authorized as a six-month project. That means it is only a matter of weeks until it expires—unless there is an extension—and the first test of its kind ever attempted by this Government will have become history.

The psychiatrists, to begin with, saw for themselves that these young men, representing 44 States and the District of Columbia, have not been converted into a pack of neurotics by the queer, un-Army-like regimen.

And the venereal disease specialist learned that the grand total

of cases accumulated by these more than 600 young men since they were brought together at Fort Knox last January is exactly one. (A gonorrhea infection, acquired in the course of a three-day pass, has been cured.)

Some Preconceptions

THE psychiatrists in question were Drs. Edward B. Strecker, Manfred Guttmacher and Lauren H. Smith, civilian consultants to the Army Surgeon General, and Col. John M. Caldwell, who heads the neuropsychiatric branch of the Army Medical Department. Col. K. R. Lundberg, Surgeon General Norman T. Kirk's chief of preventive medicine, was the other doctor in the Washington party, and the woman educator is superintendent of instruction for one of the Western States.

Dr. Strecker is professor of psychiatry at the University of Pennsylvania School of Medicine and an adviser to the Navy, Public Health Service, Veterans' Administration and American Red Cross, as well as the Army. Dr. Guttmacher serves as special adviser to the Baltimore courts and Dr. Smith is physician-in-chief of the Institute of Pennsylvania Hospital at Philadelphia.

The woman in the party came to Fort Knox admittedly prejudiced against compulsory military training for America's youth. When she left, her mind was not changed one iota. The two Army doctors, also visiting the demonstration battalion for the first time, were biased in favor of UMT before they left the Pentagon for Fort Knox. Only the three civilian doctors embarked upon the tour with minds open on the subject.

When they left Bolling Field Wednesday, the three psychiatrists were sold on the principle. They appreciated that the Fort Knox demonstration is a small scale model, whose virtues could hardly be expected to be so great if the job were done on a million youths. They were cognizant, too, of a major shortcoming—inadequate planning for the mental guidance of the recruits.

Traditions Discarded

BUT WHAT they saw and heard and did in two days of attending classes, witnessing field operations, and observing the

Continued on Page 6, Column 2.

THE "GIG SHEET" at Fort Knox lists the UMT trainees' demerits, and Carl E. Oliver is checking up on his safety margin. Demerits are the basis of disciplinary action.

THESE LUCKY TRAINEES are weekend house guests in the Lexington home of one of the members of Governor Simon Willis' civilizing advisory committee. Other boys stay at the USO club, and their commander knows where each one is billeted. The UMT patch, incidentally, is a handy tip to barkeepers that the wearers are under 21.

### Gallery Glimpses

## Party Lines Dissolve When Truman Frolics

By Robert C. Albright

Post Reporter

SECRET of Harry Truman's long armistice with Congress: He never mixes politics with a Capitol frolic.

Bipartisan cooperation—that utopian goal of nonpartisans—never works better than when the President is just having fun.

That's why those "pregame" luncheons at the Capitol have become an annual event. Senators of the opposition enjoy the lark as much as he does.

Before last week's American League opener was called on account of rain, bipartisan team play had its best workout yet.

Harry Truman simply motored up to the Capitol to see Amateur Magician Lowell Mason's latest bag of tricks at a carefree lunch with former cronies.

Fishy Business

HERE are some of the things that happened:

Republican Senator Chan Gurney raised a ruckus when the waiter served him steak.

Steak, insisted Gurney, was calculated to bring bad luck to the home team. The South Dakota demanded catfish—Missouri catfish! Only catfish could win the game.

Democratic Senator Ed Johnson (Colo.) boasted he was a Missouri catfish fisherman. Johnson donned a slicker and went out to fetch a mess. He returned promptly with a bowl of goldfish for Gurney.

Republican Senator Ross Robert A. Taft joined in the sport. Taft produced a bow tie, Truman style, and said he intended to present it to the Senator who followed. Truman policies most closely.

Taft tried to put the tie on Wyoming's Joseph C. O'Mahoney, but O'Mahoney's own four-inch band protested, waving frantically in Taft's face. It was Magician Mason's way of saying O'Mahoney wears his own collar. Taft finally gave up, awarded the bow tie to Acting Democratic Leader Scott W. Lucas.

Maine to Missouri

NEXT it was Harry Truman's turn. He presented a miniature statue of a ballplayer to Senator Republican Leader Wallace H. White, Jr. (Me.), for closest guess on the score of the last league opener. White responded with a heart-warming tribute to Truman.

Then the party reverted to more Mason stunts. Drilled well in minor magic, each Senator performed like a trouper.

Republican Senator Eugene D. Millikin (Colo.) awarded prizes for the best second guessers on last year's opener—Attorney General Tom Clark and Maj. Gen. Harry H. Vaughan.

When Millikin reached in his pocket the prizes weren't there. He produced a wand instead, tapped first Clark and then Vaughan on the shoulder. A white flower immediately blossomed in the lapel of each.

Call it Main Street, call it corn, but it's still clean fun.

Harry Truman makes friends and holds them during every such romp.

### Play Ball

ONLY a soul-rendering decision kept the Senate in session Friday, during the American League's delayed opening here.

Most Senators, turned away from Griffith Stadium by Monday's wet field, had rainchecks for the game. The stage was all set for a Friday.

Continued on Page 6, Column 1.

## Elizabeth Alexandra Mary Windsor's Most Important Broadcast

## The Lovely Heir to an Empire Comes of Age

(See additional pictures in Parade.)

By Russell Landstrom

WITH THE ROYAL ENTOURAGE in South Africa (P)—Princess Elizabeth Alexandra Mary Windsor, heir to the British throne, symbol of a new generation bent upon reform and one of the world's most popular girls, will celebrate her twenty-first birthday April 21, thus marking the transition from royal apprenticeship to sterner responsibilities.

On the anniversary, which coincides with the end of the royal tour, the Princess will broadcast to the British Commonwealth and Empire from Capetown. The speech will be the most important she ever has delivered.

The occasion will be highlighted by a rally of young people, a state dinner, fireworks display and a civic ball. Three days later the King, Queen and Princesses will sail on H. M. S. Vanguard for England and the destiny awaiting the heir presumptive.

A Workman's Ward

AMERICAN TROOPS in wartime Britain liked Princess Elizabeth because she was friendly and unaffected; Gen. Thomas Holcomb, United States Minister to the Union of South Africa, found that she had an old head on young shoulders; South Africans have been drawn to her, although remarking that at times she seemed too serious-minded and reserved.

The pith of most British opinion resides in a growing confidence in her capabilities and judgment, young though she is. The period of her annealing was one of unprecedented shocks, rigors and challenges.

When Princess Elizabeth, in company with Princess Margaret, visited the British Legion's memorial poppy factory in London last autumn, one garbled veteran of the Somme said feelingly: "That girl's the biggest asset this country has got. She'll make a grand queen."

That is an opinion heard often and expressed on many levels.

As one of a family known for its excellent teamwork, its decidedly British—but not insular—characteristics, its love of domesticity and its quiet courage under fire, Princess Elizabeth naturally would be held in high esteem by the millions over whom she one day will rule.

Older folk who recall that at the outbreak of war the Princesses were mere children, say that until recently Elizabeth's position was taken for granted in a somewhat vague fashion. Now the adolescent has become a woman and Elizabeth moves into that succession of monarchs and heirs who, with only one break, have dwelt in Windsor Castle since the era of William the Conqueror.

Regal Countourier

THE PUBLIC is now satisfied that she has been properly trained to take that place, schooled in many ways as any other child might be, without stressing the greatness of her future position.

No one played a greater part in the education of Princess Elizabeth than her royal grandmother, Queen Mary, who watched over her studies, and in large measure had the final say about clothes, recreation and matters of discipline. In recent years it has been Queen Mary who escorted Elizabeth to art galleries, scientific laboratories, industrial plants, schools and nurseries.

Another who has deeply influenced the

Princess is her governess of more than 15 years, the Scottish-born Marian Crawford, now in her middle thirties. A woman of wit, ready sympathies and a dislike of pedantic methods, she proved an ideal guide for a child destined for exalted station.

Impulsiveness and a certain capriciousness were restrained in the formative years. The greatest care was taken to make sure Elizabeth would not be spoiled by public adulation. She was taught to rely upon herself.

Servants waited upon her, of course, but she was held responsible for looking after her schoolbooks, tidying up her room and darning her own stockings. She helped the Queen with sewing and knitting.

Much else she learned in that strict school for queenhood—how to remember names and recognize faces, to obey the rules of give

interest in people. She does not have her mother's ineradicable smile, which is so seemingly personal that each person in a crowd swears she is smiling at him.

Elizabeth's seriousness hides her sense of humor, love of sheer nonsense and delight in folk songs and popular dance tunes.

The heir presumptive is reputed also to have developed thoroughness. Like her father, she insists on careful attention to detail, clear explanations and first-hand information.

Performing her public duties she is outwardly serene and completely self-possessed, but her intimates say that some of these duties have proved trying, indeed. Nevertheless, mastery of the situation never is in doubt.

Princess Elizabeth's coming of age actually will make little immediate difference in her status, mode of life or obligations to the Commonwealth. As one member of the royal household put it, she crosses an imaginary line, and nothing really happens.

Legally, she becomes responsible for all her actions, just the same as every other citizen; and she may now serve as Regent in the event of the King's absence or incapacitation. She will continue most of her studies, though probably on a more informal basis, special attention being given to constitutional history.

Languages, English literature, music and mathematics—her weakest subject—likewise will get considerable attention. Shortly before the South African tour the Princess began to study Afrikaans and she is determined to add that language to her accomplishments in French and German.

Venerable Sparkplug

IT IS THOUGHT likely that she will become increasingly interested in philosophy, her association with Prime Minister Jan Smuts, who talked to her by the hour about Plato and Aristotle, having stimulated her curiosity. Coupled with this desire to explore higher thought is a developing idealism, fostered by her regard, her wider contacts and her observations in a new country whose complicated racial problems baffle the wisest.

Both young and old have remarked her grave attitude in the company of distinguished leaders, and her knack of shrewdly and charmingly "picking their brains."

Intimates affirm that she has an unshakable faith in the future of the British Commonwealth. Prophecies of Britain's decline from major power to something like a satellite state strike her as ridiculous.

At the age of 21 the Princess will be better able to shoulder some of the mounting burdens of the Queen's work—the handling of voluminous correspondence, appearances at important public functions, the extension of royal patronage to worthy undertakings. Already she receives a heavy mail in her own right.

Travel will figure vitally in the future queen's program. Intimates believe that with air transportation becoming faster and safer, the Princess may fly to South Africa for a few weeks to renew friendships and familiarize herself further with the Union's affairs. Voyages to Australia and Canada probably will be made in a few years.

Elizabeth's coming of age has revived the tenacious rumors of her supposed

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A PHOTOGRAPHIC PORTRAIT of Princess Elizabeth by Cecil Beaton shows her in a rose-colored lace and tulle dress embroidered in rose and gold with blue butterflies. The photo was made in Buckingham Palace.

Wide World Photo.

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## Big 4 Pack Bags, West Taking Lead

By Francis W. Carpenter

NEW YORK, April 19 (P)—Soviet Russia and the Western Powers failed this week to achieve agreement on the vital issues of the German and Austrian treaties.

Barring an unlikely change of heart by Russia or the West, there were strong hints that the conference would break up next week. An advance guard of experts on German problems left Moscow, and Foreign Secretary Bevin of Britain was reported to have ordered his train for Tuesday.

Disagreement, which has been the keynote of the six-week conference, reached a climax Friday when Secretary of State Marshall accused V. M. Molotov of Russia, of trying to create a puppet state of Austria, to which Marshall said emphatically the United States never would agree.

Other developments on the international front included:

1. The Truman Greek-Turkish aid proposals held attention in Congress and the United Nations.

2. Bevin scored a gain in a British cabinet shuffle.

3. Chinese one-party rule ended.

4. Henry A. Wallace's European speaking tour drew first Winston Churchill chimed in with a broadside at Wallace.

5. The United Nations called a special Assembly session on Palestine.

### Big Four Disagreements

SECRETARY of State Marshall talked with Stalin for 90 minutes last Tuesday night. The conversation produced no publicly known change in the conflict between Russia and the West. The conference went along its road of discord until a new low in cooperation was registered Friday.

Marshall called for a showdown Friday on the Austrian treaty. The main issue is a definition of German assets which Russia can use for reparations.

Molotov rejected Marshall's definition of German assets and Marshall finally said the ministers seemed farther apart than ever. Bevin sided with Marshall.

The ministers gathered in Moscow March 10 with hopes of writing the Austrian treaty and starting work on the German treaty. They have failed to get together on reparations, German assets in Austria, a four-power treaty to assure the disarmament of Germany and a host of minor issues. The powers stated their positions but made no progress in reconciling their differences.

Greek-Turkish Aid

OPponents of the Truman proposal to spend 400 million dollars to help Greece and Turkey had their day in the United States Senate but there was no sign they would be able to stop final approval of the measure. The Senate agreed to vote Tuesday.

The House Foreign Affairs Committee approved the proposal without a negative vote. It now comes up in the House for debate.

The United Nations Security Council heard Andrei A. Gromyko, Soviet delegate, assail the proposal for the second time. He charged that the Vandenberg amendment, which gives a majority of the Security Council or a two-thirds majority of the Assembly the right to halt the program, "scooped" the United Nations.

The Council decided by a nine to zero vote Friday, with Poland and Russia abstaining, to keep representatives of its Balkan Investigation Commission in the Greek border area while the Council acts on the commission's report. At the same time, a majority of the Council indicated disapproval of Gromyko's proposal that a special U. N. commission be set up to supervise all outside aid to Greece.

Bevin Scores Again

FOREIGN Secretary Bevin has a sizeable block of Laborite opposition in Commons but he scored again in a cabinet reshuffle.

Prime Minister Attlee transferred the British zone in Germany from the War Office to Bevin's Foreign Office, giving Bevin an even stronger hand in his moves to seek a settlement in Germany.

In the top cabinet shift, Lord Pethick-Lawrence, 75-year-old, resigned as Secretary of State for India and Burma because he felt a younger man should have the duties of preparing those areas for return to their own people. The Earl of Listowel, 40 years old, replaced him.

Chinese Coalition

THE 20-year one-party rule of the Kuomintang, the dominant Nationalist party in China, ended this week with the formation of a coalition government. This new regime, and interim arrangement, was designed to serve until a permanent government is elected and installed, possibly late this year, under the new Chinese constitution.

Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek retained power as chairman of a state council. This council was made up of 12 Kuomintang members, 4 young China Party men, 3 Democratic Socialists and 4 non-partisans.

Gen. Chang Chun replaced T. V.

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Sunday, April 20, 1947

# Greek Communists Have Internal Row

## On War Views Churchill Attacked By Wallace

Oslo, Norway, April 19 (AP).—Henry Wallace charged tonight that Winston Churchill, Conservative leader in Britain, "dare not confess publicly the private conviction of his group that war is inevitable."

Wallace spoke before a group of 1000 government officials and labor leaders after lunching at a mountain villa with representatives of all parties in the Norwegian parliament.

"It is a source of sorrow that Britain's great fighting leader cannot use his genius in fighting for peace," Wallace said. "Peace is an active and positive cause demanding all resources of every human who does not want his sons slaughtered. It is a fighting cause. 'Sooner or later all Nordic races will reach maturity and conclude that war is a characteristic of childish minds,' Wallace said later before 2000 students who gathered to hear him after the former Vice President spoke to officials and labor leaders.

**His U. S. Press**

"Americans are denied the fifth freedom—access to full information. While the American press is the finest in the world and does not tell deliberate lies, it engages in selective use of truth. That is the latest word in propaganda. 'Americans are not nearly as hysterical about Russia as would appear from American newspapers. When I return to the United States I presume a blanket of silence will descend on me again. I broke through that silken curtain by coming to Europe. It was worth the trip.

"I fear the people of every country of the world are being denied access to the complete truth. When war or peace hangs on that access it is vitally important."

**Blames Newspapers**

Wallace said "foreigners in the United States wonder why Americans seem hysterical about Russia."

"If I only knew what I read in the press I would be hysterical," he said. "For an example, if I only knew what I read in the papers about Yugoslavia, I would be hysterical."

He declared it was easy "to give a fatal opportunity to the press to beat the war drums."

"That's why I'm concerned when patriotic United States admirals proclaim our vessels will go anywhere they damn please, and also when our warships go on goodwill tours to foreign waters."

He said the Hearst press drove the United States into the Spanish War by a member-of-the-Maine campaign "and later investigation showed that Spain was not responsible for the sinking. On these goodwill tours, if anything happened to our ships who would know who was responsible?"

## Phone Service Curtailed but Talks Continue

Baltimore, April 19 (AP).—Talking by telephone still was curtailed sharply in Maryland today, but the talking about the phone strike went on.

As the work stoppage approached the end of its second week, a Chesapeake & Potomac official reported more and more service was becoming available.

August B. Hanke, vice president, said service in about 100 Maryland cities was "nearly normal" due to increased efficiency of supervisory personnel and return of some workers.

Talks between the Maryland Federation of Telephone Workers, one of five striking unions, and the C. & P. continued. Lucien F. Rye, Federal conciliator mediating the conferences, reported "some progress" had been made in yesterday's session.

The MFTW and the phone company were seeking to agree on issues to be submitted to arbitration.

Before calling today's meeting, Rye met with the company and the traffic operators' union. This union, not on strike but idle, threatens to strike May 8 unless agreement on a new contract is reached.

Financial aid for the telephone strikers was being planned by the CIO. State leaders were preparing letters to all Maryland locals asking for contributions.

## Dr. Ryan Is Dean Of Catholic U. Sisters College

The Rev. Dr. Gerald A. Ryan, assistant professor of religious education at Catholic University, has been appointed dean of the University's Catholic Sisters College.

That announcement was made yesterday by the Right Rev. Msgr. P. J. McCormick, university rector, following approval by the trustees.

Dr. Ryan was ordained to the priesthood in the Philadelphia Cathedral in May, 1936, and has taught English and religion since 1938. He has contributed several articles on canon law and religious education to religious reviews and digests.

A past treasurer and secretary of the Canon Law Society, Dr. Ryan served during the war as auxiliary chaplain at Fort Belvoir, Va.

## Disagreement Held Greater Threat Than Army's Offensive

Athens, April 19 (AP).—Communist sources said today that disagreement had broken out within their party and had become so serious that it imperilled the guerrillas more than did the Greek army's 60,000-man offensive.

The basis of the disagreement, these sources said, was a burgeoning of patriotism in some Communists, including "Gen. Markos" Vafiades, leader of the guerrillas. This group, calling themselves the "Nationalist Communists," refuse to consider a "greater South Slavia" plan, under which parts of Greece would be handed over to Yugoslavia and Bulgaria.

The opposing group, which is promoting the dismemberment of Greece, was said to include non-Greek Communists. The Greek Communist leader, Nicholas Zachariades, left Moscow five days ago for Salonika, and Allied intelligence sources believed he had stopped in Yugoslavia for conferences with representatives of George Dimitrov, the Bulgarian premier.

**Dimitrov Held Boss**

Dimitrov is supposed to be the boss of all the Communists in the Balkans. Communist sources said Zachariades was seriously concerned over Vafiades' refusal to have anything to do with giving parts of Greece away.

Neutral observers said the Greek army offensive to "wipe out" the guerrillas appeared to have failed. Twenty thousand guerrillas were fleeing north by night from Epirus and western Macedonia along the border with Yugoslavia, Bulgaria and Albania.

The guerrillas, it was said, intend to set up a line extending from Yannina, near the Albanian frontier, to north of Florina, near the Yugoslav border, and the heights around Sidhriokastro, 15 miles south of Bulgaria.

Then, if the Greek army presses its offensive, the guerrillas will be able to flee into the countries at their backs, it was said.

**Probe Group Reports**

Geneva, Switzerland, April 19 (AP).—The Balkans Investigating Commission today unanimously approved the first part of its report to the United Nations Security Council on Greek charges that Albanian, Yugoslav and Bulgarian forces are promoting Greek guerrilla warfare.

## Christendom Seen Facing Supreme Peril

Toledo, O., April 20 (AP).—Delegates to the fourth national congress of the National Federation of Catholic College Students, which opened here last night, were warned that Christendom faces the supreme peril of its entire history.

Attending the congress are an estimated 1500 students, nuns and priests representing 200,000 federated members in 107 Catholic colleges.

Bishop Karl J. Alter, of the Toledo diocese, told the initial session audience, "The structure of Christendom is broken and the traditional western ethic connected with the traditional faith is fighting for its right to be practiced and increasingly for its right to exist."

"The current issue—individual freedom versus state dictatorship—is highlighted everywhere in Europe today, not only behind the Iron curtain, but in Italy, France and England; and it is dramatically portrayed at this moment on the frontiers of Greece and the Dardanelles," Bishop Alter declared.

Archbishop Richard J. Cushing, Boston, honorary chairman of the congress, spoke against atheistic and materialistic communism.

## Soviet Held Ready to Open Port of Dairen

Shanghai, April 19 (AP).—Private reports from excellent Chinese sources said today that Soviet authorities apparently were ready to open Dairen to Chinese administrative personnel and police but not to Chinese government troops.

The Chinese-Soviet treaty of 1945 provides that Dairen, Manchuria's biggest commercial port, shall be under Chinese administration as a free port, but it has been Russian-occupied since the Japanese surrender.

The Chinese sources, declaring that many problems still remained before Chinese control could begin, said that lack of troop support would "nullify" Chinese administrative powers.

They said the Russians showed no disposition to let Chinese government troops enter by sea and that 30,000 well-armed Chinese soldiers were between Dairen and the Chinese government armies on the land approaches. They expressed fear that a government attack on these Communists might cause Soviet misunderstanding and "might even result in actual clashes" on the Dairen perimeter.

On the civil war front in China proper, pro-government reports credited government armies with a 33-mile advance west of Tientsin, but said both sides had scored local successes in the Shihchiang area 172 miles southwest of Peiping.

In the drive west of Tientsin, the government troops were said to have pushed 30 miles westward from newly-captured Shengfang to Hsinghsing, taking Pashien en route. This would place the vanguard only 25 miles of the Peiping-Hankow railway, a frequent object of Communist attacks.

# The Firemen Were On Their Toes ...



UP THE LADDERS—Aerial ladders from truck companies fighting the fire yesterday in the old Wylie House, reach the roof of the Thomas Circle landmark. Sixty firemen battled for 60 minutes to extinguish the blaze in the weathered three-story residence, 1205 14th st. n.w., a survivor of the pre-Civil War period, which is to be torn down as a site for a new telephone company building.

## Board Decides To Purchase Fire Equipage

A \$17,000 appropriation for the purchase of two new pieces of fire equipment will be restored to the 1947-48 budget for Arlington County, it was learned yesterday.

The action was agreed upon yesterday by members of the Arlington County Board at a closed conference on the proposed \$5,352,371 budget for next year. Deadline for adoption of the budget is April 30.

The need for new fire equipment to replace "over-age" equipment was almost the principal issue at a public hearing last week on the proposed budget.

Numerous civic groups and particularly the County Civic Federation requested the board restore the \$17,000 appropriation. The purchase had been recommended by Fire Chief A. C. Scheffel but was deleted in the final budget draft by County Manager Hanrahan.

A vigorous campaign for purchase by the county of new fire-fighting apparatus has been conducted by the Volunteer Firemen's Association.

Also discussed yesterday was the request of Police Chief Harry L. Woodward for funds to hire an additional 15 policemen, a request also deleted by Hanrahan in his recommended budget.

Board members, it was learned, came to a tentative agreement that at least five more men would be added to the force.

This action is in line with other recommendations of the Civic Federation.

## AAUW Branch At College Park Will Be Hosts

The College Park branch of the American Association of University Women will be host of the fifth annual meeting of the Maryland State Division, Friday and Saturday.

The program will open with a dinner meeting of the board of directors at 1634 I st. n.w., Friday at 6 p. m.

The second day's program will include a tour of the University of Maryland campus, a business meeting, report of the national convention by Mrs. Clyde E. Everton, State president, and an afternoon of talks, all at the university.

Mrs. Ernest A. Walker, College Park, is general chairman of the meeting.

## Army Plane Crashes, Crew's Fate Unknown

Denver, April 19 (AP).—An Army plane bearing five men on a flight from Albuquerque, N. Mex., to Denver crashed early today near the Rattlesnake Buttes northeast of Walsenburg in southern Colorado, the Lowry Field public relations office here reported.

The office said First Lieut. Richard Sykes, piloting a search plane, spotted the craft reported missing C-45 was demolished. The scene was about 20 miles from Walsenburg. The fate of the occupants was not immediately established. Their names were not disclosed.

## Oil Union Head Asks Federal Probe of Blast

Fort Worth, Tex., April 19 (AP).—President O. A. Knight of the Oil Workers International Union (CIO) disclosed today he had asked for a Federal probe of the Texas City explosions.

Knight asserted that at least 30 members of Local 449 had perished in the explosions. The union official said he was particularly interested in an explanation as to why the second burning ship, High Flyer—was left at the terminal.

## Costa Rica Puts Ban On Purse Seine Fishing

San Jose, Costa Rica, April 19 (AP).—The Costa Rican government has banned temporarily purse seine (net) fishing in its territorial waters, pending a report by a fact-finding commission. Several purse seine fishing boats en route to Costa Rica have been recalled to their bases. Seining has been opposed by casting fishermen on the grounds that the nets destroy many fish.

## Vessel Gains Port With 18 Survivors Of Norwegian Ship

Baltimore, April 19 (AP).—The Liberty ship John P. Mitchell put in here today with 18 survivors taken from life rafts three days after the Norwegian motorship Belpemela sank in the Atlantic April 10 about 1100 miles east of the Virginia Capes.

Nine men, including Capt. G. Gjertsen, the first mate, and the chief engineer, were listed as missing.

The survivors, all but three of them Norwegians, were transferred immediately to a hospital for physical checkups. All were reported in good condition. They are scheduled to go to New York after checking in with the Norwegian consul here.

In charge of the group was Georg Bengson of Oslo, second officer of the Belpemela. He declined to make a statement on the sinking until after a hearing at the Norwegian consulate in New York Monday. Members of the crew indicated to reporters that a locomotive in the cargo broke loose and rammed through the ship's side.

The Mitchell, en route from Rouen, France, to Baltimore, sighted a life raft April 13 and took off nine men. An hour's search located two more rafts, lashed together and with another nine men aboard. A further search turned up no trace of the nine missing men.

## Hyattsville To Nominate Tomorrow

Nominating convention to name candidates for the biennial Hyattsville city election will be held tomorrow at 5 p. m. in the Municipal Building.

At least two candidates for mayor already have announced. They are: Councilman Caesar L. Aiello of the Second Ward and Paxton Holden, whose father, the late John G. Holden, was once mayor.

Aiello previously had announced he would not be a candidate, but changed his mind after the death of Mayor E. Murray Gover April 10. He has said he is opposed to bond issues and favors reduction of the tax rate.

Holden favors a bond issue and says any thought of reducing the tax rate is "wishful thinking."

Contest are expected in all except one of the four city wards for council posts.

Councilman Thomas E. Arnold, first ward incumbent, is opposed by Howard M. Smith, Councilman H. Wilson Spicknall, second ward, apparently will not have opposition for reelection but if Councilman Aiello is elected mayor there will be a vacancy in the second ward to be filled by the council.

Mayor Robert T. Platt, named after Mayor Gover's death to serve out his unexpired term, is a candidate to succeed himself as councilman from the third ward. He is opposed by Hiram L. Lawrence.

Councilman Frederick M. Coxen, fourth ward, is seeking reelection and is opposed by Henry J. Hellman and possibly by Howard P. Lemon. Councilman David M. James, of the fourth ward is expected to retire shortly and move with his family to Florida. Councilman Coxen will seek the four-year term. The second vacancy will be a two-year term.

## Leyte Booms 19-Gun Salute to Greek Visitors

Aboard the U. S. S. Leyte in Suda Bay, Crete, April 19 (AP).—A 19-gun salute boomed today from the aircraft carrier Leyte for the Greek Ministers of Navy and Air, Themistocles Venizelos and Peter Constantinou, visitors to the U. S. Navy task force here.

The representatives of the Greek government, accompanied by the governor-general of Crete, Cristos Zifakis, were received aboard the Leyte by Vice Adm. Bernhard H. Bieri, commander of U. S. Naval forces in the Mediterranean, and other commanders of force units.

The Leyte—with three light cruisers, five destroyers and a destroyer tender—arrived here last Wednesday.

## Jews Plotting Spring Rush Of Immigrants

Jerusalem, April 19 (AP).—Jewish quarters said today the underground resistance movement was planning a spring offensive designed to "flood the Cyprus detention camps" with irregular immigrants and embarrass the British while the Palestine case is being heard before the United Nations Assembly.

Hagana, moderate underground group which specializes in bringing immigrants into Palestine despite British regulations, was said by one informant to have a program of bringing about 5000 immigrants a month to the shores of the Holy Land "if the flow of ships and money can be sustained."

British sources admitted it was "conceivable that the Cyprus Camps would be filled within six weeks" if Hagana could put out intercepted shipload a week over the long and dangerous underground railway and sea route from Europe.

"The British thought, taking illegal immigrants to Cyprus, thus demonstrating that they would not be permitted to stay in Palestine, even in detention camps, would put a stop to the illegal shipload," one Jewish source commented. "But Hagana is out to show that that theory is false."

The British source declined to speculate where immigrants would be held if the Cyprus camps were filled. Jewish quarters said they might be sent to Cirencaia in North Africa or Kenya in East Africa.

Jewish quarters said Caraoles and other Cyprus camps already were holding 12,000 and could take only about 8000 more.

Jewish sources said a schooner which left Marseille a fortnight ago with 800 Jews was believed nearing this country.

A communiqué from Cyprus said one Jew was killed and six wounded yesterday in a demonstration against the British.

Two loud explosions, explained by the British as the precautionary firing of depth charges against "frogmen" who might attempt to attack mines to ships in the harbor, were heard at Haifa tonight.

The British continued strict security measures despite the apparent cessation on the Jewish Sabbath of a series of terrorist incidents yesterday in which two persons were killed and five injured.

## Scotland Yard on Prowl

London, April 19 (NS).—The Daily Graphic said today that scores of Scotland Yard branch officers staged a series of midnight raids on Bloomsbury hotels and lodging houses to question suspected Jewish extremists.

Radio cars reportedly patrolled the streets while officers with lists of suspects quizzed the residents in their rooms.

## George C. Huber, Publisher, Dies

Hancock, Md., April 19 (AP).—George C. Huber, 75-year-old publisher of the weekly Hancock News, died unexpectedly at his home today of a cerebral hemorrhage.

Huber had been in the weekly newspaper business here for 56 years and for the last 33 had been publisher of the News. He came here from Greencastle, Pa., in 1889. During the administration of Governor Harry Nice he served as a magistrate.

## Funeral Is Held For W. F. Koiner

Waynesboro, Va., April 19.—Funeral services were held here today for William Fisher Koiner, 95, member of a pioneer Shenandoah Valley family, who died Thursday.

Burial was in Bethlehem Lutheran Cemetery.

A native of Braxton County, Va., Mr. Koiner lived most of his life in Waynesboro. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Margaret Koiner; two sons, Fay A. Koiner of Waynesboro and Raleigh G. Koiner of Alexandria; and two daughters, Mrs. S. F. Bradley of Harrisonburg and Mrs. Casper Colner of Waynesboro.

# Volcano-Like Destruction On Helgoland

Cuxhaven, Germany, April 19 (AP).—Lieut. Bernard Cahill of the British navy said tonight that the island of Helgoland was so shattered "it looks as if there had been a volcanic eruption."

He and Herbert Wooman, Royal Navy gunner, were the first men to set foot today on the former Nazi North Sea bastion after yesterday's demolition of the island's military installations by thousands of tons of explosives.

Cahill said the 8 miles of tunnels honeycombing the island collapsed, leaving huge craters. The reinforced concrete, 12 feet thick U-boat pens was destroyed completely.

The cemetery of the local inhabitants, carefully tended until the last day, survived the blast and remained as a memorial to the 4000 island people who have been sent away. The ruined houses of the old town, which was battered heavily by Allied air raids in the war, also appeared much the same.

The lighthouse at the end of the breakwater was still standing and the Biological Institute showed no visible alteration. There were no signs of fires.

In general, Hitler's proud war base has become nothing more than a bird sanctuary and an occasional refuge for storm-tossed fishermen.

Lieutenant Cahill cleared the mystery over a second explosion that followed the main blast by a few seconds. His reconnaissance showed that an unexploded bomb, an undiscovered souvenir of a wartime RAF raid, had been detonated by the blast.

## Senators Ask Army to Trim Officers' Rank

Thousands of Regular and temporary Army officers face a check-up by economy-minded Senators who doubt that speedy wartime promotions are being cut back to a peacetime basis.

A War Department request for nearly 500 million dollars "for pay of the Army" between now and July 1 stirred up protests at a closed session of the Senate Appropriations Committee.

Senator Dworthak (R., Idaho) told a reporter yesterday he believed that "millions of dollars" could be saved if the War Department cooperated in reducing the temporary wartime ranks.

"Thousands of officers still are serving in grades several notches higher than provided by peacetime conditions," Dworthak said.

He expects the Appropriations Committee tomorrow to order an investigation by the committee staff.

**Wants Strong Army**

The freshman Republican said he knew of some West Point graduates who now would be first lieutenants under peacetime promotions but actually are drawing pay and allowances of lieutenant colonels under temporary rank.

"I want a strong national defense and Army, but efficiency and morale of the Armed Forces is not aided by prolonging temporary wartime promotions," he said.

"There is little justification for keeping some of these officers in the higher temporary grades long after the actual shooting ended."

Dworthak said that thousands of civilian workers who earned "big pay in shipyards and aircraft factories have returned to a peacetime salary scale" and Congress expects all Government agencies, including the armed forces, to help in slicing Government costs.

**Raised Issue in January**

The House previously voted 465 million dollars for the Army pay deficiency and a Senate Subcommittee upped this nearly 25 million dollars, bringing critical questions from Dworthak and others.

Dworthak raised the question of officer demotions with the War Department in January. At that time Maj. Gen. Edward F. Weisell, the adjutant general, replied that promotions had been suspended in June 1946, until actual officer requirements were determined.

"No reason exists at the present for further drastic reductions in temporary ranks," the adjutant general replied in January.

## Mother Confesses 'Mercy Killing' of 13-Year-Old Son

Cleveland, Ohio, April 19 (AP).—A tearful mother today confessed to the "mercy killing" of her 13-year-old feeble-minded son.

She was tortured by thoughts that no one would care for him if she should die.

Mrs. Rose Nagy, 41, fired four shots into the chest of Rudolph Sutoris, her son by a previous marriage, yesterday and told police it had been an accident.

She broke down under questioning.

"Yes, yes, I killed him," she sobbed. "I did it deliberately. I didn't want him to suffer."

Police held her on a murder warrant.

Detective Lieut. Dave Kerr revealed that the boy had been living on borrowed time. The mother, he said, had planned to kill him and herself several times since his father died two years ago.

## Arlington Police Send \$50 to Blast Victims

Members of Arlington's police force yesterday sent a \$50 money order to the people of blast-wrecked Texas City, Texas.

In a letter accompanying the donation sent to the police chief here, Arlington Police Chief Harry L. Woodward said: "This is for assistance to the needy in your community."

# Va. Should Give More Roads for Taxes, Says Kyhn

Fredericksburg, Va., April 19.—Virginia motorists should demand and get more roads for their money, E. A. Kyhn, secretary of the Petroleum Industries Committee of Virginia, laid here yesterday in a speech before oil dealers.

He characterized as "uncalled for and unnecessary" the increase in Virginia gasoline taxes last year. Even without the tax boost revenues would have reached an all-time high, he said.

Catesby Ware of Ware's Wharf was elected chairman of the Fredericksburg district of the VPIC at the meeting. Arthur L. Talsferro was elected vice president and Clayton Foster secretary.

## Reds Expected To Run 3d in Germany Vote

Hamburg, April 19 (AP).—Germans in the British zone will name deputies for three provincial parliaments tomorrow in an election in which the Communists were expected to run a poor third despite their recent exploitation of a critical food situation.

Voters will use the anniversary of Hitler's birthday to exercise a right he had denied them for 12 years. The parliaments represent the highest level of political power open to Germans at present.

The Centrist Christian Democrats (CDU) and the Social Democrats (SPD) were expected to fight it out for first place in the North Rhine Westphalia, lower Saxony and Schleswig-Holstein elections. Also in the field besides the Communists, are seven smaller parties.

In elections for county and borough seats in the British zone last October the Christian Democrats won 3518 seats and the Social Democrats 2549, although the latter's popular vote was 1,179,521 compared with 1,029,983 for the CDU. The Communists got 2,413,419 votes and only 139 seats.

## Good Neighbor Policy Held Inadequate

Philadelphia, April 19 (AP).—The famed good neighbor policy is becoming "an empty and hollow concept" because the doctrine creates "neither freedom nor economic security" for many peoples of the Americas, Dr. Ezequiel Padilla, former Mexican Foreign Affairs secretary, declared today.

"A great part of our continent is subjected to oppression," Dr. Padilla told the Foreign Policy Association of Philadelphia, "without any effort on the part of our union of American Nations to defend the liberties of the people. These people live in poverty and social injustice without the organized cooperation of our vaunted Pan Americanism."

He added, "One sombre reality has blocked the way of cooperation in our Latin American countries, and it is the dishonesty and administrative corruption of dictatorships and lawless government that cover a great part of our Americas."

"It seems . . . ironic that the vanquished nations of World War II now have the support of victory to enjoy governments of their choice; and that people who fought and sacrificed themselves for democracy may be crushed under despotisms with the complicity of the victors."

"This is not a problem confined to America. It is the problem of democracy throughout all the world."

"The best way to fight against Communism is to fight for democracy," the danger lies, not in the strength of Communism, but in the weakness which democracies defend and accomplish their principles."

## Maryland Guide Found Drowned In Shallow Pool

The body of a 65-year-old Maryland hunting and fishing guide was found face down in a pool filled with six inches of water yesterday. He was William Henry Beck, 616 Green st., Havre de Grace, Md.

He and Mrs. Beck were visiting their son, William O. Beck, 4613 Fordham rd., College Park, when he decided to take a walk in the vicinity of College Park airport Friday afternoon.

His body was found about 8 a. m. by Maurice Hager, Wildcroft, Md., in a water and rubbish filled hole on the property of the Altrack Corp. near the airport. Police believed he stumbled and fell.

Dr. James I. Boyd, Prince George County medical examiner, issued a certificate of accidental drowning.

## Error, Not Sabotage, Deflected Broadcasts

Frankfurt, Germany, April 19 (AP).—A mistakenly set control switch—not sabotage—was responsible for American broadcasts intended for Russia being beamed to South America, an Army investigation indicated today.

An informed source told the United Press that William Benton, Assistant Secretary of State, had been notified of investigation results in an official report. Benton charged 10 days ago that America's Russia-bound programs had been sabotaged by intentional reversal of the control switch at the powerful Munich relay station.

## What's Going On and Where

**Activities for Servicemen**

Visiting Officers for Servicemen, 1511 Pennsylvania ave. n.w., phone and refreshments, 7 to 11 p. m.

**Madison Army USO**, 401 Market st. n.w., (8th and Pennsylvania ave.), 10 to 11 p. m.

**2nd St. Public Supper**, 615 2nd st. n.w., 8 to 9 p. m.

**Post Office**, 630 17th and K sts. n.w., 8 to 9 p. m.

**National Catholic Community Service**, 912 15th st. n.w., recreation room, 10 to 11 p. m.

**Art Gallery and Exhibit**, Library of Congress, First and East Capitol sts., 10 to 11 p. m.

**National Gallery of Art**, 6th st. and Constitution ave. n.w., 10 to 11 p. m.

**Smithsonian Institution**, 10th st. and Independence ave. n.w., 10 to 11 p. m.

**Barclay Art Gallery**, at 127 Maryland ave. n.w., open 2 p. m. to 9 p. m.

# Madagascar Told It Must Remain French

Paris, April 19 (AP).—Dispatches from Tananarive today said Marcel de Coppet, French High Commissioner in Madagascar, told the representative assembly "France has her roots in Madagascar and intends to remain here."

De Coppet set at 100 the number of Europeans killed in the recent outbreaks of an independence movement but gave no figure for Madagascar natives.

"France has sent aid and will send more," he asserted. "But the M. D. R. M. (Democratic Movement of the Madagascar Renaissance) no longer exists."

The Madagascar situation, complicated by the arrest and quashing of parliamentary immunity of four Madagascar deputies, still echoed in Paris where the five Communist Ministers split with the cabinet on measures taken toward the deputies.

The Communists also spoke up again on Indochina, criticizing the visit of High Commissioner Emile Bollaert to the King of Cambodia.

"France must negotiate with Ho Chi Minh (Viet Nam leader) and Bollaert wastes his time with the King of Cambodia," L'Humaine observed.

Eduard Depreux, the Interior Minister, continued his peace-making tour in Algeria, where recent independence movements stirred unrest that a week ago had the government visibly troubled.

## Kidnaped Girl Is Restored To Her Parents

Chicago, April 19 (AP).—Five-year-old Mary Ann Kubon, kidnaped two years ago, today renewed her acquaintance with the mother and father she remembers only dimly.

Mary Ann arrived from New Orleans accompanied by a policeman. She was found there April 8 by FBI agents, living with William G. Fuller, 41, an ex-convict who had been charged with kidnapping June 28, 1945, and sought by the FBI on charges of unlawful flight. Fuller and his wife are professional roller skaters and planned to make Mary Ann part of their act, the FBI said.

Asked her name, the child told newsmen, "Mary Ann Fuller." But when she was led into an office where her family waited, she walked hesitantly over to her parents and kissed them.

"I



## Are Jones' Boys Still In Saddle?

By Bert Andrews

A SENATE committee's study of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation may provide definitive answers to two questions long heard in Washington:

1. Just how much power did Jesse H. Jones wield during his heyday, when he held such titles as Secretary of Commerce, chairman of the board of the RFC, chairman of the executive committee of the Export-Import Bank and administrator of the Federal Loan Agency.

2. Now that Jones has loosened his grip on two handfuls of strings, as is the right of a man just turned 73, how much power is still wielded by "his" men—men he put into all corporations that obtained big RFC loans?

Some of the members of the Senate Banking Committee, which is conducting the RFC investigation, voice the hope they will hear some of the replies from Jones himself. Some of them believe there was a time, during the war, when Jones was second only to the late President Roosevelt in authority and are inclined to think that many of what Jones used to call "his" men still pack a lot more weight than the general public realizes.

### The Who of Who's

FOR one bit of evidence, they turn to the 31 lines Jones uses in "Who's Who" to describe his activities. (President Truman uses 25 lines. Henry A. Wallace, who succeeded Jones briefly as Secretary of Commerce, uses 21 lines.)

For another they consult testimony given by one of "his" men during the Banking Committee's hearing—and to testimony given by another who was paid by the RFC but admittedly asked Jones for guidance now and then—and then.

The witness who was one of "his" men was Stewart McDonald, formerly a deputy Federal Loan Administrator under Jones and now chairman of the executive committee of the board of directors of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Senator Tobey, (R., N. H.), committee chairman and Senator Capehart, (R., Ind.), did the questioning.

### 'His Men'

TOBEY—"How did you originally happen to go with the B. & O.?"

McDONALD—"The late Daniel Willard invited me to come to the B. & O. He did so at the suggestion of Mr. Jones. Mr. Jones had a policy of putting what he called 'his men' in all corporations where there were big loans. . . . And the stockholders have elected me every year since."

CAPEHART—"You say Mr. Jones always referred to these people as 'his men'?"

McDONALD—"Yes. Men he had confidence in. Men who would report to him any violation of moral business ethics or any deviation or diversion of any money beyond those which he thought were of corporate necessity."

The other witness, whose testimony showed that Jones was indisputably the boss over railroad matters in RFC, even after he left the chairmanship, was Charles B. Henderson, retiring RFC board chairman.

### Offstage Chairman

HENDERSON was emphatic about Jones' role. TOBEY—"And when Mr. Jones left the RFC and went as Federal Loan Administrator, did he still handle the railroad loans for the RFC?"

HENDERSON—"As Federal Loan Administrator, he did. That was down to 1944, in my recollection."

TOBEY—"Did RFC ever take a position independent and out from under Jesse Jones on any important railroad loan?"

HENDERSON—"Not that I recall."

TOBEY—"During the period of your chairmanship were you the real chairman, directing the RFC? Or did Mr. Jesse Jones influence your decisions?"

HENDERSON—"In railroad matters he did, sir."

TOBEY—"He had these things in his pocket or under his hat and he was the man. Is that right?"

HENDERSON—"I do not know what he had in his pocket, but he had a great deal of influence with the entire board."

TOBEY—"He was 'it,' was he not?"

HENDERSON—"On railroad matters we looked to him. He recommended and approved those matters."

### A General Canvass

THE testimony of McDonald and Henderson was enough to whet the curiosity of the Senate committee. They expect to have more curiosity satisfied within a few days.

Two months ago, after receiving from RFC a list of former RFC men who have gone to good jobs with railroads, Senator Tobey asked the RFC to supply a master list of all former RFC men who have gone to jobs in any corporation to which the RFC ever extended loans.

Yesterday the committee insisted that the RFC had had sufficient time to prepare the list and asked why it was not ready and when it would be.

## Army Finding Few 'Bugs' in Teen-Age Training Plan



DEVELOPMENT of individual initiative is one of the aims of the UMT experiment at Fort Knox. That's why the chevrons on the arm of Floyd J. Harris of St. Louis are on a brassard and aren't sewed to his sleeve. He's a "lance staff sergeant" with pro tem status, and will take his turn back in the ranks.

THE "GIG SHEET" at Fort Knox lists the UMT trainees' demerits, and Carl E. Oliver is checking up on his safety margin. Demerits are the basis of disciplinary action.

THESE LUCKY TRAINEES are weekend house guests in the Lexington home of one of the members of Governor Simon Willis' civilian advisory committee. Other boys stay at the USO club, and their commanders know where each one is billeted. The UMT patch, incidentally, is a handy tip to barkeepers that the wearers are under 21.

By Gerald C. Cross

Post Reporter

BOOTH TARKINGTON sympathized with him. The FBI says he is responsible for crimes all out of proportion to his years. Having outgrown the playthings of boyhood, he is yet too young to have come into the ways of manhood.

He is the late teen-ager, whose case has been argued by preachers from the pulpits, by matronly social workers from luncheon tables, by police sergeants behind desks.

blotters, by doctors in social hygiene clinics, by almost anyone you care to name.

Including the United States Army.

Last week this reporter spent two days at Fort Knox, Ky., looking over the 600-odd youths upon whom the Army is working a very interesting experiment.

He was an observer, so to speak, with an official party whose components were four psychiatrists, a venereal disease expert and a woman educator.

Now that makes up a right formidable outfit. The boys had every excuse to curl up or blow up under that sextet's professional scrutiny. But they passed inspection with the sangfroid of a sophisticated did these beyond 18 and 19 (just a handful of these) year-olds.

Time Running Out

THIS was the Army Ground Forces' demonstration unit in universal military training. When our party paid its call last week, the unit was beginning its fourth month of the trial run, a trial which very possibly may decide whether UMT shall be enacted into law by Congress or not.

The dry run was authorized as a six-month project. That means it is only a matter of weeks until it expires—unless there is an extension—and the first test of its kind ever attempted by this Government will have become history.

The psychiatrists, to begin with, saw for themselves that these young men, representing 44 States and the District of Columbia, have not been converted into a pack of neurotics by the queer, un-Army-like regimen.

And the venereal disease specialist learned that the grand total

of cases accumulated by these more than 600 young men since they were brought together at Fort Knox last January is exactly one. (A gonorrhea infection, acquired in the course of a three-day pass, has been cured.)

Some Preconceptions

THE psychiatrists in question were Dr. Edward B. Strecker, Manfred Guttmacher and Lauren H. Smith, civilian consultants to the Army Surgeon General, and Col. John M. Caldwell, who heads the neuropsychiatric branch of the Army Medical Department. Col. K. R. Lundberg, Surgeon General Norman T. Kirk's chief of preventive medicine, was the other doctor in the Washington party, and the woman educator is superintendent of instruction for one of the Western States.

Dr. Strecker is professor of psychiatry at the University of Pennsylvania School of Medicine and an adviser to the Navy, Public Health Service, Veterans' Administration and American Red Cross, as well as the Army. Dr. Guttmacher serves as special adviser to the Baltimore courts and Dr. Smith is physician-in-chief of the Institute of Pennsylvania Hospital at Philadelphia.

The woman in the party came to Fort Knox admittedly prejudiced against compulsory military training for America's youth. When she left, her mind was not changed one iota. The two Army doctors, also visiting the demonstration battalion for the first time, were biased in favor of UMT before they left the Pentagon for Fort Knox. Only the three civilian doctors embarked upon the tour with minds open on the subject.

When they left Bolling Field Wednesday, the three psychiatrists were sold on the principle. They

appreciated that the Fort Knox demonstration is a small-scale model, whose virtues could hardly be expected to be so great if the job were done on a million youths. They were cognizant, too, of a major shortcoming—inadequate planning for the mental guidance of the recruits.

Traditions Discarded

BUT what they saw and heard and did in two days of attending classes, witnessing field operations, and so on, was not what they expected.

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Civil Service Being Screened

OTTAWA, Ontario, April 19 (AP)—Canada, concerned by an irritation to its snug and moderate way of life and politics, is moving against communism.

The campaign, blessed by the government, by capital and by much of labor's leadership, has these public manifestations:

1. Leaders of the major political parties are condemning at every opportunity what they regard as the subversive aims of the Communist Party. Last month they combined to defeat a Communist candidate in an important by-election.

2. Key figures in the labor movement and anti-Communist unions are urging that known Communists and fellow travelers be eliminated from important posts.

3. The Canadian government is quietly screening its civil service against Communist infiltration and using a special division of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police to study communist activities.

Atomic Spy Ring

WITHIN little more than a year former Communists have made sensational charges to give substance to Canada's fears.

First, Igor Gouzenko, a cipher clerk in the Soviet Embassy in Ottawa, told the Canadian government in September, 1945, of a widespread conspiracy he said Russians had engineered to get information about atomic bombs, secret war material and other highly confidential matters.

The resulting investigations have resulted in the conviction of 10 persons.

The second sensation last month was the announcement by J. A. (Pat) Sullivan, self-styled former Communist and one of Canada's top labor figures, of his resignation as president of the Canadian Seaman's Union because he had become "convinced that the interests of organized labor are being subverted by the agents of communism to their own ends."

Sullivan, a wiry little Catholic who came to Canada from Belfast in 1922 and said he had been a Communist from 1937 until a few months ago, also resigned as secretary treasurer of the Canadian Trades and Labor Congress. Then, expressing fears for his personal safety, he went into hiding, leaving behind documents designed to back up his accusations.

Charge 'Sell-Out'

AMONG Sullivan's charges: That the Communists not only dominate the CSU but "a large number of unions throughout the country"; that the Communist Party imposed political directives in support of its policies on him and other union members and that it financed 1943 policemen's strike in Montreal to the extent of \$5000.

Sullivan said he made his revelations out of patriotism, but some of his former associates accused him of "selling out" to the shipowners.

During the campaign preceding the March 31 election of a successor to House of Commons Member Fred Rose of Montreal, Communist imprisoned in the espionage case, communism was the sole issue. The Canadian government's official opposition, the Progressive Conservatives, did not even put up a man for fear of splitting the anti-Communist vote.

The government candidate, Maurice Hart, won, anti-communist Paul Massey, an advocate of autonomy for French-speaking

Continued on Page 6, Column 4

Chinese Coalition

THE 20-year one-party rule of the Kuomintang, the dominant Nationalist party in China, ended this week with the formation of a coalition government. This new regime, and interim arrangement, was designed to serve until a permanent government is elected and installed, possibly late this year, under the new Chinese constitution.

Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek retained power as chairman of a state council. This council was made up of 12 Kuomintang members, 4 young China Party men, 3 Democratic Socialists and 4 non-partisans.

Gen. Chang Chun replaced T. V. Sullivian said he made his revelations out of patriotism, but some of his former associates accused him of "selling out" to the shipowners.

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### Gallery Glimpses

## Party Lines Dissolve When Truman Frolics

By Robert C. Albright

Post Reporter

SECRET of Harry Truman's long armistice with Congress: He never mixes politics with a Capitol frolic.

Bipartisan cooperation—that utopian goal of nonpartisans—never works better than when the President is just having fun.

That's why those "pregame" luncheons at the Capitol have become an annual event. Senators of the opposition enjoy the lark as much as he does.

Before last week's American League opener was called on account of rain, bipartisan team play had its best workout yet.

Harry Truman simply motored up to the Capitol to see Amateur Magician Lowell Mason's latest bag of tricks at a carefree lunch with former cronies.

Republican Senator Chan Gurney raised a ruckus when the waiter served him steak.

Steak, insisted Gurney, was calculated to bring bad luck to the home team. The South Dakota demanded catfish—Missouri catfish! Only catfish could win the game.

Democratic Senator Ed Johnson (Colo.) boasted he was a Missouri catfisherman. Johnson donned a slicker and went out to fetch a mess. He returned promptly with a bowl of goldfish for Gurney.

Republican Senate Boss Robert A. Taft joined in the sport. Taft produced a bow tie, Truman style, and said he intended to present it to the Senator who followed lowest Truman policies most closely.

Taft tried to put the tie on Wyoming's Joseph C. O'Mahoney, but O'Mahoney's own four-in-hand protested, waving frantically in Taft's face. It was Magician Mason's way of saying O'Mahoney wears his own collar. Taft finally gave up, awarded the bow tie to Acting Democratic Leader Scott W. Lucas.

Next it was Harry Truman's turn. He presented a miniature statue of a ballplayer to Senator Republican Leader Wallace H. White, Jr. (Me.), for closest guess on the score of the last league opener. White responded with a heart-warming tribute to Truman.

Then the party reverted to more Mason stunts. Drilled well in minor magic, each Senator performed like a trouper.

Republican Senator Eugene D. Millikin (Colo.) awarded prizes for the best second guessers on last year's opener—Attorney General Tom Clark and Maj. Gen. Harry H. Vaughan.

When Millikin reached in his pocket the prizes weren't there. He produced a wand instead, tapped first Clark and then Vaughan on the shoulder. A white flower immediately blossomed in the lapel of each.

Call it Main Street, call it corn, but it's still clean fun.

Harry Truman makes friends and holds them during every such romp.

Play Ball

ONLY a soul-rending decision kept the Senate in session Friday, during the American League's delayed opening here.

Most Senators, turned away from Griffith Stadium by Monday's wet field, had rainchecks for the game. The stage was all set for a Friday.

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### Elizabeth Alexandra Mary Windsor's Most Important Broadcast

## The Lovely Heir to an Empire Comes of Age

(See additional pictures in Parade.)

By Russell Landstrom

WITH THE ROYAL ENTOURAGE in South Africa (AP)—Princess Elizabeth Alexandra Mary Windsor, heir to the British throne, symbol of a war generation bent upon reform and one of the world's most popular girls, will celebrate her twenty-first birthday April 21, thus marking the transition from royal apprenticeship to sterner responsibilities.

On the anniversary, which coincides with the end of the royal tour, the Princess will broadcast to the British Commonwealth and Empire from Capetown. The speech will be the most important she ever has delivered.

The occasion will be highlighted by a rally of young people, a state dinner, fireworks display and a civic ball. Three days later the King, Queen and Princesses will sail on H. M. S. Vanguard for England and the destiny awaiting the heir presumptive.

A Workman's Ward

AMERICAN TROOPS in wartime Britain liked Princess Elizabeth because she was friendly and unaffected; Gen. Thomas Holcomb, United States Minister to the Union of South Africa, found that she had an old friend's way of looking at things. South Africans have been drawn to her, although remarking that at times she seemed too serious-minded and reserved.

The pith of most British opinion resides in a growing confidence in her capabilities and judgment, young though she is. The period of her annealing was one of unprecedented shocks, rigors and challenges.

When Princess Elizabeth, in company with Princess Margaret, visited the British region's memorial poppy factory in London last autumn, one garbled veteran of the Somme said feelingly: "That girl's the biggest asset this country has got. She'll make a grand queen."

That is an opinion heard often and expressed on many levels.

As one of a family known for its excellent teamwork, its decidedly British—but not insular—characteristics, its love of domesticity and its quiet courage under fire, Princess Elizabeth naturally would be held in high esteem by the millions over whom she one day will rule.

Older folk who recall that at the outbreak of war the Princesses were mere children, say that until recently Elizabeth's position was taken for granted in a somewhat vague fashion. Now the adolescent has become a woman and Elizabeth moves into that succession of monarchs and heirs who, with only one break, have dwelt in Windsor Castle since the era of William the Conqueror.

Regal Couturier

THE PUBLIC is now satisfied that she has been properly trained to take that place, schooled in many ways as any other child might be, without stressing the greatness of her future position.

No one played a greater part in the education of Princess Elizabeth than her regal grandmother, Queen Mary, who watched over her studies, and in large measure had the final say about clothes, recreation and matters of discipline. In recent years it has been Queen Mary who escorted Elizabeth to art galleries, scientific laboratories, industrial plants, schools and nurseries.

Another who has deeply influenced the

Princess is her governess of more than 15 years, the Scottish-born Marian Crawford, now in her middle thirties. A woman of wit, ready sympathies and a dislike of pedantic methods, she proved an ideal guide for a child destined for exalted station.

Impulsiveness and a certain capriciousness were restrained in the formative years. The greatest care was taken to make sure Elizabeth would not be spoiled by public adulation. She was taught to rely upon herself. Servants waited upon her, of course, but she was held responsible for looking after her schoolbooks, tidying up her room and darning her own stockings. She helped the Queen with sewing and knitting.

Much else she learned in that strict school for queenhood—how to remember names and recognize faces, to obey the rules of give

Interest in people. She does not have her mother's ineradicable smile, which is so seemingly personal that each person in a crowd swears she is smiling at him.

Elizabeth's seriousness hides her sense of humor, love of sheer nonsense and delight in folk songs and popular dance tunes.

The heir presumptive is reputed also to have developed thoroughness. Like her father, she insists on careful attention to detail, clear explanations and first-hand information.

Performing her public duties she is outwardly serene and completely self-possessed, but her intimates say that some of these duties have proved trying. Indeed, Nevertheless, mastery of the situation never is in doubt.

Princess Elizabeth's coming of age actually will make little immediate difference in her status, mode of life or obligations to the Commonwealth. As one member of the royal household put it, she crosses an imaginary line, and nothing really happens.

Legally, she becomes responsible for all her actions, just the same as every other citizen; and she may now serve as Regent in the event of the King's absence or incapacitation. She will continue most of her studies, though probably on a more informal basis, special attention being given to constitutional history.

Languages, English literature, music and mathematics—her weakest subject—likewise will get considerable attention. Shortly before the South African tour the Princess began to study Afrikaans and she is determined to add that language to her accomplishments in French and German.

Venerable Sparkplug

IT IS THOUGHT likely that she will become increasingly interested in philosophy, her association with Prime Minister Jan Smuts, who talked to her by the hour about Plato and Aristotle, having stimulated her curiosity. Coupled with this desire to explore higher thought is a developing idealism, fostered by her reading, her wider contacts and her observations in a new country whose complicated racial problems baffle the wisest.

Both young and old have remarked her grave attitude in the company of distinguished leaders, and her knack of shrewdly and charmingly "picking their brains."

Intimates affirm that she has an unshakable faith in the future of the British Commonwealth. Prophecies of Britain's decline from major power to something like a satellite state strike her as ridiculous.

At the age of 21 the Princess will be better able to shoulder some of the mounting burdens of the Queen's work—the handling of voluminous correspondence, appearances at important public functions, the extension of royal patronage to worthy undertakings. Already she receives a heavy mail in her own right.

Travel will figure vitally in the future queen's program. Intimates believe that with air transportation becoming faster and safer, the Princess may fly to South Africa for a few weeks to renew friendships and familiarize herself further with the Union's affairs. Voyages to Australia and Canada probably will be made in a few years.

Elizabeth's coming of age has revived the tenacious rumors of her supposed

Inimitable Smile

THE GROWN-UP PRINCESS is sober-faced, but the high spirits remain; what was formerly looked upon as stubbornness is now regarded as perseverance, a quality strong in the King, himself; loyalty assuredly counts high among her attributes; and there is no trace of what once was considered erratic mood.

Since Princess Elizabeth's emergence into a fuller public life, Britons have recognized in her several of the Queen's ingratiating qualities—naturalness, simplicity and keen

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## Big 4 Pack Bags, West Taking Lead

By Francis W. Carpenter

NEW YORK, April 19 (AP)—Soviet Russia and the Western Powers failed this week to achieve agreement on the vital issues of the German and Austrian treaties.

Barring an unlikely change of heart by Russia or the West, there were strong hints that the conference would break up next week. An advance group of experts on German problems left Moscow, and Foreign Secretary Bevin of Britain was reported to have ordered his train for Tuesday.

Disagreement, which has been the keynote of the six-week conference, reached a climax Friday when Secretary of State Marshall accused V. M. Molotov of Russia, of trying to create "a puppet state of Austria," to which Marshall said emphatically the United States never would agree.

Other developments on the international front included:

1. The Truman Greek-Turkish aid proposals held attention in Congress and the United Nations.

2. Bevin scored a gain in a British cabinet shuffle.

3. Chinese one-party rule ended.

4. Henry A. Wallace's European speaking tour drew first Winston Churchill chimed in with a broadside at Wallace.

5. The United Nations called a special Assembly session on Palestine.

Big Four Disagreements

SECRETARY of State Marshall talked with Stalin for 90 minutes last Tuesday night. The conversation produced no publicly known change in the conflict between Russia and the West. The conference went along its road of discord until a new low in cooperation was registered Friday.

Marshall called for a showdown Friday on the Austrian treaty. The main issue is a definition of German assets which Russia can use for reparations.

Molotov rejected Marshall's definition of German assets and Marshall finally said the ministers seemed farther apart than ever. Bevin sided with Marshall.

The ministers gathered in Moscow March 10 with hopes of writing the Austrian treaty and starting work on the German treaty. They have failed to get together on reparations, German assets in Austria, a four-power treaty to assure the disarmament of Germany and a host of minor issues. The powers stated their positions but made no progress in reconciling their differences.

Greek-Turkish Aid

OPponents of the Truman proposal to spend 400 million dollars to help Greece and Turkey had their day in the United States Senate but there was no sign they would be able to stop final approval of the measure. The Senate agreed to vote Tuesday.

The House Foreign Affairs Committee approved the proposal without a negative vote. It now comes up in the House for debate.

The United Nations Security Council heard Andrei A. Gromyko, Soviet delegate, assail the proposal for the second time. He charged that the Vandenberg amendment, which gives a majority of the Security Council or a two-thirds majority of the Assembly the right to halt the program, "scorned" the United Nations.

The Council decided by a nine to zero vote Friday, with Poland and Russia abstaining, to keep representatives of its Balkans Investigation Commission in the Greek border area while the Council acts on the commission's report. At the same time, a majority of the Council indicated disapproval of Gromyko's proposal that a special U. N. commission be set up to supervise all outside aid to Greece.

Bevin Scores Again

FOREIGN Secretary Bevin has a sizeable block of Laborite opposition in Commons but he scored again in a cabinet reshuffle.

Prime Minister Attlee transferred the British zone in Germany from the War Office to Bevin's Foreign Office, giving Bevin an even stronger hand in his moves to seek a settlement in Germany.



Sunday, April 30, 1945

## Possible Stretch-Runner

## Vandenberg's '48 Spot Is Envyable

(Fourth of a series on leading Republican presidential possibilities.)

By Sigrid Arne

WHEN Arthur H. Vandenberg went to the White House one afternoon early in 1945, he promised President Roosevelt to mount what fellow Republicans viewed as a worthless nag, called "United Foreign Policy."

The Michigan Senator promised to do enough missionary work in his party to permit the United States to present a solid front to the world. He believed, then, as he does now, that "politics must stop at the water's edge."

He seemed then to be taking a path on which any Republican would get lost in clouds of dust kicked up by Democratic steeds. But the Republicans took over in 1946.

Public opinion had veered far toward international collaboration. Vandenberg had helped write the United Nations Charter. He had helped write the peace treaties. He became the Senate's leader on foreign relations.

His nag had sprouted wings that could help take him into the White House.

## Senator Will Yield

HE HAS MADE it clear he won't go out of his way for the job. But he has left the gate open for a draft.

He has said: "I am not a candidate. I do not expect or wish to be a candidate. I shall seek no convention delegates nor approve the efforts of others in this behalf."

But he added: "Of course, I would yield to a spontaneous draft (if that hypothesis must be included) because I do not believe any citizen has a right to deny service to his country if and when his service is demanded."

If it's in the cards for the Republicans to win in 1948, it seems possible for Vandenberg to move out of the Senate for one of two jobs, the Presidency or the post of Secretary of State.

At present it seems as though Senator Taft and Governor Dewey may have the two largest blocs of votes on the first ballot in the 1948 Republican Convention. There is always the possibility, however, of a repetition of 1940, when Taft and Dewey started in the lead and Wendell Willkie cut through to win the nomination.

**Almost Invulnerable**  
VANDENBERG's daily chores as the party's foreign affairs expert keep him on the Nation's front pages. Packed galleries awaited his long policy speech on the Greek-Turkish loan.

In that speech he may have talked himself into the history books. He stated in greater detail than President Truman had done why he thinks Americans must take up greater international responsibilities than they have borne since the days of Monroe.

For a man who may be headed for the White House, leadership in foreign relations is not likely to get him out on a limb. Both parties have agreed on a single policy. Vandenberg can be attacked unless the opponent is willing to lay himself open to the charge of harming the Nation's international position.

Happily, Vandenberg retains the love of words that made him a young newspaper editor in Grand Rapids. His rolling rhetoric is a magnificent weapon. The history books. He has been in Washington long enough to have a healthy respect for history's long shadows. He never fails to impress his hearers when he gets on that subject, as he did on the Greek-Turkish loan.

"In a sense we are a tragic generation, despite our blessings and our place in the sun. We have been driven into two world wars. We finally won both of them and yet we still confront a restless and precarious peace. Something has been wrong. It is our supreme task to face the present realities, no matter how we hate them, and to mend the broken pattern if such be within human power."

**Actually Allegiance**  
VANDENBERG was under fire from those who thought we had "bypassed the United Nations." He thought otherwise. He said the United Nations must be "our first reliance and our prime concern."

But, he added, we must take care not to "ruin it by assigning to it functions which it does not possess."

He pointed out that the U. N. has neither money nor troops to do the job in Greece, and he saw American aid as "the greatest act of allegiance to the United Nations in its history."

On domestic worries, Vandenberg has had no time to take a stand, except on the budget. There he favors the middle-of-the-road course in his party, a cent of \$4,500,000,000.

On foreign policy he goes along heartily with the "friendly but firm" stand taken by the State Department vis-a-vis Russia. Very likely he had something to do with taking the stand.

He wants world disarmament but not until all nations agree. He favors the trade agreements program. He wants the United States to support the "coalition of non-Communist parties" in China. He wants the U. N. to drop the veto when the Security Council is talking of peaceful settlements.

**All Things Change**  
HE says his so-called "shift" to collaboration in world affairs was no shift at all—that world conditions changed and the United States had to take a more aggressive role.

In the 1946 election he rolled up the second largest majority of his party, despite the fact that he had no time to campaign. He was writing peace treaties in Paris as part of the time and attending the New York session of the U. N. Assembly.

By The Associated Press

## Deadline Near

## 'Conditional' China Loan Mere Drop

By Norris J. Harris

The United States is holding back on an offer of a 500 million dollar loan to China until China achieves peace and unity and comes up with a workable reconstruction plan.

Five hundred million is a lot of money, but it seems tiny when compared with the amount of aid which this country has already advanced to China.

Grants and unrepaid loans over the past dozen years total more than three and a third billion dollars.

The 500 million dollar credit was set up by the Export-Import Bank after President Truman's December 15, 1944, China policy speech saying he would finance China if it would pull itself together.

The State Department now says the proffered credit will be withdrawn June 30 unless China produces reconstruction plans by that time.

This deadline was set soon after Secretary Marshall abandoned his year's effort to bring peace between Chiang Kai-shek and the Chinese Communists. In the eyes of authorities here, the prospects for peace prior to June 30 are poor.

## War Sped Flow

AMERICAN money has been pouring into China for decades. One important item was the return of the Boxer funds.

For the Boxer attack on Americans in 1900, the United States Government levied an indemnity of a few millions. Later we gave it back by financing Chinese studies in this country.

But the big-time aid came with the war. Soon after Pearl Harbor Congress began this assistance with what it called a war loan to China, totaling 500 million dollars.

Because America could not get lend-lease materials into China on an appreciable scale, this credit was sometimes termed "a counterpoint to lend-lease," seemingly indicating repayment was not expected.

The Export-Import Bank, in addition to the present proposed loan, has been extending loans of various sorts to China since the bank was established in 1934.

The bank's purpose is to assist in the development of American trade abroad, and all loans have been within that scope. Grants to date total \$221,737,079. The bank says slightly more than 105 million dollars has been repaid. These advances are on a commercial basis and bear interest averaging around 3½ per cent.

Other wartime assistance, all for military purposes, is reckoned by the office which directed it to total \$1,565,000,000.

## Huge Surplus Deal

IN ADDITION, lend-lease had further assistance totaling 50 million dollars on its way to China when the fighting stopped. This was sent along with an obscure note (also called the "hot potato") which was subject to negotiation in the hope China might pay for it.

The next great item piled up by the United States in China's behalf is the latter's agreement to purchase all surplus American war materials (except strictly military items) in China and on 17 Pacific islands. Something between 800 and 900 million dollars is the value the Foreign Liquidation Commission puts upon these materials.

In return, the Liquidation authorities say, China has undertaken obligations in behalf of the United States amounting to about 175 million dollars. The net balance due is held to be approximately 675 million dollars.

Then there was UNRRA, whose combined relief and shipping costs to China came to around 675 million dollars, of which 72 per cent, or 486 million dollars, was from American pockets.

Another sizeable amount of American aid to China is contained in a 350-million-dollar post-UNRRA bill now before Congress. This will be strictly an American affair. How much China will get remains to be decided. Some quarters are saying 50 million dollars.

By The Associated Press

## Its 'Fan Mail' Would Tax a Solomon

## 'Voice of America' Has 20,000 Echoes a Month

By Cynthia Lowry

NEW YORK, April 19 (AP).—Eighty-five thousand letters from the far corners of the earth reached the State Department's international broadcasting division between February, 1946, and February, 1947, according to Miss Kay Bailey of the listener relations branch, and 30,000 more arrived last month.

The letters, containing compliments, criticism, requests for aid and philosophical discussions, are a result of the Government's short-wave radio programs beamed daily in 25 languages to almost every country and territory. They help guide the producers of the hundreds of programs.

Miss Bailey, a smart, attractive California girl, and her staff of nine have the formidable job of handling and correlating the vast volume of mail at the New York headquarters.

Exclusive of letters, the office has received 225,000 foreign requests for the program schedules. That is an easy job. It is the letters with personal problems that sometimes demand the combined wisdom of Solomon and diplomacy of Disraeli.

## Russian Response Awaited

THESE are some of the most common subjects of letters: Requests for advice on how to come to America; requests for medical supplies, food and clothing; requests for medical and agricultural advice; questions on life in the United States; requests for the name of a person with whom to exchange correspondence.

There are thousands of letters asking the Voice of America to trace relatives and friends. Other letters seek advice on extremely intimate problems, including marital difficulties. Occasionally come abusive letters.

"We started broadcasts beamed directly at Russia only a few weeks ago," Miss Bailey said, "so there hasn't really been time to have responses. However, we only got three from Russia all of last year."

A number of letters in Braille have come from the blind. They are answered by men and women at the Institute for the Blind in New York.

A question-and-answer program beamed to France brought a flood of responses. Frenchmen wanted to know such things as the tastes of Indians, the terrain of Montana, habits



THE VOICE OF AMERICA has to have a multilingual staff to handle its fan mail. Letters like (and unlike) the one above are coming in from all over the world at the rate of 30,000 a month.

of salmon, whether cherry blossoms were in bloom in Washington.

Many requests for information—particularly in the fields of science, agriculture, literature and medicine—can be answered on programs. Others are handled by mail.

An Italian sent over a manuscript—and the Voice found an Italian publisher in New York who was interested in publishing it.

## Emphasis on Music

THROUGHOUT the world the letters show men and women are thirsty for knowledge—and for music. A recent survey of letters from Hungary, for example, indicated

listeners would like to have music on about 70 per cent of the programs. Four per cent of the programs had been devoted to music and 3 per cent dealt with science, industry and agriculture. Listeners showed great interest in these subjects, and wanted about 20 per cent of the programs devoted to them. As a result of the letters, programs changed their emphasis sharply.

As in domestic broadcasts, the announcers and commentators get quantities of fan mail. All sorts of poems, drawings and flowery letters come in.

Miss Bailey, however, was the recipient of the prize: a box of large, strong Cuban cigars from a Latin-American listener.

## March of Science

## Rise of Volcano Lava Is Linked to Sunspots

By Howard W. Blakeslee

NEW YORK, April 19 (AP).—The sun and the earth's volcanoes are linked by a discovery that the lava in Hawaii's volcanoes rises every 11 years when sunspots are most numerous.

This is reported by Dr. C. A. Jagger, volcanologist, who has lived for 30 years on the rim of Kilauea, in sight of the great fire pit, Halemauana, which may rise and fall 1000 feet between eruptions.

Near Jagger's volcano station, but 7000 feet higher, is the volcano Mauna Loa. The lava there also rises and falls with the sunspot period.

Jagger publishes these findings, and some possible explanations, in a huge work of thousands of pages (Waverly Press, Inc., Baltimore) that give a day-to-day record of the two famous volcanoes. He has seen, in addition, 60 of the earth's 450 active volcanoes.

**Magnetic Reaction**  
SUNSPOTS are not vortices in the sun. A single one may be larger than the earth. They are magnetic and their powerful radiations cause the occasional magnetic storms that interrupt telegraph and radio.

Hawaiian lava, too, is magnetic, Dr. Jagger says. Deep in the earth, whence this lava comes, the sun's magnetic flares may affect vortices of liquid rock, and drive them like electromagnetic engines.

Iron crystals scattered through this molten part of the earth can be affected by the sunspot magnetism, says Dr. Jagger. The crystals, if free enough to turn, would act like compass needles. In addition to the magnetized iron crystals, the hot liquid in the earth contains ionized atoms. These are atoms with electrical charges. They, too, could be affected by the sun's magnetic forces.

Both Hawaiian volcanoes show another activity connected with the sun and probably the moon. Their eruptions are likely to be touched off at the time when the sun is either farthest North or farthest South.

DR. JAGGAR says that to a volcanologist who has seen Mauna Loa's hot, acid gases that can cause steel to drip like mercury, it is inconceivable that the inside of the earth is as cool as scientists have been saying.

The earth's core is said to be

nickel-iron, at a temperature of about 6300 Fahrenheit. Mauna Loa's gases, as measured by Dr. Jagger, are about 2400 degrees. He thinks that this indicates the earth's core is still liquid, much like the sun.

He answers the objection that if the earth's center is still a piece of the sun in heat and composition, the surface would be unsafe. He says the 1200-mile thick crust, down to the molten part of earth, is an amazing insulator. This he backs up with experiences in using a little of the earth crust as protection against the Mauna Loa gases that would melt steel but do not affect the barriers seriously.

Halemauana, he says, is a glass blower. Its glass comes from deep under the earth, but all its eruptions are mainly glassy type lavas.

The motive power of both volcanoes, he says, is hot gas, and not steam from water seeping into the lava. In 30 years Kilauea has had one steam eruption, due to ground water running into the lava caverns when the lava had fallen.

In virtually all the eruptions the gases are hydrogen, carbon dioxide, sulfur dioxide and nitrogen. These gases can form water with oxygen, but do not come from water. The base of both volcanoes is about 14,000 feet under the sea, but Dr. Jagger says there is no evidence that the sea water runs into the base.

**Elsewhere in Science:**  
A CHESAPEAKE & Ohio Railroad car has been fitted to sense which way the winds blows in winter and to heat itself accordingly. Thermostats along the walls control the amount of heat in one small area over which each thermostat presides. The heat is steam, but is piped through floors and side panels so that extra heat is available wherever there is a cold spot.

The cold spots in a railroad car are windows and whichever side or end of a car is getting wintry blasts.

**Compassion Baffles Germans**  
British Jew Becoming Hero in Hungry Reich

By Marguerite Higgins

BERLIN, April 19.—A British Jew—representing two of Hitler's pet hates—is becoming a hero to many in postwar Germany.

He is Victor Gollancz, British book publisher, who, after a tour of the British occupation zone, returned to London and asserted that the Allies were failing to live up to humanitarian precepts and were in fact committing crimes against humanity by permitting some Germans to exist in a state of near-starvation and economic stagnation.

Further, Gollancz began to organize the sending of food packages to Germany from severely rationed Britain.

**People Amazed**  
THE American-licensed Berlin newspaper Der Tagesspiegel, in reprinting an open letter to Victor Gollancz, tried to bring out the wonderment of the German people over the fact that a Jew, whose own people suffered so cruelly at the hands of Hitler, is leading a crusade on the Germans' behalf.

The British publisher, however, holds that if Britain, and by implication the United States, pretend to being humanitarian nations, it is their duty to be humanitarian with this defeated enemy.

Americans and Britons who criticized Nazi treatment of occupied nations will have proved themselves little better than the Nazis if the state of things existing in Germany continues, according to Gollancz.

The letter in Der Tagesspiegel in effect points out that the Gollancz crusade is of far-reaching import if it can turn the world away from the opinion that a German, being a German, is irredeemable and that anything that happens to him, no matter how bad, should be of no

## Polish Health Picture Gains In Brightness

Warsaw, Poland (AP).—The Polish ministry of health says the nation's health picture generally has improved so far this year owing to the introduction of cordon sanitaire methods quarantining diseased persons wishing to enter Poland and antiepidemic measures taken by the ministry and the Polish Red Cross.

The ministry said, for example, only 180 cases of typhoid per week were reported in January, 1947, compared with 1800 weekly in January, 1946.

Eighty-one thousand typhoid cases were treated by medical authorities in 1945. The ministry said this figure slipped to 15,000 in 1946.

Tuberculosis still is the No. 1 disease problem, but the ministry said the figures are decreasing. Polish newspapers reported as many as 18,000 people per month died in 1946 of tuberculosis, particularly prevalent among young people and students.

The number of cases of venereal diseases have been variously estimated at over one million to two million, based largely upon the demand for drugs.

## Mystery Peak May Dwarf Everest

## 'Mt. X' Seen Upsetting 'World's Highest' Title

By Hugh Crumpler

MOUNT EVEREST, the Himalayan peak which pushes its way nearly five and three-fifths miles into the sky, is listed in all reference books as the world's highest mountain. But a handful of fliers who have flown off course while flying the treacherous "Hump" route from India to China during the war believe that a mountain exists near the border of eastern Tibet that is at least a thousand feet higher than Everest.

The testimony of these men cannot be accepted as proof, because the mystery mountain was measured by aircraft altimeters, which are not always accurate. But their stories, which are alike in many respects, indicate that Mount Everest may some day be the runner-up in altitude above sea level.

The mountain was first reported in the early days of the war by an American civilian pilot for the Chinese National Aviation Corp. At least two American Army Air Force pilots later reported that they had seen the mountain.

**All Off Course**  
THE circumstances were the same in all three cases. Each pilot was swept from his course by storms while making the Hump flight in a winter month. During the winter monsoon a strong wind blows up the valleys of Burma from the Bay of Bengal. The Burmese mountains, the Himalayan foothills, extend nearly the length of the country parallel with the sea.

These mountains and their valleys funnel the winds into Sikang Province and into Tibet. By the time the winds reach North Burma they often approach hurricane velocity. More than thirty transport planes were lost in one day during the war because of these terrific winds. It was the largest day's loss of operational aircraft for reasons other than enemy action.

Most of the planes that were blown northward from the Hump route completely disappeared, and neither the wreckage nor the crews have been found. Overcast in the Himalayas makes air search suicidal. A pilot flying low enough to see the ground would be in constant danger of scraping off the top of an uncharted mountain.

The pilots who reported "Mount X" were flying the Hump route from India to China during the war. They believed that a mountain exists near the border of eastern Tibet that is at least a thousand feet higher than Everest.

**30,500 Feet Plus**  
ONE AIR FORCE officer from Texas, chief pilot of a weather observation group, reported seeing the mountain in February, 1944. His plane went to the bottom of the ocean between Manila and Tokyo early in 1945 in an incident in which this writer lost all his notes made in India, but his story was substantially as follows:

"With a crew of three, I was flying a B-25 weather ship from Chengtu, China, to India," the pilot said. "We were flying the northernmost Hump route because Japanese fighters had been reported over North Burma."

"We were blown off course shortly before we crossed the western border of Szechwan Province, China. The wind pushed our plane farther north. It was impossible to hold our course. The gained altitude, knowing the mountains were getting higher, and went through two overcasts."

"The altimeter registered 30,500 feet when we broke through a third overcast. In the distance, to our north, perhaps 2 miles away, was a snow-topped mountain poking through the last layer of clouds. The peak was, in my estimation, and in the estimation of the other crew members, a thousand feet above us."

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## Soviet Cotton

London (AP).—Selective cotton planting has begun in the Soviet republics of central Asia, says a Tass report. The total area planted to cotton this year will equal 3,867,500 acres, 414,000 more than last year.



# U. S. Holding \$22,000 for Hitler

By Sam Zagoria  
Post Reporter

UNCLE SAM has \$22,000 for Adolf Hitler. It's all his if he's alive, and can prove he was the victim of Nazi persecution.

The money is royalties on "Mein Kampf." Hitler's publisher, Franz Eher Nachfolger of Munich gave the Houghton, Mifflin Co. exclusive American rights in return for 15 per cent of the \$3 list price—45 cents on each copy.

Hitler collected at least \$500 by insisting on an advance. Houghton, Mifflin, on the other hand, felt that the Fuehrer showed promise as an author, and inserted a clause giving them "first offer of the author's next literary work intended for publication in book form."

In 1939 Houghton, Mifflin firm turned over the contract to Reynal & Hitchcock. About 283,000 copies were sold by August, 1942, when the Allen Property Custodian took over. The \$22,000 has piled up in the Treasury since then.

## He Won Protection

ORIGINALLY, Stackpole & Sons brought out an authorized version of "Mein Kampf" and capitalized on the promise that none of the receipts would go to Hitler. Stackpole said the book was in the public domain, because in filling out the copyright agreement for the book's first publication the Fuehrer had said he was a stateless man. In 1939 the United States Circuit Court of Appeals ruled that Hitler was entitled to copyright protection.

Meanwhile, Reynal & Hitchcock had announced that profits from "Mein Kampf" would go for the relief of refugees from Germany.

Now, if Adolf could prove he had been persecuted by the Nazis because of his race, religion or politics, he could apply for the \$22,000 under Public Law 671, enacted in August, 1946.

The \$22,000 seems safe. Letters poured in throughout the war, suggesting what Uncle Sam do with the royalties. To all there was one reply: The disposition of these and two million dollars in other royalties, collected by the APC and its successor, the Justice Department Office of Alien Property, is up to Congress.

## Contracts Continued

EUGENE A. TILLEX, chief of the OAP copyright administration section, points out, however, that books were not the only items taken. Enemy-authored plays, operas, musical compositions and films were also seized.

In most cases the APC continued prewar contracts, the Government assuming the role of the foreign firm involved. Income was credited to special Treasury accounts for each property.

"We didn't sell them short," Tillex said. "We tried to be good businessmen in their behalf."

In some cases the APC, through George Middleton, who administers prewar con-

## Nylon 'Wool' Socks Wear For 200 Days

By Rowland Evans, Jr.

WILMINGTON, Del., April 19 (AP)—Soon, says Dr. Louis L. Larsen of the du Pont Co., you'll be able to step up to a clothing counter and buy soft "wool" socks of almost any pattern or texture—only they'll be more nylon than wool, they won't shrink, and they won't hole through easily.

You'll be able, Dr. Larsen says to purchase cucumber-cool "cotton" T-shirts for summer wear; "cashmere" sweaters which hold their shape, can be machine-washed in boiling water and thrown on the line to dry as is; warm baby blankets, apparently made of the softest and smoothest wool; gloves with high moisture and abrasion resistance.

Some of these articles will be made of 100 per cent nylon, others from a blend of nylon and natural fibers with the nylon prevailing.

## Simulates Fibers

Here is Dr. Larsen's story of nylon "staple fiber," a synthetic yarn:

When nylon, a product of coal, water and air, was first made available in 1939, it came out of the plant as "continuous filament," the stuff of which are made nylon stockings and such other things as parachutes, tire cords and glider ropes.

Now du Pont research experts have devised a method of producing tailor-made nylon "staple fiber" from the continuous filament, a fiber which is adaptable to all spinning and weaving systems and that can be made to simulate any of the natural staples, such as wool, cotton or linens.

Blends of natural fibers and the special nylons, says Dr. Larsen, can be made to overcome natural fiber limitations and enhance desirable qualities. A pair of "wool" socks 85 per cent nylon and 15 per cent wool was worn by a researcher every other day for 200 days and washed on the alternate days, before it developed a hole. With all that washing and wear, there was no change in shape or size.

Further, says Dr. Larsen, it will be possible to make some products entirely from nylon staple fiber. A "cashmere" sweater of 100 per cent nylon and one made of 100 per cent wool seem identical to a layman. It's the same with cotton and other goods.

## Durable Sheets

Will nylon staple produce a battle of fibers?

Probably not, says Dr. Larsen. Rather, the result will be a blending of fibers which will open up a whole new field in the textile industry. We'll be getting light weight summer suits which have strength; overcoats with abrasion resistant cuffs, elbows and collars; furniture and car upholstery with good "sliding" qualities, which will wear almost indefinitely; feather-light sheets which can take plenty of abuse.

One cotton yarn spinner has discovered that the addition of 10 per cent nylon staple to his cotton staple results in a saving in his spinning plant by cutting down the breakage of the natural fiber.

MORE THAN 1000 enemy technical works reproduced for American scientists line Eugene Tillex's office. Mrs. Emma Everett, license clerk, is shown looking one up for a high-browed client

tricks and royalty collections, has improved on the original work.

For example, early in the war a demand arose among American scientists for "Belstein's Handbook of Organic Chemistry," in 59 volumes which sold for more than \$2000. The APC licensed an Ann Arbor, Mich., firm to prepare a photo-lithograph reproduction. This sells for \$437.50, and sizable royalties are being deposited to the account of the original Berlin publisher.

## Helped on A-Bomb

THE copyright section had an even more direct part in helping win World War II. To keep American scientists informed of Nazi technical progress from month to month, the APC republished 118 European scientific journals. Two of them, "Naturwissenschaften" and "Zeitschrift fuer Physik," contained 11 articles detailing German progress in uranium fission. These were read to leaders by Manhattan District scientists.

The editor of "Chemical Abstracts," Dr. J. E. Crane, informed the Allen Property Custodian that "there is not the slightest doubt in my mind of the fact that your republishing program was one of the factors which made the atomic bomb possible."

The republishing was not easy. Copies of the periodicals and books were smuggled out of Europe by operatives of the Inter-departmental Committee for the Acquisition of Foreign Publications, a unit of the Office of Strategic Services, and by publications procurement officers of the State Department. Some of it was done by microfilming.

## Movie Bonanza

THE seized copyrights also included about 15 million feet of film produced in enemy countries. Some of these films were travelogues which yielded invaluable terrain and target information for the Army Air Forces. Feature films helped foreign language classes conducted by the armed forces. Thousands of scenes were placed together to teach Army and OSS men customs and manners of areas where they might be parachuted.

And now in peacetime, the copyright section still has its daily visitors and correspondents. For instance, a New York music publisher desired to use a German song with a new English lyric. A Broadway producer wished to stage a new production of "The Chocolate Soldier." A Hollywood studio needed motion pictures of Copenhagen street scenes.

A Catholic nun discovered,

## Looking Ahead

# Checkrein's Still on Lilienthal

By the World Staff of the Associated Press

SOME of those legislators who unsuccessfully opposed David Lilienthal's confirmation as chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission now are considering ways to make sure he gets no more authority.

Lilienthal's authority is now limited to atomic matters within the United States. When and if an international control body is set up, his foes are determined to do their best to keep him from speaking for America in such a group.

## Argentine Straws

LOOK for a more cooperative attitude between the United States and Argentina in aviation matters, particularly at the world air meeting in Montreal next month. Chairman James M. Landis of the Civil Aeronautics Board has gone to Buenos Aires to see about a civil air agreement—an indication that something is doing.

London—Representatives of the British Caterers Association are quoted as having told would-be American tourists: "Don't come to Britain until 1948."

Sir Alexander Maxwell, chairman of the British Tourist Board calls this attitude "damned deplorable." Britain has budgeted for 70,000 American visitors this year.

## Livener-Upper

CHANCES for action on the long-pending nomination of Gordon Clapp as chairman of the Tennessee Valley Authority looked up when the Senate agreed to vote Tuesday on the Greek-Turkish aid bill.

Interest in pending business began to lag, as usual, after arrange-

## 'Boxcars' Must Match Airliners

# 'De Luxe' Regulations Holding Down U. S. Air Freight Boom, CAB Told

By John G. Norris  
Post Reporter

AMERICA'S HIGH COURT on aviation has before it an issue of the greatest importance to our air future. Under study by the Civil Aeronautics Board is a proposal to establish separate rules governing air cargo carriers as distinguished from planes hauling passengers. Air freighters now must meet the same strict airworthiness and operating standards as the airliners.

Backers of a change contend that present regulations hobble the development of a great United States air transportation industry. They say the rules bar the development of an essential feature of the world of tomorrow—a flying freighter designed for the job.

Pointing out that present cargo planes are only converted passenger craft, proponents draw a parallel between aviation and other transport fields.

Boxcars are radically different from railroad coaches and Pullmans. Tramp steamers have few of the design characteristics of ocean liners. Different rules govern the operation of buses and passenger cars from that of trucks and trailers.

## High Price, No Net

YET THERE is only one set of official CAB regulations governing the essential design and operation of passenger and cargo airplanes.

As a result, declared a group of aviation people meeting here last week, the United States has no real air freight industry. It is a puny thing, charging relatively high rates, yet operating in the red.

The group backing a change is a powerful one. It includes—with one important exception—virtually all of American aviation—the scheduled airlines, the aircraft manufacturers, the non-

scheduled air freight operators and the Army and Navy.

Opposed is the Airline Pilots Association. Naturally enough, the pilots' union takes the view that crew members' necks are as valuable as passengers' and they want no relaxation of safety requirements.

## Expendable Load

ADVOCATES of the change, however, argue that air cargo operations now are much safer than passenger flights. Both planes have the same airworthiness and operating requirements, and air freighters have something more.

In an emergency a cargo plane can jettison its cargo if flying over water or open country, Maj. Gen. Oliver P. Echols, Aircraft Industries Association president, points out in his proposal to the CAB. This lightening of the load saved many a plane during the war. It is not possible in an airliner.

Also, the cargo on an air freighter can be towed so as to give a plane the best possible stability—and it stays put. Passengers move around.

Cargo crewmen—without the responsibility of passengers—can abandon their plane if need be and parachute to safety. Parachutes have never been considered pilots for airline passengers. Pilots of cargo planes also can wear special shoulder crash harness and have a better chance of surviving a "ditching," especially at sea.

## Menace to Landlubber

SOME advocates of the change also argue that the safety rules for crewmen who voluntarily enter an extra-hazardous business should be less strict than for fare-paying passengers of a common carrier.

But the pilots vigorously reject this suggestion. And they were backed in their contention by CAB member Harlee Branch, when a similar proposal was considered 18 months ago.

Branch declared that the fundamental issue was safety—that we wanted more of it than less—and that the arguments recited above largely added up to crewmen abandoning their plane or cargo with possible danger to John Q. Citizen going his peaceful way on the ground.

The Army and Navy are all for the change. In fact, they had a lot to do with reviving the proposal at this time.

Two factors largely account for their interest. A strong civilian air cargo industry would be a big asset to national defense. Armies of the future, say military men, will be airborne. It would also expand our aircraft manufacturing industry.

Also, the Army and Navy had vast experience with air cargo operations during the war. Employing much lower safety standards than the CAB, they scored enviable safety records.

## Horse and Buggy

PRESENT CAB regulations, many advocates believe, are based on the now largely obsolete DC-3. Modern craft can operate safely on different standards, they say.

In fact, what every one backing the move wants is a new cargo plane designed and built as such. With one exception, every cargo plane today is fundamentally an airliner without the plush interior. That exception is the Fairchild Packet.

The "Flying Boxcar" is familiar to Washingtonians but to few other Americans. Designed by the Army for its own cargo operations, it can carry a heavier load and is generally more efficient as an air freighter than modified airliner and bombers.

As it is the Packet does not meet CAB specifications. Some alterations, which will cut down its cargo-carrying ability, are necessary if it is to be used as a commercial carrier.

## Have to Zoom

THE CHANGES in CAB rules desired by the aviation industry largely center around a plane's rate of climb and fire protection in the cargo compartment. If a lower rate of climb on takeoff is permitted, heavier payloads can be carried.

And, more important, if separate standards are set up, the aircraft builders can begin the development of an entirely different type of airplane, emphasizing lower operating costs and higher payloads.

In time, air freight rates may rival those of other transport systems. Glenn L. Martin, the Maryland plane builder, has been experimenting with air shipments of freshly plucked vegetables. This is but one of the fields open to a cheaper and vastly expanded air cargo industry.

Chairman James M. Landis and the four other members on the CAB bench must balance this vista of the future against the also important considerations of air safety.

## Polish Parcel Post

Warsaw (AP)—The ministry of posts and telegraphs announced that parcel post service has been resumed with Bulgaria, Yugoslavia, Holland and Britain.

## It Was No 'Bombshell' to D. C. War Aces

# Globe-Girdling's Just Flying Pay



Post Staff Photo. Above, Test Pilot Yeager in the cockpit of his Thunderjet at Andrews Field, after a 30-minute flight from Farmingdale, N. J.

By Dorothea Andrews  
Post Reporter

TO A NATION populated with "fly-boys," global flights like that of the Reynolds Bombshell are just routine.

Of course, local fly-boys have never equalled—or even tried to—the new record, but they've had their share of excitement.

Like Lieut. James Hondorf, a 23-year-old ATC pilot, who took War Secretary Patterson around the world in about four weeks last year. They went to Hawaii, and Kwajalein and Guam and Tokyo, and India and Egypt and Germany, and back home again. Hondorf, who lives at 1630 Abingdon dr., Alexandria, can't get too excited about this globe circling. He's been flying since he was 16.

Or take Maj. William F. Shanklin, also of the ATC, who lives at 3400 Gunston rd. in Alexandria. He flew W. Averil Harriman to Moscow and back, and back home again. Shanklin, who lives at 1630 Abingdon dr., Alexandria, can't get too excited about this globe circling. He's been flying since he was 16.

Capt. Robert W. Carroll of 226 S. Washington st., Alexandria, is another ATC pilot who has been around the world twice. Once it took him a year. He had an 11-month stopover in India.

## 'Easier' in Wartime

THESE pilots can see quite a bit of difference between wartime global and peacetime global flights. They believe pilot fatigue and lack

of refueling points are probably the two biggest factors the Reynolds crew licked.

Captain Carroll said he had read that the Bombshell pilot was taking benzedrine to ward off fatigue. "That was standard operational procedure," he said, "back when we were flying over the hump from India to China and maybe going 24 or 25 hours without any sleep. Of course, we weren't flying all that time."

But the thing that really puts global flights kind of in the shade is something called jet propulsion, whose latest example was on view at Andrews Field last week. That was a Thunderjet, a P-54 to the knowing, and it came down from Farmingdale, N. J., in 30 minutes, including the landing.

It was piloted on this first cross-country flight by Capt. Charles E. Yeager, a lad of 23 who flew P-51s for the Eighth Air Force, shot down 15 enemy aircraft, got captured, escaped to Spain, is married and has two children, and is test piloting the fastest thing in the air.

## First of a Flock

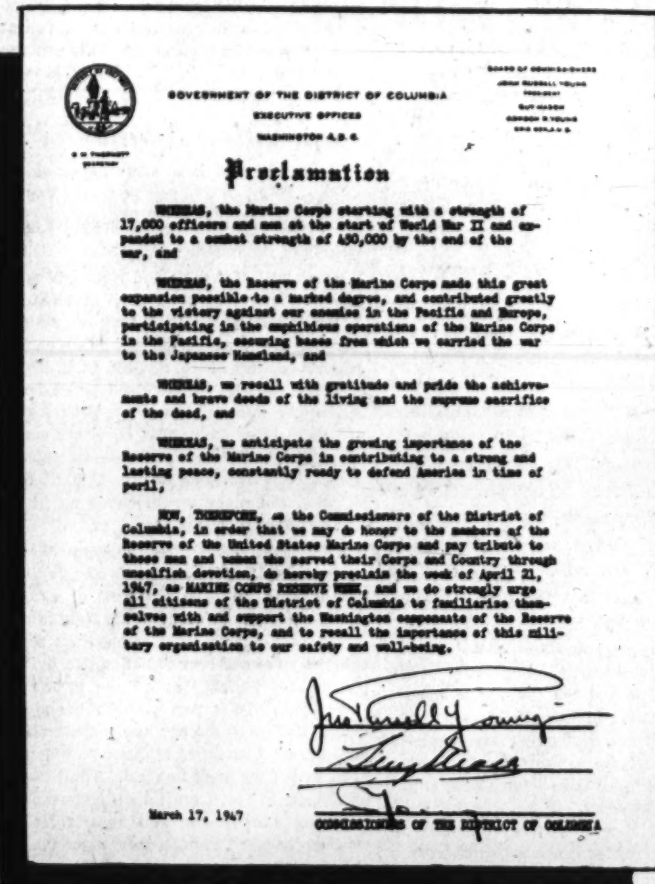
CAPTAIN YEAGER can't get very excited about global flights—not when the machine he drives can do better than 600

## Look Before Leap!

Dillon, Mont. (AP)—When a truck stalled on a nearby railroad crossing, George Murray leaped clear of the vehicle but his companion, Paul Griffith, remained in the cab. A locomotive struck the rear end of the truck and toppled it over on George, inflicting serious injuries. Paul was unhurt.

# MARINE CORPS RESERVE WEEK

APRIL 21-27



In Memory of

# The Marine Reserves Who Served in World War II

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Hell's Angels  
Naval Air Station  
Anacostia, D. C.



5th Marine Reserve  
Infantry Battalion  
3rd & C St. N.W.  
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4B Sunday, April 20, 1947

## Indonesian Republic

American *de facto* recognition of the Indonesian Republic's supremacy in domestic affairs is no more than an acknowledgment of the change that has taken place in the Netherlands East Indies. Since the end of the war, the Indonesian independence movement has actually held most local authority in the three principal islands of Java, Sumatra and Madura. Against the protests of some of the more empire-minded Hollanders, whose ideas hark back to the days when the tiny Netherlands exercised absolute sway over the 80 million Indonesians and the islands' fabulous resources, the Dutch, too, have come to accept the change. Indeed, the Dutch government has taken the lead in working out a moderate solution to the strife incited by native extremists. Under the interim arrangement foreign relations, defense and some financial affairs will continue to be handled through The Hague, while the Indonesians themselves will control their local government.

In a sense the solution in Indonesia is the culmination of the vast political upsurge throughout Asia that was discernible before the war. The war nurtured the movement and gave it a voice. After disillusioning experiences with the Japanese, the Indonesians were unwilling to see a reimposition of Dutch control, enlightened through the Dutch administration had been. The question then became largely one of reconciling the demands of the extremists with the gradual decontrol advised by the Dutch. In many respects the situation in Indonesia was similar to that in India. Fortunately, however, there was far more unanimity among Indonesian leaders, and consequently the split between the two sides was less aggravated.

The Cheribon agreement, signed March 25, provides for a full-fledged United States of Indonesia to become effective January 1, 1949. The new nation will consist of all the islands of the former Netherlands East Indies. It will have full sovereign rights but will be permanently linked to Holland under the Dutch throne in much the same way that Canada has a nominal allegiance to the British crown. The Dutch already have evidenced their sincerity by offering to appoint several Indonesians as ambassadors to train them for their new responsibilities. The United States' *de facto* recognition of the interim regime is a happy reminder that we ourselves opened—in the Philippines—this movement toward the realization of the rights of Asiatic peoples to choose their own destiny.

## Britain's Budget Surplus

The emergence of a British budgetary surplus is not especially remarkable. For there, as here, inflated incomes make it possible to maintain revenue at high levels when extraordinary wartime expenditures disappear. Incidentally, outlays totaling 430 million pounds for war damage payments, excess profits tax refunds, and repayment of postwar credits are not included in the "regular" budget, while repayments to the Treasury and sales of war stores are windfall receipts that more than account for the prospective 1947-48 surplus.

The really outstanding feature of the budgetary program is that the Chancellor of the Exchequer has had the courage to impose highly unpopular indirect taxes on the people, as an offset to the limited relief afforded low-income taxpayers. However, the raising of the tax on tobacco by 50 per cent, which has created a veritable furor, can hardly be regarded as a revenue measure. For its purpose is to reduce consumption of tobacco products, thus enabling the government to save scarce dollars, most of the tobacco consumed by the British being imported from the United States.

Mr. Dalton did not venture to reduce the heavy subsidies on food and other items that are expected to cost the government 425 million pounds. The food subsidies have enabled the British to curb the rise in living costs, retail food prices having risen only 22 per cent since 1939. Of course, the British public pays for this in the form of heavier tax burdens. They also pay disproportionately high prices for uncontrolled commodities, such as certain fruits and vegetables, because rationing and subsidized pricing of necessities leave more income available to spend on other things.

It would be a mistake, therefore, to overrate the extent of the British government's achievement in improving its fiscal position. The British are still living under a system

of wartime controls that give the consuming masses a good deal for their money. But for reasons beyond the government's control—namely, the unbalanced state of international payments—the people have been put on short rations that entail considerable hardship and make life rather drab and uninteresting.

## Dangerous Tangent

A sorry confusion of aims has crept into the Senate debate on the bill to aid Greece and Turkey in maintaining their independence. Several Senators have loosely assumed that, since the Administration has taken a stand against Communist expansionism in the Mediterranean area, consistency demands opposition to any proposal that may benefit Soviet Russia in any way. Senator Bridges was especially "shocked, amazed and chagrined" because his Republican colleague, Senator Vandenberg, was advocating the shipment of "pipe line" lend-lease supplies to Russia while at the same time favoring the appropriation of hundreds of millions of dollars to stop the spread of communism in Greece. "Only over my dead body," Senator Bridges shouted, will the State Department get authority to release the materials in question to Russia.

This sort of emotional talk could be justified only on a basis of all-out hostility between the two countries. The Administration's policy of aiding Greece and Turkey rests upon no such premise. Rather it is a constructive move to save two independent nations from succumbing to the pressures of communism. It implies no hostility toward Russia and no campaign against communism in Russia. Certainly it does not require on the part of the United States a policy of repudiating solemn agreements entered into in good faith. And that is what the congressional restriction against release of lend-lease goods that were already in the pipe line on VE-Day involves.

Incidentally, Russia is only one of 11 countries injured by this caprice. Australia has paid us for the lend-lease goods that we contracted to send her before Congress made it impossible for the State Department to carry out its agreement. Other countries, including Russia, have agreed to pay for the items in question. Chief among these items in the case of Russia is equipment for an oil refinery which is of little or no value to this country, being regarded as obsolete by American oil experts. Included also are some locomotives made to fit Russia's broad-gauged rails. In no sense is it a question of making a new agreement to provide Russia with sines of defense or tools of aggression. Rather, it is merely a question of honoring our solemn agreement, made under authority granted by Congress, for the sale of a limited amount of equipment manufactured especially for Russia during the war in which we were allies against a common foe.

To withhold this material in violation of our word is particularly short-sighted, for the Russians have recently agreed to negotiate settlement of their 11-billion-dollar lend-lease account with the United States, after resisting any discussion of the subject for a year. Should we persist in violating our pledge, the Soviet Union will have an excuse for doing nothing to meet her obligation. More serious, however, will be the effect upon our prestige in the world and upon our own self-respect. The real inconsistency lies in flouting principle and integrity in these dealings with our former allies while taking a firm stand in behalf of principle in the Mediterranean. If the Senate has any intention of distorting the Truman Doctrine into the taking of any sort of unfriendly action that may tend to weaken or embarrass the Russians, even at the expense of our own good faith, it will indeed become a dangerous policy.

## Population Again

Those who still have some hopes of the regeneration and survival of Western civilization may find them somewhat chilled after a study of the contrary population trends of Western and of Asiatic and Eurasian populations. The prospect of the United States is less discouraging than that of western Europe. But, putting the possibility of war aside, a century hence, as Prof. O. E. Baker of the University of Maryland pointed out recently, a depleted American people may find themselves confronted on either ocean by youthful, vigorous and envious populations. It is inconceivable that in such a situation the present restrictions on immigration could be maintained.

What Professor Baker appears to envisage is another of the famous *Voelkerwanderungen* which have preceded or accompanied the breakdowns of all the civilizations of the past. These great migrations seem originally to have been set in motion by the pressure of populations on the means of subsistence. It is perhaps of some significance that, with the one dubious exception of the People's Crusade, all these movements have been from East to West. The history of Europe in fact from its earliest records has been a history of successive tides of westward-moving peoples, sometimes peaceable, but oftener warlike and predatory.

From Asia came those prehistoric Aryan invaders who are sometimes identified with the Dorian Greeks. From Asia came also Celts, Teutons, Slavs, Huns, Saracens, Mongols, Seljuk and Ottoman Turks. In relatively recent times we perceive how the tremendous increase in the European population in the earlier half of the nineteenth century was followed by the great migrations of western, central and southern European peoples to the North American Continent.

Such an increase appears always to accompany the earlier stages of the transition to an industrial form of society. But in later stages of industrialism, and of rising living standards, after the decline of the birthrate has overtaken the decline of the death rate, the population becomes at first static and gradually shrinks as the proportion of men and women in the middle-aged and elderly

groups grows larger and the number of men and women in the ages of maximum fertility declines.

Thus Professor Baker, like all other demographers, anticipates that a steep rise in the population of Russia will accompany the program of industrialization there. Eventually, then, the Russian masses will feel the increasing pressure of population on their natural resources; their leaders, in fact, says Dr. Baker, will make sure that they feel it. He also anticipates that these leaders will be able to consolidate at least one billion human beings under a single government.

Meanwhile, he finds that the survival of Western society is also being threatened from within "by the love of luxury and ease and by the decline in the integrity of the family as an institution for the reproduction of the race. . . . A people which does not care to have children will gradually cease to exist. Other peoples with greater love of life cannot be blamed if they press into this partial vacuum."

It strikes us that in this last observation Professor Baker has greatly oversimplified the problem. The conditions of any industrialized society, and especially the trend toward urbanization, which in the United States has been enormously accelerated in the last 20 years, has made the family, "as an institution for reproduction," economically obsolescent. This is shown by the subsidies and other artificial devices for encouraging propagation to which the governments of nearly all industrialized nations, including Russia, have resorted. The long years of educational preparation now deemed necessary for the highly specialized tasks of an industrialized society has tended to delay the marriage age beyond the years of maximum fertility. The opening of careers to women in industry, business and the professions has been another great encouragement to sterility. All in all, that "higher standard of living" upon which we have put such great store and on which our whole economy has been based, seems, in this overpopulated world, to invite conquest by destroying the power to prevent it.

## Child Casualties

The adult world in which children must live, like Gulliver among the Brobdingnagians, is just becoming aware of the physical perils it affords its immature citizens. A warning against these perils is given President Truman's annual May Day Health proclamation, which dedicates the week of April 27 to home accident prevention. With accidents taking a toll of child lives greater than that of the eight leading child disease killers combined, safety rather than health will be stressed in this year's observance, sponsored by the Children's Bureau and the National Conference on Home Safety. For in this child accident toll a national loss in population, human assets and public funds is involved. One out of every four child deaths is caused by accidents, and an even larger number of children are maimed.

Only recently has the child come to be considered intelligently in housing plans. One of the new models for small mass-produced homes provides a sitting room for children. Other new housing projects include a window over the kitchen sink overlooking the back yard, or one between kitchen and living room, so a mother while working may watch her children. Even without these aids, parents of small children can do much to prevent accidents by keeping hot water and matches out of reach (burns are a leading cause of children's casualties), also sharp instruments, poisonous substances and electrical equipment.

However, parents cannot watch a child constantly, and if they protect him too much physically, they may cripple him psychologically. Hence authorities on child safety emphasize that accident prevention should be based on teaching a child as early as possible to take care of himself and to use properly utensils that might harm him. Such teaching also sets him more surely on the path to adult self-reliance and safety.

## Galleries Heard From

"Manifestations of applause in the galleries" is the somber way in which the Congressional Record notes the appearance of this forbidden phenomenon in the halls of Congress. Four times in recent weeks the galleries have been heard from audibly. The first was when a spectator was unceremoniously hustled out after he tried to interrupt proceedings with an oration of his own. The second was a speech of Senator Vandenberg on the position of the United Nations in aiding Greece and Turkey, when members on the floor also broke tradition to applaud with the galleries. The third came when Senator Pepper replied in a speech almost diametrically opposed to Mr. Vandenberg's. The fourth was when Senators Vandenberg and Hawkes clashed on the same bill last Friday. Both were applauded. If nothing else, this illustrates that champions of both sides frequent Capitol Hill.

It is obvious why the rules cannot be broken often to allow the galleries to cheer their favorites on. But with all due regard for propriety, now and then a little applause can be valuable. For one thing, it can recognize the occasional revivals of the lost art of oratory. Also, it can serve to remind Congress that it is dealing with human reactions, and that all the world is its stage. The danger, of course, is that Congressmen will begin to regard themselves as a troupe of thespians and will play to the galleries accordingly.

## PETITION

I shall be dead when I have died;  
There will be no quick spark  
From this live fire of brain and side  
When I am dust in dark;  
No life made out of mine or me  
Will move or feel, or meet  
Your careless immortality  
Running on any street:  
Of all I was and learned and tried  
No gain will be to find . . .  
You who will live when you have died  
Do not boast: be kind.  
MARGARET WIDDEMAR.

## "Don't Bother Me With Details, M'Boy—Just Keep Flying"



## Letters To The Editor

### "Communism in Cuba"

The article in *The Post* of April 13 by Andre Visson on "Communism in Cuba" contained information on the numerical strength of the party and its relation to other labor and political groups in Cuba which should be more widely known.

The omission, however, of any discussion of the present situation of most of the rural and urban working population of Cuba, and the contrast with that of the small owning group, which either itself controls or represents foreign interests that control most of the sugar lands and other sources of Cuban wealth, seems unfortunate. Mr. Visson's article makes only one rather oblique reference to these conditions, which have long been a ripe invitation to Communist or other revolutionary movements, namely, "The Communist control of the Cuban trade unions is only partly due to social conditions in that country."

The article would give one who has never seen the mud-floored, windowless, screenless huts of the average sugar worker or who has not gone beyond the luxurious suburbs or hotel district of Havana to visit the miserable slums of the average Cuban cities but little notion of the real sources of Communist strength in Cuba as well as in Brazil and other South and Central American countries.

If in the current discussions of communism more emphasis were placed on the soil out of which communism grows and on practical programs with more human appeal to exploited groups than the hopes held out by Communist propaganda, we would come to closer grips with the realities of our problem and would be more likely to solve it without jeopardizing our own democratic liberties in the process. ARTHUR FISHER, Kensington, Md.

### "American Cuisine"

"Maine Republicans" forthrightly yet wistful letter of April 16 and his prayer for "80,000 bakers who know what bread is and how to bake it," gets a loud amen from where I sit. Yet those of us who live among the scientific brethren of the United States Health Center are not quite as mystified as he. All our Government agencies, Agriculture included, must feel that we get the kind of bread we deserve.

In the *British Medical Journal* for December 1946, there is an account of an experiment by Dr. E. Mellanby with a litter of puppies. He fed half the litter flour bleached with nitrogen trichloride (a very popular bleach in this country) and the other half of the litter on unbleached flour. In four from six weeks every pup in the first set developed fits, while the other set did not. Then he reversed the treatments, and—you guessed it—all of the first set recovered and all of the second set developed fits.

Why do we refuse to use what science is ready to supply us? Why in fact, don't we insist upon the most rigorous study and candid reporting upon the findings of disinterested scientists—here and the world over?

MARYLAND DEMOCRAT, Bethesda, Md.

### "Punitive Labor Law"

Your editorial of April 15, "Punitive Labor Law," criticizing New Jersey anti-strike legislation, seems to have missed an important point. You assert that hostile reaction to the New Jersey law provides evidence that punitive legislation will not insure labor peace, and you point out that New Jersey telephone workers have remained on strike despite the State's statutes. You say further that "repressive" laws cannot be effectively enforced unless supported by public opinion.

It occurs to me that the need for labor curbs is clearly pointed up by John L. Lewis' refusal to obey the courts and the New Jer-

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any unionists' refusal to obey the State's laws. New Jersey elected men to the legislature who were committed to curb union excesses. The country's electorate did the same thing in choosing Congressmen last fall.

Now that New Jersey's lawmakers have done what the majority of voters wanted, and now that Congress is preparing to make good on just one of its promises, the cries of "fascism" and "monstrous betrayal of the working man" arise. The people who bitterly and unsuccessfully opposed conservative lawmakers in New Jersey and in the national elections are trying to gain their ends by last-minute histrionics.

Public opinion in the modern world is all too often erroneously represented as being the shouts of the organized groups. The unions in New Jersey may be able to mass a million men in a general strike, but the silent majority who voted to curb the unions last fall are still about—only not yelling on the street corners.

C. L. A. Washington.

### After the Fact

What did the protestees of the proposed Connecticut ave. tunnel think was taking place on the avenue these past few months? Now that holes 40 feet deep have been dug and the trees have been cut, a voice is heard. A bit late, don't you think?

At this point would it not be better to look into the procedures that made this action possible so that on similar issues citizens may protest before the fact.

FELIX GENTILE, Washington.

## Russian Definition Of Democracy

According to various reports from the Moscow conference, Mr. Vishinsky, Deputy Foreign Minister of the Soviet Union, said, answering a question from Mr. McCordell of the Philadelphia Bulletin: "A treaty without adequate reparations is the same as a man without a heart." When asked by Mr. Sulzberger of the *New York Times* if he agreed with Secretary Marshall's definition of democracy, Mr. Vishinsky parried the question after he had stated that the problem of a definition of democracy was "a very interesting subject, but that his press conference was dealing only with the German problem and that a definition of democracy affected many other countries."

There was a time when the Soviet government was not so evasive in answering the question concerning the definition of democracy. This was when it held quite another opinion on taking reparations from a defeated enemy with the principles of democracy as defined by itself. At that time, however, Mr. Vishinsky had not yet joined the Bolsheviks, but rather fought them in the ranks of their enemies.

I refer to a classical document, the Declaration of Peace, issued by the Soviet Government on November 8, 1917. This document not only defines with utmost lucidity what the Soviet government understood by democracy it also puts an end to the myth that the Russians' idea of democracy has never been compatible with the American version. It reads:

"The workers and peasants' government appeals to all the belligerent nations and governments to start negotiations concerning a just, democratic peace."

### Prices And Costs

I note that Mr. William Green urges the President to do all possible to stop rising prices. Mr. Green might as well ask the President to repeal the law of gravity, as long as the Federal Government itself steadily increases the number of people who are getting money at public expense without productive work in return.

When we add to those pensioned, those getting unemployment relief, the \$2-20 clubs, social security, those on the educational and vocational rolls, those getting strike benefits, etc., we find that the percentage of those producing tangible things is plummeting. It all goes back to the old law of supply and demand. When eggs are plentiful they are cheap and when they are scarce they are high. When those who represent the normal labor supply can live without work and at the taxpayer's expense, those who will work can demand high wages and get them. But just how a manufacturer can meet constantly rising labor costs and yet reduce prices has yet to be explained.

F. G. CAMPBELL, Washington.

### Wallace Speech

Thanks to a paid advertisement in *The Post* by the Progressive Citizens of America, we are allowed to learn on April 15 that Henry Wallace addressed a mass meeting of 22,000 in New York City on March 31, and what he said. How advantageous is our lot, to have a free and untrammeled press in our country, so different from that of the Soviet Union!

I have read carefully every word of Mr. Wallace's Madison Square Garden speech and can find not one statement that any reasoning mind can refute. The position of his assents seems to be, in contradistinction to that of Voltaire, "Every word that you say is true, but we shall sound you to the death if we can keep you from saying it."

THERESA H. RUSSELL, Washington.

Editor's note—A report of Mr. Wallace's March 31 speech was carried on Page 4 of *The Post* of April 1.

## Murder Movies

I think that Hollywood should stop making murder movies, because they give young people the idea of murdering and stealing, and that is awful. Nearly every day I read in the paper of some boy killing somebody, and I think that it's got the idea for a murder on the radio or a murder in Washington.

JANE N. GRAUBARD, Age 6.

JULIUS EPSTEIN, New York.

## After the

## Deadlock

By Andre Visson

### New Soviet Strategy

SINCE THE Wednesday night conference between Secretary of State Marshall and Premier Stalin has not broken the deadlock between the Soviet and United Nations, only some last-minute concessions by the Russians can save the Moscow conference from complete failure. Responsible diplomatic observers in Washington do not exclude the possibility of some last-minute concessions by the Russians, but they do not believe that such concessions will be of real importance.

The general feeling in Washington is that the pessimistic predictions about the outcome of the Moscow conference were, unfortunately, justified. Those predictions were made before the proclamation of the Truman Doctrine. When President Truman made his historic statement on March 12, some observers believed that if the Soviet policymakers properly interpreted the warning given them by the President of the United States, it might be easier to reach an agreement on the German issue.

This may eventually be the case, but so far the Truman Doctrine has not paid any dividends in Moscow. Of course, nobody knows for certain the real reasons for the present Soviet intransigence. The most plausible theory advanced in the Capital's diplomatic circles is, that as much as the Russians would like to obtain what they consider is due them in reparations from current German production, they are reluctant to make any concessions which might, in their opinion, weaken their future position in Germany. Their desire to "win friends and influence people" in Germany is so great that they did not hesitate to embarrass the French Communists by opposing the Anglo-American support for the incorporation of the Saar region into France.

TRUE, THE American delegation did not miss the opportunity to put the Soviet policymakers on the spot in Germany, by raising the German-Polish border issue. Molotov's categorical opposition to the discussion of any possible revision of Germany's eastern border will hardly contribute to Russian popularity in Germany. It is most unfortunate—really tragic—that two years after the end of hostilities in Germany, we and the Russians are vying for German favor, thus repeating the worst errors of the years following World War I.

But any objective observer will recognize that the initial responsibility for this tragic situation lies with the Russians. Whether or not they have the intention of eventually communizing the whole of Germany, their political tactics in their zone in Germany, especially the forced unification of German Communists and Soviet Democrats, has given ground for strong suspicion that the communization of Germany is the ultimate Soviet objective.

Another touchstone of Soviet intentions in Germany is the Soviet attitude on the settlement of the Austrian problem. We may assume that Soviet insistence on a larger share of reparations from the so-called German assets in Austria is determined mainly by Soviet Russia's urgent economic needs. But the Soviet policymakers cannot ignore, any more than we can, the fact that any delays in definitely settling Austria's political and economic status play into the hands of those Germans and Austrians who have not abandoned hope for the reincorporation of Austria into a new greater Germany.

If we do not have the political courage to treat the Austrians differently from the Germans, we will throw them into Germany's arms. Furthermore, as long as Austria's status remains unsettled, the Russians will continue to keep their armed forces in Romania, Hungary and Bulgaria, and thus make practically meaningless the peace treaties with Germany's former satellites which took us over a year to work out. That is why the Soviet obstruction to a speedy settlement of the Austrian problem is a matter of serious concern to Washington and London.

But still greater concern is the question: What will be the Soviet strategy when the American, British and French delegations leave Moscow?

There is always, of course, the possibility that having been unable to achieve their economic objectives in Moscow, the Russians will feel the strain of their war-devastated economy so badly that they will be obliged to adopt a more reasonable attitude at the next conference of the four Foreign Ministers, which will probably take place in London.

But Allied diplomatic observers would not be surprised if the Russians were to try to use the coming six-month interval to wage a war of nerves, and try to strengthen their political positions in the world's most strategic areas. It is therefore the opinion of those diplomatic observers who have followed Soviet foreign policy very closely that we should be prepared for a series of aggressive Soviet diplomatic or other actions in a number of key areas. During the Moscow Conference, Soviet diplomats left it mostly to their press and radio to criticize the Truman Doctrine. Once the Moscow Conference is over, however, they may abandon their present restraint and start a new diplomatic and political offensive, using their agents and supporters in Germany, Italy and France.

## Murder Movies

I think that Hollywood should stop making murder movies, because they give young people the idea of murdering and stealing, and that is awful. Nearly every day I read in the paper of some boy killing somebody, and I think that it's got the idea for a murder on the radio or a murder in Washington.

JANE N. GRAUBARD, Age 6.

JULIUS EPSTEIN, New York.



# Lewis Has Eye on Green's Spot

By Drew Pearson

SPARKS are beginning to fly in the AFL executive council over who will succeed President Bill Green when Green is retired at the AFL national convention next October in San Francisco. Secretary-Treasurer George Meany and "Big Bill" Hutchison, boss of the powerful Carpenters Union, are the leading aspirants at this stage and both have been busy behind the scenes garnering support.

Normally Hutchison would have the edge on Meany, who is backed by the bricklayers, chiefly because of Hutchison's kinship with John L. Lewis. The combination of two such large unions as the United Mine Workers and the carpenters could just about clinch the election.

However, the inside betting is that Lewis will try to steamroller the convention for himself at the last minute. Friends report he has a burning ambition to step into Green's shoes and turn the United Mine Workers' presidency over to Tom Kennedy, UMW secretary-treasurer.

Though not bedridden, the aged Green has been in poor health. Tired on his physical condition was his recent testimony before the House Un-American Committee, which bordered at times on the pathetic. Unable to hear some of the questions asked, he was erratic and confused, occasionally answering "yes" when he should have replied "no."

Two assistants, W. C. Hushing and Lew Hines, were at his elbow and tried to help, but finally had to give up in justice to Green, he could not be expected to answer intelligently when he couldn't understand the questions, many of which were asked by Representative Herbert C. Bonner of North Carolina, noted for his soft-spoken drawl.

Note—Some members of the AFL executive council would like to retire Green before the convention. They are especially irked at his indomitable last year of Congressman Fred Hartley of New Jersey, the man now spearheading the anti-labor law.

**Time to Call a Bluff**

THE MORE you probe into John L. Lewis's mine safety "murder" claims, the more it becomes evident someone on the congressional committee before whom he stages his dramatics should have the nerve to do a little intelligent cross-examination. But when John L. gets on the witness stand Congressmen quail before him.

For instance, it now develops that all the safety inspectors employed by the Bureau of Mines are Lewis men. Under the law they almost have to be. Lewis managed to tuck a provision into the mine safety law by which all inspectors must have had "five years practical experience in the mining of coal." To have had five years as miners virtually means that they must have been members of the United Mine Workers.

Conceivably a few inspectors could have been picked from the rival Progressive Miners. But since Dr. R. B. Severs, director of the bureau, is a close friend of Lewis, and since John E. Jones, a man recommended by Lewis, is in charge of mine safety, it is doubtful that anyone unfriendly to Lewis has been hired.

**Matter of Fact**

## Oil Troubles Our Eastern Waters

By Stewart Alsop

CAIRO, April 19.—It is surprising to find it universally taken for granted that the policy of the United States Government in the Middle East is either dictated or deeply influenced by the great American companies which control the new American oil concessions in Saudi Arabia. This opinion is not confined to the British Labor Party's brilliant but frequently misinformed R. H. S. Crossman, nor to the erratic Henry Wallace. It is also firmly held by, for example, the editor of a Jewish left-wing paper in Palestine, a cabinet officer in an Arab government and an American businessman on a quick Middle East junket.

Indeed, it is in a fair way to becoming an indisputable article of faith throughout the world that American policy in this area is motivated entirely by a tender regard for the dividends of the stockholders in the Arabian-American Oil Co.

This is twofold. On the one hand, all really qualified American observers in this area are agreed. Indeed, the fact seems to be that both in the Middle East and in the United States, the oil company executives and the American policy makers operate in separate watertight compartments. Yet, starting from this basic fact, two divergent bodies of opinion have grown up among important American observers as to the future relationship between oil and American policy in this area. Since this reporter has no

way of access to the correctness of either view, both are outlined below.

### Independent Strategy

THE FIRST opinion is that of an American official of undoubted integrity and intelligence, a liberal of the old school. Because of his long experience in the Middle East, his views and those of the minority, who agree with him, merit attention, however much one may disagree with him. Briefly, they are as follows:

The very fact that contacts between Government policy makers and the managers of Aramco, as the company is called, are sporadic and casual is dangerous. As things now stand, the oil men can take decisions which greatly affect the whole political and strategic situation in this area, wholly independent of Government policy.

The decision to build a railway in Saudi Arabia, a decision with obvious strategic implications, was taken (at least according to this observer) without any prior consultation with American policy makers whatsoever.

Again, the arrangements between the oil men and Ibn Saud and other Middle Eastern potentates are made quite independently. Yet the hundreds of millions of dollars which will flow into the pockets of these rulers have enormous political significance throughout the Middle East. As regards Ibn Saud, who is known to be personally incorruptible, who has no ambition for further military adventures and who is devoting most of his huge oil income to raising the standard of living of

his people, this is all very well. But some day Ibn Saud will die, and a precedent will have been established.

### The British Pattern

THUS this observer expresses the fear that American policy may be made by Aramco, with neither Aramco nor the government realizing what is happening, just as the British policy in the Far East came long ago to be made by the British East India Co. And although it is universally agreed that the managers of Aramco are far-sighted and public-spirited men, they are not the Government.

But it is for larger reasons that this observer believes that the activities of American private companies in the Middle East should be closely controlled. He interprets Soviet interests in the Middle East largely in terms of oil. He believes that if these Soviet aspirations were satisfied the whole atmosphere in this area would be immediately eased.

He therefore believes that a general condominium of the oil resources of the Middle East and the United Nations is essential. It would have two provisions. The first would provide for sharing the production of any newly discovered fields. The second would be modeled on the 'Bakura' agreement, which lays down that income arising from oil exploration and production should be devoted to raising the standard of living of the people in the area.

Otherwise, two results are foreseen. One is that the tiny ruling classes in the Middle Eastern countries would become immensely richer while the mass of the people hovered on the edge of starvation, making social upheaval inevitable. The second is that the competition for oil in the Middle East between the Soviet Union and the west will lead to war.

### Reds Don't Want Oil

THE ABOVE is the minority view. The arguments against it, briefly outlined below, are cogent.

Russia's demand for oil concessions in Iran were clearly based on the assumption that such concessions would prove a valuable political weapon. By contrast, the operations of American companies in the Middle East are purely commercial, and these companies are not a political instrumentality of the American Government.

The real objective of the Soviet Union in the Middle East is not oil. This was clearly demonstrated at the first Moscow conference. There, both the British and American representatives offered to back any Soviet request for commercial concessions in northern Iran. Molotov brushed this offer aside, and the Soviets proceeded to attempt the political capture of the Iranian government.

If the Soviets consented to enter a fair international oil agreement for the Middle East, which is doubtful, they would merely use their position to further such political ends. The only way to prevent war is to make it absolutely clear to the Soviet Union that military or political expansion in this area will not be worth the candle.

An intelligent choice between these conflicting views is enormously difficult. It is also enormously important.

### Capital Chaff

ACCORDING to the Pentagon restaurant, the Army and Navy have already merged. The restaurant now serves navy bean soup. . . . About 100 GIs who are barred from operating taxicabs in Philadelphia may get Federal help. Philadelphia taxis also operate across the river in Camden, N. J., so are in interstate commerce, which gives the Justice Department the right to intervene. The department intervened vigorously in Chicago some months ago when GI taxi drivers were barred. . . . Victor Mature has just got around to wishing his friends a Merry Christmas. . . . Latest Bureau of Labor Statistics figures show that it takes \$1.30 today to buy what \$1 bought in 1939.

### Appeal to Justice

IF THE Senate finally okays the 43 per cent cut in the Labor Department budget, Secretary Schweilenbach may ask the Justice Department for a ruling whether the huge slash is constitutional. Department officials contend that the House Appropriations Committee has violated a Supreme Court ruling by sharpshooting at individuals, namely, Edgar Warren, chief of the Conciliation Service, and others whose jobs will be wiped out by the cut.

Schweilenbach fears the House action may lead to a wave of child labor law violations, also increase industrial accidents, due to the elimination of safety functions of the Bureau of Labor Standards. This was voted out of existence.

### Black-Eyed Elliott

IT'S SOMETIMES risky to be a Congressman these days. Or so GOP Representative Alfred Elliott of California found when he went into a restaurant in his home town of Tulare the other day. When Elliott came out he had a black eye.

First the Congressman found a note in his automobile reading: "You're taking your last ride tonight." Next night the Congressman was about to leave the restaurant after finishing dinner when a man about 40 approached and asked if he was "Congressman Elliott."

"Yes, sir, what can I do for you?" Elliott says he replied.

"Nothing," said the stranger. "I don't like you. Congressmen don't count to anything."

"I'm sorry about that," said Elliott. "A lot of people don't like me."

Elliott continued talking to a friend, and was half turned away from the stranger when the latter hauled off and bluffed him, cutting to the cheekbone with a ring. Several people interceded, and the stranger was hustled out.

Note—The Congressman has been opposing Federal distribution of water power from the Central Valley Project, and also favors lifting the 160-acre limit on reclamation land owned by one man. However, there is no evidence that this had anything to do with the haymaker.

### AMERICA'S ROVING AMBASSADOR

... Carlisle, in the Des Moines Register and Tribune



AMERICA'S ROVING AMBASSADOR  
... Carlisle, in the Des Moines Register and Tribune

## Closed Shop Dangers

MUCH of the debate in Congress about the closed shop seems to be concerned with only some, and perhaps not the most important, features of this contentious device.

It seems to be assumed that the security which unions seek, and often get, from the closed shop is a desirable and essential right of organized labor. It is likewise assumed that unions cannot get along without the closed shop. Hence if, where the closed shop already exists, it is taken away, much is being made of the claim that prevailing labor relations will become demoralized and unworkable.

This kind of argument overlooks, or disregards, the real reasons for popular dissatisfaction with the closed shop and the efforts either to outlaw it or bring it under statutory control. During the past year the closed shop has been the subject of scrutiny not only in Congress but in many of the State Legislatures. This trend in public opinion can only be explained by the radical change in the position of the closed shop and other forms of union security.

### Few Affected in '30s

THE closed shop confers on unions powers of compulsion. Unions can, where they have won the closed shop, compel men to join a union and to retain membership, submit to union discipline, observe the policies of the organization. Where an individual undertakes to challenge these powers he places his job in jeopardy.

The unions which have seized such powers, or have deprived them from public policy, are private organizations. Until the present, anyhow, they conducted their affairs, made their policies, and ran themselves pretty much as they liked.

In these respects unions and the closed shop are today no different from what they ever were. But, since the middle thirties, there has been an overwhelming change in the position of unions and, therefore, the importance of the closed shop.

Before 1935, strong unions, powerful enough to enforce the closed shop, asserted their jurisdiction over a small segment of American industry and employment. In the vast majority of businesses there was neither organization nor union security. This is no longer so.

Today the leading sources of industrial employment are under union control. In form or in substance, a break with the union means a loss of employment. As unionism and the closed shop continue to spread, which is still the prevailing tendency, individuals and groups at odds with a union will find a large and increasing number of avenues of employment closed to them. In the present strength of unionism, this is a serious matter for a good many men and women and would seem to be a proper subject of public policy.

### Drastic Penalties Possible

THE practical features of this condition are illustrated by a couple of current news items. One is the case of the veteran passed on by the Supreme Court on April 14. In this case a union decision reduced a man's seniority from nine years to six months. It is easy to see what this does to his chances of employment. When he sued the union over seniority, the union expelled him and forced the company to fire him.

The second case has to do with fines totaling \$227,000, assessed by the famous painters' local in Hollywood against 18 union members who crossed the picket lines. Seven foremen were assessed \$20,300 each.

### Key to Price Cutting

WITHIN a recent period of six days, President Truman dwelt on high prices in a speech, held a Cabinet meeting about them, emphasizing them at a press conference. The concern he expressed is felt also by many leaders and experts.

These, taking Mr. Truman's statements as a text, have expanded on them, agreeing in the main but differing from Mr. Truman and one another as to causes and suggested cure. The sum of the outpourings is rather a welter.

Since authorities differ, the public must be confused; indeed, some of the authorities confess confusion themselves. What is here attempted is no more than a listing of a few points on which there can be maximum agreement.

High income taxes are a cause of high prices. President Truman by implication seems to deny this. But it is convincingly supported by one of the ablest of the authorities who have contributed to the current discussion, a former Undersecretary of the Treasury in the Roosevelt Administration, John W. Hanes.

High expenditures by Government are a cause of high prices. One reason among several is the simple fact that it causes high taxes. President Truman, while not specifically denying that high Government expenditures cause high prices, is definitely reluctant to reduce Government expenditures as much as Republican leaders and others think should be done.

### Food the Root

WAGE rises are a cause of high prices; they cause goods to cost more to make than they otherwise would. An automobile made with wages at \$1.25 an hour will always cost more to make than one made with wages at \$1 an hour. This is mathematically incontestable.

Among all high prices, in all lines of goods, the highest are foodstuffs, farm products. They are highest in comparison with other goods and highest in comparison with the past. More than that, high prices of foodstuffs are the principal factor in high cost of living generally, 49 per cent of the whole. Further yet, high

# GOP 'Race' Still Running to Form

By George Gallup

Director, American Institute of Public Opinion

THE three most popular candidates for 1948 among Republican voters continue to be Governor Dewey, Harold E. Stassen and Senator Vandenberg, with Dewey considerably in the lead.

Others with substantial popular backing from Republican ranks polled by the Institute include Senator Robert A. Taft, Senator John W. Bricker, Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower, Gov. Earl Warren of California, Gen. Douglas MacArthur and Senator Leverett Saltonstall of Massachusetts.

A noteworthy feature of the survey is the comparatively low proportion of Republican voters who have no choice of candidate at this time. Only 22 per cent of the rank and file have no definite person in mind now.

This is a low figure in comparison to the non-voting that is found when contested open party primaries are held in various States. In the 1944 Wisconsin primary, for example, when Wendell Willkie pitted his strength against Governor Dewey, stirring up widespread publicity, the number of people who showed enough interest to participate in this primary was only about half of the number who voted for the Republican ticket the following November.

### Dewey Up 6 Points

REPUBLICAN voters naming a choice today for the 1948 GOP nomination divide as follows, as compared to a similar poll in March:

|             | March | Today |
|-------------|-------|-------|
| Dewey       | 45%   | 51%   |
| Stassen     | 18    | 15    |
| Vandenberg  | 8     | 10    |
| Taft        | 7     | 7     |
| Bricker     | 6     | 6     |
| Eisenhower  | 4     | 4     |
| Warren      | 3     | 3     |
| MacArthur   | 2     | 2     |
| Saltonstall | 1     | 1     |
| Others      | 1     | 1     |

\*Less than 1 per cent.

SOME political observers are inclined to feel that any man who served as his party's candidate at the last election has an advantage in subsequent popularity polls simply because his name is

better known than others in the party. Recent studies have shown that despite the years of publicity associated with their names, such men as Stassen and Vandenberg remain comparatively unknown to more than half the voting population, whereas the overwhelming majority are familiar with the name and reputation of Dewey.

The fact remains, however, that having been the party's standard bearer at a previous election does not necessarily make for continued popularity afterward.

At a comparable time before the 1944 election, Mr. Willkie, who had been the party's candidate in 1940, was not leading the field in popularity, the way Dewey seems to be doing today. In May, 1943, Governor Dewey, the man who was to win the nomination the next year, led with 38 per cent in an Institute survey, while Willkie polled only 28 per cent.

Similarly, polls taken a year and a half before the 1940 election found Alfred M. Landon, the 1936 candidate, trailing behind others in popularity.

### Stassen Declines

IN RECENT months Governor Dewey has increased his following. The rise has come mostly since he was reelected Governor of New York by a large majority last year. Senator Vandenberg has also increased in popularity, presumably as a result of his activities as the ranking Republican in the field of foreign affairs.

Stassen has dropped somewhat in popularity. During recent weeks he has been out of the country and therefore silent on domestic public affairs. The standings today as compared to a little over a year ago show the trend:

|            | Feb. 1946 | Today |
|------------|-----------|-------|
| Dewey      | 38%       | 51%   |
| Stassen    | 27        | 15    |
| Vandenberg | 10        | 10    |
| Taft       | 7         | 7     |
| Bricker    | 6         | 6     |
| Eisenhower | 4         | 4     |
| Warren     | 3         | 3     |
| MacArthur  | 2         | 2     |
| Others     | 1         | 1     |



Meet... BUFORD TUNE who draws DOTTY

## Key to Price Cutting

prices of foodstuffs are a main cause of high prices in all lines. For high cost of food leads to decreased farm wage rates, and wage rates in turn cause increases in the cost of goods.

If there is to be reduction of high prices of goods generally, of the whole high level of prices, the most effective beginning is to reduce prices of foodstuffs. Almost it can be said, although not absolutely certain, that there can be no general reduction of prices unless foodstuffs go down early in the process.

### Artificial Inflation

THE principal cause of high prices of foodstuffs, farm products, is the Government. For keeping these prices high, preventing them from going down, the Government spends hundreds of millions of dollars each year.

Last year it bought some 100 million dollars' worth of potatoes, not because it wanted them but solely to keep the price up. Many of the potatoes were allowed to rot in the ground or otherwise go to waste.

This year potatoes, eggs and some other farm products are being bought for the same purpose of keeping prices up and with the same expectation of loss.

Unless and until President Truman is willing to act about high prices of farm products, his drive for reduction of other prices can have only limited effect. His strong urging upon manufacturers that they reduce prices is justified as to some manufacturers and some lines of goods. His urging is supported by many business and industrial leaders, and some prices are being reduced.

### Farmers Realize

TO ACT toward reducing prices of farm products is supposed to be politically inexpedient. But the present writer has been told by a member of Congress in a position to know farm sentiment that this is not so.

Certainly there can hardly be a farmer in the country who does not know that recent prices of wheat, as high as \$3 a bushel, are fantastic, are a hardship on the consuming public and must be dangerous to the country's economic health.

Follow the typical home life of "DOTTY" every day in...

## The Washington Post



## Elizabeth Alexandra Mary Windsor's Most Important Broadcast

## The Lovely Heir to an Empire Comes of Age

Continued From Page 1

engagement to the former Prince Philip of Greece, a lieutenant in the British navy, who recently was granted British naturalization under the name of Philip Mountbatten. On highest authority, however, it was stated that the Princess was not engaged to anyone nor was likely to be in the near future.

Commenting on the rumors of royal romance and public and official reaction, a London newspaper columnist said: "This is not a trivial issue. The British throne has never been held in such good esteem as it is today. It is of the utmost importance that the strong links of mutual confidence should be preserved."

This prompted other newspaper assertions that the Princess was distressed by the persistence of "discredited" reports and that it was felt she had a right to some privacy in her own life.

The speculation is bound to continue until the Prince Consort is named.

Whatever the arguments about Elizabeth's matrimonial prospects, no similar division of opinion exists over the institution of British monarchy itself. In an era of toppling thrones the British sovereignty has become more potent and honored than ever.

## She Owns no Auto

Rarely, if ever, does one hear a responsible person in England say that he stands opposed to the monarchy, and in the dominions, too, there is a general satisfaction in preserving allegiance to the symbol of the Crown and pleasure in the pageantry and drama of royal traditions.

That is one big reason why a lot of Britons would like to see a true to romantic gossip, and an even greater concentration by Princess Elizabeth on the tasks and responsibilities leading to queenhood.

At the same time none wishes to



A RARE PHOTOGRAPH OF Elizabeth and her suitor, The Princess and Prince Philip were snapped at a ball in London

deprive her of the limited pleasures and conceits permitted an heir to the Crown. It is at best a lonely life in which free choice plays small part.

The Princess' day normally follows a fixed

pattern, starting at 7:30 or 7:45, and embracing periods of study and reading, conversation, letter-writing, tours of observation, shopping and sometimes speeches. As a rule her evenings are free, and this enables her occasionally to indulge her liking for the theater, private parties and dancing.

When time allows she rides—horses are a passion with her—plays tennis or golf, swims or, in winter, goes skating. She learned to drive an automobile while serving in the Auxiliary Territorial Service, British equivalent of the Wacs, but does not yet have a car of her own.

The Princess, who is 5 feet 5½ inches tall and weighs about 125 pounds, has only recently paid fussy attention to clothes. Although partial to bright lipstick and a regular permanent wave customer, she does not favor soft polishes and is moderate in the use of other cosmetics.

Her tendency to put on weight has prompted her now and then to consider going on a diet. She prefers tea to coffee, is indifferent to alcoholic drinks and doesn't care for tobacco. The South African trip has given her an enthusiasm for barbecued meat, Afrikaaner style, and a taste for sweet corn.

An accomplished dancer, she is thrilled by good rumba bands, foxtrots and waltzes with the best, and enjoys playing records of current hit tunes.

So much and not a great deal more is granted a queen of tomorrow as amusement, personal gratification and replenishment. Against that are the tremendous severities and that august precept that monarchy can continue on its high plane only by the perpetuation of the most rigid standards of ethics and etiquette.

The dignity of throne and court derives from a selflessness which most human beings, erring and often unrepentant, simply could not achieve.

## THE GOOD OLD DAYS

BACK IN THE DAYS WHEN THE PICTURE SHOW BUSINESS BEGAN RIGHT AT HOME



LOTS OF PEOPLE, THESE DAYS, SHUDDER AT THE THOUGHT THAT FOLKS HAD NO MOVIES YEARS AGO.... MAYBE THERE WERE NO NICKEL SHOWS TO SHAG TO... BUT, FOLKS HAD THEIR OWN "SHOWS"... WHY, THEY EVEN HAD "TALKIES"... BETCHA! THEIR PICTURES DIDN'T MOVE, BUT THE TALKING MACHINE SURE MADE 'EM SEEM LIKE THEY DID

## Gallery Glimpses

## Wary Senate Ruefully Skips Opening Game

Continued From Page 1

day recess. An agreement not to vote on Greco-Turk bill amendments until next week, cleared the way.

Then Senate leaders huddled, reached a heart-tearing verdict: Two days off in a week, strangely coinciding with league-opening games, wouldn't sit well with Joe Public.

So it was the Senate met Friday. But don't check the floor count, son.

## Odds on Zero

THERE'S a better than 50-50 chance the Eightieth Congress will wind up with no major legislation on the statute books. Barring appropriation measures, that is.

Odds on a zero score for this session shot up when the House overwhelmingly passed the drastic Hartley labor bill. They will soar even higher if Taft succeeds in writing more stringent floor amendments into his own comparatively moderate committee bill.

In three months, Harry Truman hasn't used the veto once. Speculation is he will use it, one, two, three, on these measures:

Partial-to-partial pay. Tax reduction. General labor restrictions.

Aside from appropriation cuts, they are the only three really all-out legislative efforts this Congress plans.

## 10 Per Centers

COLLIER'S Award Winner Jesse P. Wolcott (R., Mich.), chairman of the House Banking Committee, is sitting on what looks like the hottest political potato of the session—a general rent increase.

Overnight, Wolcott's committee finds itself in precisely the same dilemma the Truman Administration faced at the outset of this session—to raise or not to raise ceilings.

Mr. Truman pulled back a 10 per cent rent boost, even as the OFC was getting ready to broadcast the order.

The Republican leadership is just as reluctant to start the ball rolling.

But what happened was this: Over Wolcott's opposition, a Republican-Democratic coalition voted a 10 per cent increase.

Wolcott has held up a final vote on the increase for a week. Seeking leadership solace, he escorted all GOP members of his committee before the House Republican steering group. No conclusions were reached.

If the Democratic coalition votes for the increase, Republicans suspect a dark Democratic plot.

By voting out the increase they may put the Republican Party on the same politically hazardous spot Mr. Truman adroitly backed off.

## Teaching Russian Is Boon to Fritz

Berlin (AP)—One of the best deals for Germans in the Russian occupation zone is to become teachers of the Russian language.

Courses for such teachers are not only free but they carry handsome bonuses, and an intensive recruiting drive is being conducted.

Recently a school in the Province of Brandenburg announced it had increased its enrollment for April by 200 to 300 ranging in age from 17 to 45.

The school announced through a Potsdam newspaper that students receive a monthly stipend of \$5 to \$15 and rate the food ration card granted to the heaviest-type laborers.

## Army Finds Few Bugs In 'Umpties' Program

Continued From Page 1

tions, interrogating trainees, studying health and educational statistics, interviewing chaplains, attending a modified court-martial (UMT style), inspecting barracks and questioning Brig. Gen. John M. Devine, commanding officer, led the UMT project at Fort Knox.

It is highly successful and a direct

reflexion of the efficiency and enthusiasm of General Devine and his officers, the generous allotment of cadremen and the imagination which has made possible a break from Army traditions.

"In translating the Fort Knox experiment into a universal operation, it will be important to preserve the spirit of the present trial."

That spirit is derived from the student-instructor relationship which has been established. It is what the doctors had in mind when they spoke of the daring "break from Army traditions."

It is traditional that the top sergeant, discovering a private's necktie askew, gives the culprit a humiliating tongue-lashing; at Knox he quietly calls attention to the breach and puts a demerit on the lad's girth sheet.

Army style is to caution men against illicit lovmaking but, at the same time, reminds them to visit a prophylaxis station afterward; at Knox, it is the practice to preach the gospel of continence and leave out the "but, of course, if you do" lecture and warning posters.

No Scout Outing

UNIVERSAL military training would put newly graduated high school boys into uniform for six months. They would remain civilians, not subject to the articles of war. Although the members of the four training companies in the Fort Knox experiment are full-fledged soldiers—all volunteers—they are being handled as if they comprised the first contingent of actual "Umpties."

But that does not mean they are being kid-gloved. There has been no compromise with the essentials of sound discipline, as far as I could see, and I went everywhere and saw everything that the official inspectors did. From General Devine on down to the most callow recruit, the outfit was incensed by a recent magazine spread because it left the impression that these were pampered youngsters on a Boy Scout outing.

Even the cadremen, many of them battle-scarred Army regulars bowed under ribbons and hashmarks, are coming to realize that abstinence from profanity does not make one a sissy and that if your pocket does not contain certain equipment when you leave the reservation on a three-day pass your uniform is not complete.

"We can set the country's clergy back on their heels by telling them what our chaplains are achieving," said General Devine. "A great many of the boys never attended a religious service before they came here. Now they are getting baptized by the dozens. It seems they had to join the Army to get religion."

Teacher-Preachers

THE two chaplains, Capt. Maury Hundley, jr. (Protestant) and Capt. Charles J. Murphy (Catholic) are balls of fire. They are regarded as faculty members, not parsons sequestered in a chapel. Seventy-six per cent of the trainees are Protestant, 22 per cent Catholic and 2 per cent Jewish.

Father Murphy, in particular, rides herd on the Jewish lads, attends the Sabbath services held

every Friday evening on the fort's "main side," where the armored school and other Regular Army activities are situated.

The chaplains and other officers are familiar with the arguments against compulsory military training: It will interfere with education, brutalize the youth, lower morals, possibly impair health, curb ambition to achieve the higher things in life.

They will tell you that 15 boys already have earned their prerequisites for a high school diploma since they arrived in January. These and others are being prepped for college entrance examinations.

Brutalizing? There is no bayonet drill, no instruction in the "anything goes" combat tactics which wartime infantrymen had to learn. Lower morals? General Devine and the other officers questioned agreed that they have a better behaved—and happier—bunch of fellows on their hands than they had three months ago.

The Problem Platoon

YET they confess there is one big problem that has not been solved. Nor could the psychiatrists supply a ready answer. That problem is the so-called Pioneer Platoon. It really is just one phase of a bigger question—mental hygiene and how to apply it with maximum benefit to the individual, the group and the Government.

In the Pioneer Platoon are young men whose Army General Classification Test score is less than 70. Ordinarily a man doesn't get into the Army with a lower rating and a special directive was required to permit enlistment of 40 sub-70's. Since the mentality and aptitude requisites for military training would not be as high as they are for the Army, it was felt that the demonstration would not be truly representative if only 70-plus recruits were accepted.

The original 40 are now reduced to 30. Although they are attached to one of the regular companies, their training is not as advanced, there is more leniency in dispensing demerits and, in numerous other ways they are treated as a group apart.

"All of the other fellows," one of the Pioneer told me, "have been on the rifle range. Us, we fired a bazooka once and that's all."

Drumstick Duty

THE UMT command is hesitant about breaking up the platoon and dispersing its members among the other units, for fear it would lower efficiency. Psychiatric problems and the AWOL rate, while not high, are higher in the Pioneer than in other units.

Only the Pioneer are required to take a course in elementary drumming. It makes them feel foolish, not so much because of the rudimentary drumstick motions entailed but because they know the instruction is for them alone.

Their plight points up the need for a psychiatric unit in the UMT area, one that would examine all recruits, recommend duty assignments and be available to advise on personality maladjustment and, when necessary, prescribe medication.

"I think that military training, when the bugs are eliminated, can be made so good that people will not only stop resisting it, they'll demand it," said General Devine. "This is what I call teaching democracy."

'Melting Pot' School Unites 32 Races

Boston (AP)—Boys and girls of 32 nationalities work and play together amicably in a Boston public grammar school, named for Abraham Lincoln.

Headmaster William J. Cunningham lists the children's backgrounds as follows:

Albania, Arabia, Armenia, Austria, Canada, England, Ireland, Scotland, Japan, Newfoundland, China, Czechoslovakia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Lithuania, Philippine Islands, Holland, Poland, Portugal, Rumania, Russia—including Hebrews and Ukrainians—Spain, Sweden, Syria, Turkey, and United States, Negro and white.

## World Review

## Big 4 Pack; I-Party Rule Ends In China

Continued From Page 1

Soong as Premier. He will name his cabinet later.

Europe Over Wallace

HENRY A. WALLACE, former Vice President and former member of President Truman's Cabinet, is on a speaking tour in Europe, during which he has attacked the foreign policy of the United States.

After nine days Wallace left England for Scandinavia. He was comforted by a declaration from 111 members of the British Parliament who said they agreed with him that any policy which "might divide us (Britain and the United States) from one another or from the USSR would be fatal to world peace."

Then Winston Churchill fired a blast at a Conservative Party rally. Churchill classified Wallace with the "crypto-Communists." A "crypto-Communist," Churchill explains, "is one who has not got the courage to explain the destination for which he is making."

Wallace, cognizant of criticism in the United States Senate and elsewhere, said in Stockholm that the charters of the United Nations and UNESCO (United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization) gave him the right to speak as a citizen of the world.

United Nations

PALESTINE really took a front seat in the United Nations. Secretary-General Trygve Lie called a special session of the Assembly for April 28 to create a commission for a study of the Palestine case in advance of the regular Assembly in September.

The Jews mapped their strategy, hoping to get a voice in the Assembly. Lie made it plain the Assembly itself would have to decide whether a Jewish spokesman would be heard.

The Arab League drew up its plan of campaign in a special meeting of its ministers in Damascus, Syria.

The British, mandatory power in Palestine, were reported somewhat inclined to a small commission of small neutral nations to investigate the situation and prepare a report for the regular Assembly meeting in September.

Continued From Page 1

Canadians, was second, and Communist-supported Michael Buhay was third.

Prime Minister W. L. Mackenzie King hailed it not as a victory for the Liberal Party, but "as Canada's answer to communism."

Opposition Leader John Bracken congratulated the electors "on their decision to turn back communism."

Liberal member of Commons Wilfred LaCroix of Quebec has introduced a bill to outlaw the Communist Party.

A Future Peril

THE ATTITUDE of some top labor leaders probably is typified by A. R. Mosher, president of the powerful Canadian Congress of Labor (paralleling the CIO of the United States), who wrote in the Canadian Railway Employees Monthly for February:

"While the extent of Communist infiltration in the Canadian labor movement is greatly exaggerated, nevertheless it is important that officers and members of labor organizations be on their guard against members whose loyalty to the Communist Party transcends their loyalty to the union."

He added that the Communist Party follows the orders of Russia, uses "unions to promote the purposes of the party rather than the welfare of union membership," and is in fact "one agency of a secret, foreign-controlled conspiracy designed to bring about a revolution, presumably along the Russian model, and place Canada under Communist control."

## Socialists Want 'U. S. Of Europe'

By Irene Simon

BERLIN, April 19 (AP)—Political "enlightenment" officers of Germany's Social Democratic Party (SPD) are plugging for a United States of Europe.

Reputedly the largest political group in Germany today, the new party was laid down at a policy meeting by 34-year-old Kurt Schmidt, the political adviser responsible for the party's educational work.

"We don't expect much from Moscow," he said, referring to the Foreign Ministers' Conference. "In reality we know very well that the fate of Germany is not the issue (in Moscow) but that two great power groups are struggling hard to draw their political, strategic and economic lines."

"These two groups no longer have the slightest confidence in each other and the chances for gaining confidence are as slim as our diets," he told the policy group. "Our part in this big play of power politics is to realize the idea of making the Socialist parties of Europe the third independent power group in order to avoid a 'front'."

"The aim of the Social Democratic Party of Germany is to create a United States of Europe with a mutual traffic, economy and culture, and mutual use of energy and raw material resources."

Schmidt, expounding the party line to rank-and-file members, says that the party aims eventually to educate the German people so that they feel not like Germans but as Europeans.

Schmidt says the most disturbing element in dealing with the Russians is their "strong mistrust," but once they gain confidence in you "it is without limit."

"The United States," he says, "seems to want to leave us alone. That's good. However, it's difficult dealing with Americans because one group is anti-Russian, another pro, one group liberal and another conservative. It's difficult to know just where you stand."

"The British on the other hand are a bit too much interested in us. They want to educate us too much, to make of us a small Great Britain."

"The French understand us best of all. They'll be the first to achieve real contact with us, because they have been close enough to know us as we are."

But what has endeared Leclerc to his countrymen is that he left all these hereditary trimmings in the mothballs and built up his military renown as plain Jacques Leclerc, an unknown who proved himself by action.

Leclerc proved his preference for his wartime alias by having the "Official Journal" publish a decree on June 5, 1945, entitling him to call himself Philippe Clerc de Hauteclerc and linking the war-time name with his family name.

But most Frenchmen continue to call him simply Leclerc.

The decree also made Leclerc the legal name for his wife and six children. Two of his older sons, incidentally, fought in their father's division during the war, enlisting as privates when they were 17 and 18, respectively. One of them, Henri, now a second lieutenant, was brought back from Indo-China recently wounded in the right arm—his fourth wound—and was recommended for the Legion of Honor.

Press His 'Godfather'

HOW General Leclerc came to be known as Jacques is another story. When he escaped to London, his family was still in France. He adopted the nom-de-guerre of Leclerc, but never gave a thought to a Christian name.

Most Frenchmen call even life-long friends by last names and regard first names as a British and American eccentricity.

However, when American correspondents called on the French government-in-exile for information about Leclerc they insisted upon a first name. "Jacques," suggested a harried press secretary, and "Jacques" he still is to most newspapers.

So it was as Jacques Leclerc that he took over, at Gen. Charles de Gaulle's order, the disheartening task of forming a first-rate fighting unit from the disorganized mass of volunteers who flocked to the French colors in the Tchad region in the heart of Equatorial Africa. It was as Jacques Leclerc that he led French troops to victory in the desert. And it was still the anonymous Jacques Leclerc who assembled the now legendary Second French Armored Division at Rabat and forced it into one of the Allies' most powerful driving weapons.

By the time the Allies were ready to launch their invasion of France, the name Leclerc had become a synonym for the Fighting French, a symbol of indomitable resistance and a reminder of recent victories.

Leclerc and his cane were reported everywhere—in Africa, England, the United States, even inside occupied France, trading the resistance. Some rumors had him training Czechs and Yugoslav guerrillas. The mere mention of Leclerc's name was an Allied psychological weapon.

Deadly Silence

BUT for all of his reputation for dash and derring-do, Leclerc has never been a publicity seeker. Newspapers find him reticent. Even the simplest information about himself or his family was clothed in the deepest secrecy until after the war, and except for a few notably brief words to his troops he has made no public statements.

When he does speak, however, Leclerc is apt to be disarmingly blunt, as at Strasbourg, when he set off a storm in the British and American press by announcing that his troops would put an end to German sniping there by shooting six German hostages for every French soldier shot by sniper fire. The sniping stopped within a few days, but the letters and editorials—chiefly in the British and American press—went on for months.

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## 'Jacques' Was Bestowed on Leclerc

## France's Hero Wears Nickname

By Sidney Keller

PARIS, April 19.—Gen. Jacques Leclerc is a slight, wiry man with a Charlie Chaplin mustache and a cane. Seven years ago he called himself Count Philippe Francois Marie de Hauteclerc.

Then he rode across France on his wife's bicycle, dropped the fancy title for plain Jacques Leclerc, and in a few months became an international hero.

Today Leclerc's war record assures him of little peace. He passes his time shuttling from one trouble spot to another. An all-out war is raging with the Viet Name in Indo-China; trouble is brewing in North Africa over Arab independence. In the past few weeks Leclerc has flown to both danger zones on rapid inspection tours.

At 45 Leclerc is one of France's youngest generals. He holds the permanent grade of five-star general of army, as high a grade as held by any French officer today, since there has not been a marshal since Philippe Pétain was stripped of his powers.

At the start of the recent war Leclerc was a captain; he climbed to general of army in the last six years.

Leclerc was born November 22, 1902, at Bello-St. Leonard in the Somme Department. His father and two of his uncles were regular army officers, and his forebears included Wauquier and Piron de Hauteclerc, who followed their warrior King, Saint Louis, to the campaigns in the Holy Land.

So did Sir Guy Hauteclerc, who took up the cross and the sword in 1217 against the Saracens. Leclerc's great grandfather, the Chevalier Constantin de Hauteclerc, obtained from Pope Pius IX the hereditary title of Roman Count.

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# U. S.-Soviet Zones Keep Korea Agog

By A. T. Steele

SEOUL, Korea.—Unhappy Korea, the remainder of which is under Japanese control, awaits with growing impatience the long-promised fruits of liberation. Power politics, internal discord and acute economic dislocation have reduced her to a condition worse, in many ways, than what she went through during the long years of Japanese occupation.

Some of Korea's troubles are of her own making. But a basic obstacle to her recovery and independence is the arbitrary and (it is to be hoped) temporary chopping up of the country into zones of Russian and American control.

Today there are two Koreas, as isolated from each other as though they were separate countries.

North of the thirty-eighth parallel, five million Koreans suffering from too much communism, too little democracy and not enough food. South of thirty-eight, where the population is 19 millions, the United States has been trying, with some fumbling, to introduce democracy to a people who have little understanding of it and are more interested in knowing when we are going to get out and where their next suit of clothes is going to come from.

In neither area did liberation bring improvement in basic living standards. Korean shelves are as bare of essential items as Mother Hubbard's cupboard.

Most of the industrial capacity of Korea is situated in the northern zone, most of the best agricultural land in the south. If these two halves could be brought together it would reduce, but by no means solve, Korea's acute economic problem.

As a result of wartime wear, Russian stripping, Korean looting and a general shortage of raw materials, Korean factory production is today at a fraction of its full capacity (less than 20 per cent in the American zone).

But even at its best it would not come near meeting the need.

Under Japanese rule Korea was exploited as a segment of a much bigger economic organism, and no effort was made to make her self-sufficient. Thus postwar Korea, divorced from the Japanese economic bloc, is in desperate want of many foreign products with little prospect of paying for them out her own meager exports.

Experts here believe that unless she is subsidized for a prolonged period Korea will have to settle down to a standard of living lower than she has experienced for years.

The problem in southern Korea bears some similarity to the problem in Greece, and it is no less urgent. Economic stringency is creating a rich breeding ground for communism and is undermining our efforts to put democracy on solid foundations.

Putting off democracy in Korea is going to be an uphill fight in any case. It is going to be even more difficult if the Koreans do not have economic incentives to go with it. Economists here favor a long-range program of large-scale credits which would enable the Koreans to obtain the materials they need and show them clearly which side their bread is buttered on.

It is estimated that it will be three or four years before Korea can resume export of food in substantial quantities and 15 years before she can hope to achieve anything like a balance of international trade.

Her immediate needs are cotton, rubber, coal, oil, transportation equipment and manufactured goods of many kinds. She requires spare parts for her broken-down mills and factories and machinery for new industrial establishments.

In the past Korea exported rice, fish, medicines and such minerals as gold and tungsten. Her industrial prospects are fair, if her coal reserves and hydroelectric resources are fully exploited.

The food situation in the American zone has improved considerably since a year ago, when Korean rioters were shouting, "Give us food or give us death!"

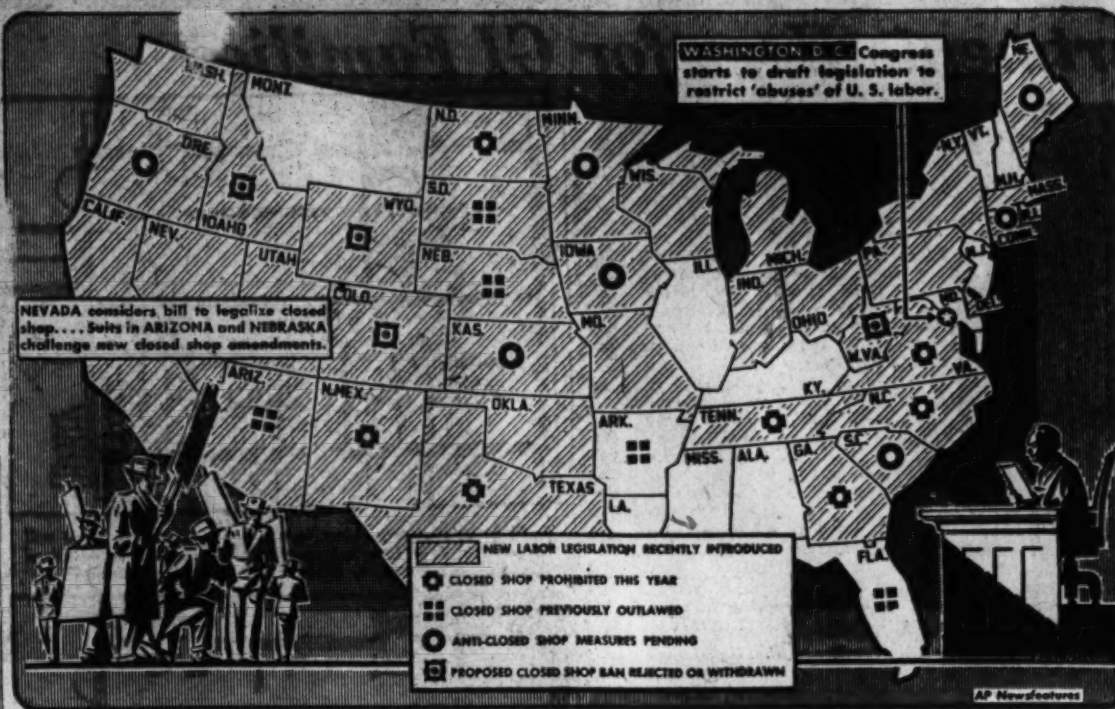
The military government's rice collection program, target of much criticism from Korean nationalists, is now managing to keep pace with minimum ration requirements.

It has been supplemented with American wheat shipments averaging 3200 tons monthly.

Fertilizer, another critical item, is being brought from the United States and Japan, but it will take five years to restore Korea's depleted soil to its pre-war fertility.

Up to January 1 of this year southern Korea had received about 60 million dollars worth of foreign aid, three fourths of it from the

# Most States Consider Laws to Curb Unions



Map Shows Status of New Labor Legislation As of March 15.

By Robert N. Cool

A LEGISLATIVE season that commenced amid the backwash of last November's soft coal strike is drawing to a close with a record number of union-restricting measures either enacted or pending.

The lawmaking bodies of 44 States have been in session during the winter, and a large majority of them considered bills designed to limit union practices within their borders.

As of mid-March, 12 States found themselves with laws banning the closed shop. That is a contract provision between a union and an employer which decrees that all employees must join the union.

Legislation barring the closed shop was approved this year in Texas, Tennessee, North Dakota, New Mexico, Georgia, Virginia and North Carolina. Previously it had been adopted in Arizona, South Dakota, Nebraska, Arkansas and Florida.

OTHER laws reflected the postwar "crack-down" against labor which was presaged by last autumn's electoral swing away from upholders of the New Deal. They reflected suspicion that an uneven balance existed between the rights of organized workers and

management; and a fear of public-service tie-ups like the recent teachers' strike in Buffalo, N. Y.

Amid the hundreds of measures proposed there have been numerous casualties. Many others still await action. But South Dakota's legislators have approved a law making mass picketing illegal and enabling unions to sue or be sued for damages. Virginia outlawed sympathy strikes and required unions to file financial reports. New York lawmakers, before they adjourned March 19, voted to impose penalties on strikes of public employees.

Nine States, however, have approved salary increases for school teachers, and six more are considering cost of living bonuses. Utah decided to make employers as well as employees subject to prosecution for unfair labor practices.

MEANWHILE the National Government has been proceeding at a more leisurely pace in the same direction. After six weeks of hearings, the House of Representatives Labor Committee prepared to draft a bill which was originally scheduled to be finished before the end of March. Some of the urgency, observers say, was removed when John L. Lewis, United Mine Workers' chief,

withdrew his April 1 deadline for soft coal peace after the Supreme Court ruled against him.

THE House labor bill is expected to be more drastic than one being worked up by the Senate. Among the provisions urged by some 150 witnesses at the House committee hearings were devices to:

1. Give employers the right to fire any "subversive" union member.
2. Withdraw protection of the Wagner Act from any union which has any "subversive" officer.
3. Outlaw industry-wide bargaining and the closed shop.
4. Guarantee "free speech" for employers and in other ways impose the same restrictions on unions as on management.
5. Outlaw jurisdictional strikes, mass picketing and secondary boycotts.

In 1946 Congress turned down a law banning the closed shop and industry-wide bargaining. The President also rejected the Case Bill which had drastic restraining provisions. Observers have predicted, however, that both Congress and the White House will go farther toward labor limitation this year than they did last.

By the Associated Press

## Manhattan Island Gets a Face Lifting

## Costs and Buildings Rise Together in Gotham

By David G. Bareuther

NEW YORK, April 19 (AP).—New York's famous skyline is sprouting its first new skyscrapers since the war. The din of riveting is echoing through the city's canyon streets. Old rookeries are being smashed to dust to make way for builders and architects are drafting plans that may change the face of Manhattan Island.

A building boom is on in spite of a heavy lid of material shortages, governmental restrictions and unprecedented building costs.

Aside from projects in the blueprint stage, such as the United Nations' spectacular headquarters plan, a new medical center and vast public works, buildings actually going up on the island of Manhattan—heart of this five-borough city—alone represent a total outlay of more than 200 million dollars exclusive of land costs.

### Tunnel Project

NOT INCLUDED in this aggregate are such civic improvements as the 70 million dollar Battery tunnel to Brooklyn which is progressing rapidly for opening in 1949.

Swank Fifth ave., has new department stores. Park ave. is getting new office buildings. A new skyscraper is joining the Rockefeller Center array. Another is soon to be started half a block away on Fifth ave., diagonally opposite St. Patrick's Cathedral, which has just been refurbished at a cost of two million dollars.

Gigantic bus terminals to rival the big rail stations are on the drawing boards. Ground has been cleared for a five million dollar truck terminal. Housing projects for thousands of families are nearing completion.

Boon Dangers

STRUCTURES now being rushed to fill a widespread demand for housing and office space already are arousing critical comment in some conservative quarters. Although office space has become so scarce that basements and even sub-basements are being converted with air-conditioning for office use, experienced observers see dangers of a runaway building boom in the high rentals brought about by today's building costs.

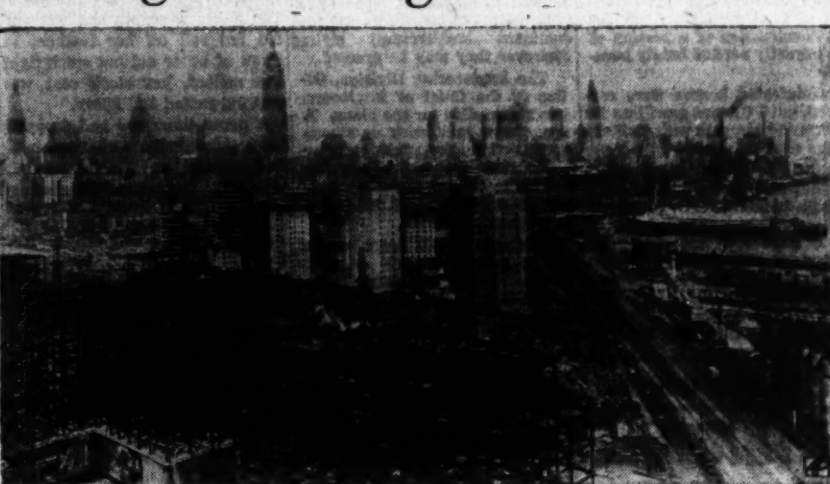
"Without question," declared one expert, "the new buildings will rent promptly at high rents and builders and bankers will be eager to start still more."

But the sound of riveters at work high up in new steelwork signals to the man in the street that happy days are here again. And they are happy days for the construction workers.

Wages Are High

CARPENTERS, structural iron workers, stone masons and roofers, for example, are getting \$100 for a 40-hour week in Manhattan under their building trades agreement with the General Contractors Association.

The effect of current costs on rents is shown in a new 22-story office building on an entire block-front on Park ave., where space is being leased in units of a four-she-tile. Even on that wholesale basis rentals are averaging between \$5 and \$6 a year per square foot. In the boom of the 1920s office rents in New



SLUMS WIPED OUT by steelwork and towering masonry along East River Drive for new Stuyvesant Town (foreground) and Peter Cooper Village (center) comprising 49 buildings providing 10,800 apartments for an estimated population of more than 30,000 persons



STEEL AND GLASS Park avenue office building of Tishman Realty & Construction Co. is air-conditioned year 'round



ROCKEFELLER CENTER'S 15th structure, the 33-story Easo Building, is still under construction

Usually this means a down payment equal to the prewar price of a suburban dwelling, and monthly maintenance charges on a par

with rents for similar apartments. Builders say this is the only basis on which they have been able to operate at a profit under present costs because of rent ceilings.

Leading the parade of new buildings in the moderate rental housing field are three projects of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. These are providing new apartments for more than 12,000 families—a total population equal to that of a fair sized city.

These projects involve expenditures of more than 100 million dollars. Largest is Stuyvesant Town, transforming 18 city blocks near the East River, north of 14th st., into a garden community of 35 large buildings, each 10 to 13 stories high. It's the biggest undertaking of a slum clearance nature ever attempted in New York. More than 500 old properties were assembled and demolished to make way for it.

Another big step toward relieving the housing shortage is being taken by the New York City Housing Authority with six of its current projects now under construction on Manhattan Island. Costing \$66,750,000 these developments will accommodate more than 6000 families.

Sites are being cleared for eight more Housing Authority projects, three of which will start in Manhattan this year. In all, 20,770 families will find new apartments under this agency's program for all boroughs, in addition to 10,255 temporary veterans' emergency quarters, and 17,047 permanent apartments previously completed.

Costs Rising

THE TALLEST structure now rising on Manhattan Island is the 33-story Easo Building, facing the south end of Rockefeller Plaza. This is a project estimated by its architects, when plans were filed, to cost six million dollars. Actual costs of such projects, however, are difficult to figure because of delays during construction, unsettled material prices and changing labor scales.

One building expert, citing New York construction costs at 50 per cent above their 1925-1930 averages, believes that projects now pending will cost 40 to 50 per cent more than architects estimated on original plans.

DEATH: HOME vs. HIGHWAY

MOTOR Accident Fatalities 1945

28,076

33,500

HOME vs. HIGHWAY

HOME Accident Fatalities 1945

33,500

34,000

1946

An AP Newsphoto Photograph

# Spring Is the Time To Fix Tree Damage

ARRIVAL of balmy spring days heralds the ideal time to inspect trees for winter storm damage, inaugurate a cleanup and repair program and take measures to prevent damage by subsequent storms.

Most damage to deciduous trees comes from winter ice and sleet, while heavy snows frequently cause serious harm to evergreens. Repair of storm-damaged trees falls into three categories. These are:

1. Cabling and bracing of split forks to prevent further damage.
2. Cutting back the stumps of broken limbs.
3. Contour pruning, or reshaping, to restore the appearance and beauty of trees that lost branches during the winter months.

Seriously weakened or split forks or croches frequently result from the ravages of winter weather. Trees with structural weaknesses usually can be strengthened to resist any winds or stresses that a normally strong tree can withstand.

## Install Cables High in Tree

In the case of weakened or split forks, cables should be installed between the branches high in the tops. These will permit the top to bend and weave much as it normally would, but since the cables prevent the branches from spreading, the strain on the forks below is removed and further spreading is prevented.

Occasionally the trunks rising from the fork should be joined with parallel rods just above the crotch to hold the limbs and to overcome any tendency of the fork to split. This procedure should always be followed in treating a fork that has already split. Cabling and bracing of trees so weakened during the winter should never be deferred until fall.

During summer, the weight of towering branches is increased by many thousands of moist, green leaves which act as a huge, wide spreading sail to catch the gentle breezes and the blasts of screaming storms. This commonly causes the forks of neglected trees to split completely apart during normally mild summer weather.

## Limb Breakage Serious

Limb breakage is another factor warranting the closest attention of the tree owner. If not properly attended limb breakage invariably presages insect attacks, the advent of disease, and can very readily spell the beginning of the end for even the healthiest specimen.

The wood of stubs left by broken limbs begins to decay after the damage occurs. Dead wood and diseases are practically synonymous. Dead wood also is an open invitation to insects—borers in particular—to attack. It is an invitation the insects will not in any case overlook.

Pruning is the answer to the broken limb problem. The stubs remaining after branches break must be properly pruned. Under no circumstances should branches be stubbed off and left in that condition. Always be sure the angle of the surface of the cut follows the natural sap-flow.

In pruning branches back to the main trunk, make the final cut flush with the trunk. If the problem is to cut away one branch of a sharp fork, merely assume that the half remaining is the main trunk. Make the cut parallel to the natural sap flow in the remaining branch.

## Treatment After Pruning

Pruning cuts should always be protected because not all cuts will heal over quickly. The time necessary for complete healing will vary with the kind and the vitality of the tree, and with the location and size of the cuts made. All pruning cuts should be covered with a durable, waterproof wound dressing during the healing period. This is necessary to protect the exposed wood from infection and decay.

Ordinary paints are not suitable for this purpose. Many are extremely harmful to living bark tissues and may kill it back many inches. Some either do not adhere

well to the wood or are too short-lived. Special materials therefore should be obtained and used.

In cases where pruning cuts show decay waterproofing will do little good. The diseased portion should be cut out and, if it seems advisable, a concrete sectional filling should be installed.

Pruning to restore contour should be given the same careful consideration as the cutting of stumps after limb breakage. "Topping" should be studiously avoided and the branch structure of the tree always kept uppermost in mind.

Spring repair of winter tree damage has a two-fold purpose. It not only corrects harm already done, but acts to prevent the further, more serious damage that frequently ensues during the summer when trees are in heavy leaf.

# 108 Millions Lent in 1946 For Housing

Loans by savings and loan and building associations to finance homes have last year totaled \$108,830,000, an increase of 67 per cent over 1945, Harold Lee, Federal Home Loan Bank System governor, has announced.

Lending by Washington associations was the subject of a recent Government study. The report represents 28 District associations which hold combined assets of \$282,000,000.

Their loans for new construction here showed the sharpest increase over the previous year, 140 per cent, reflecting the volume of building here under the Veterans emergency housing program; \$15,600,000 was lent for home building in 1946 as compared with \$6,505,000 in 1945.

Mortgages totaling \$50,175,000 financed the purchase in 1946 of existing homes here, compared with \$30,407,000 in 1945. Mortgages in this category accounted for about 45 per cent of the loans made in 1946.

Loans for refinancing existing mortgages amounted to \$20,873,000 last year as compared with \$17,774,000 for 1945. However, the proportion of total mortgage funds used during the year for refinancing was less than in 1945.

# Wright to Put Two Plants on Auction Block

Paterson, N. J., April 19.—The Wright Aeronautical Co.'s two vast plants here will go on the auction block June 17.

Herbert I. Segal, president of Asset Realization Co., whose firm will handle the auction, said the sale was authorized only because the plants are excess to Wright's present requirements. "The firm is enjoying one of its best financial years in its entire history," he added. "This is not a distress sale."

The sale will take place in the office of the Wright Aeronautical Co. at Plant 1, Paterson.

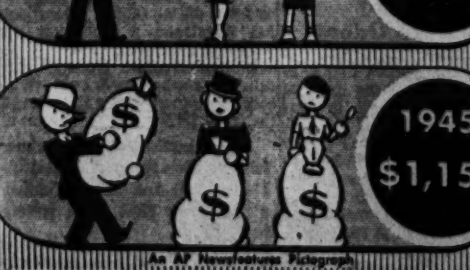
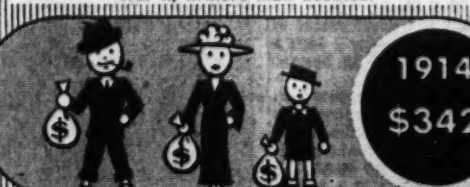
Plant 1 is the original location of the Wright company, built when the firm first came to Paterson 25 years ago. As production of the firm expanded, the buildings were enlarged.

Plant 2 was built six years ago. One of the largest single-story factories in the East, one building measures 960 feet long by 500 feet wide.

The method of disposal was outlined yesterday to more than 150 industrial real estate brokers from Chicago, Detroit, Bridgeport, Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Allentown, Rochester and the metropolitan area of New York.

## NATIONAL INCOME RISES

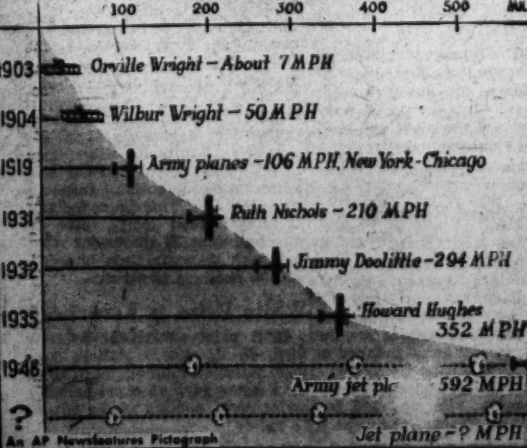
IN World War I and immediately thereafter, says the National Industrial Conference Board, United States per capita national income almost doubled; in World War II, it more than doubled.



An AP Newsphoto Photograph

## AMERICAN AIR SPEED ZOOMS

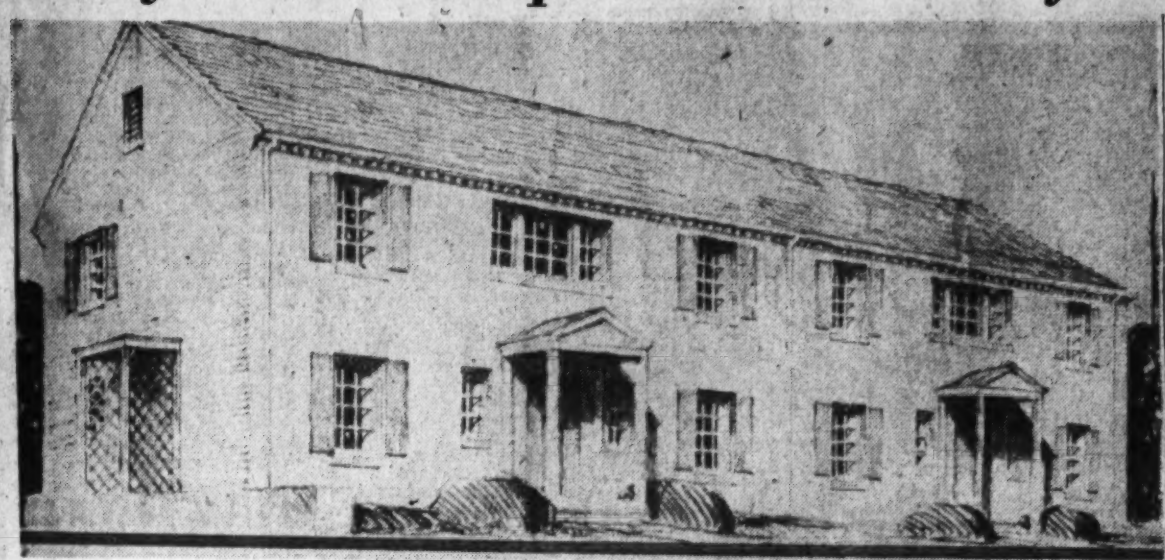
R. G. Standerwick, chief engineer of General Electric's Gas Turbine Division, predicts U. S. jet plane speeds of 1,500 MPH and more, rocket plane speeds of 4,000 MPH



An AP Newsphoto Photograph



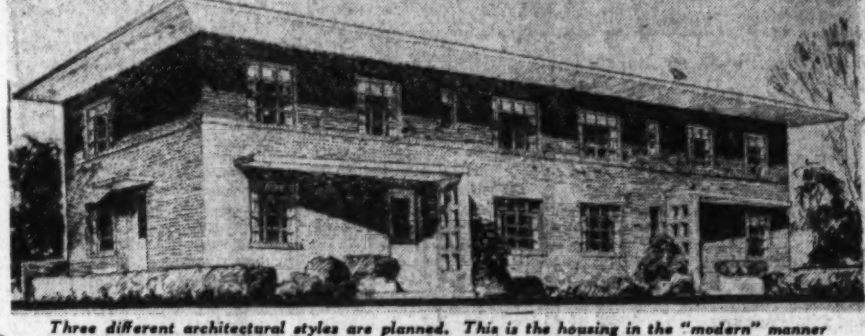
Army to Build Apartments Here for GI Families



Colonial style two-story brick or stucco apartment buildings like the above will house Army families at local installations

Two Air Bases, Belvoir to Get First Units

By Conrad P. Harness  
HOUSING relief is in sight for scores of Army personnel on duty here. Now encamped in trailer camps, housekeeping rooms and even hotels, the khaki-clads will be eventually housed in attractive apartments to be erected at local area posts where demand for family quarters far over shadows the supply.



Three different architectural styles are planned. This is the housing in the "modern" manner



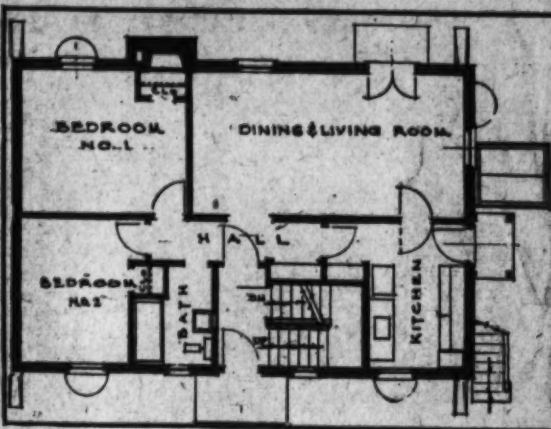
Spanish styling will be used in posts in the Southwest and California

men and 20 children. Lieut. Col. Harold K. Roberts, Bolling Field executive officer, said approximately 500 applications were on file requesting quarters on the post.

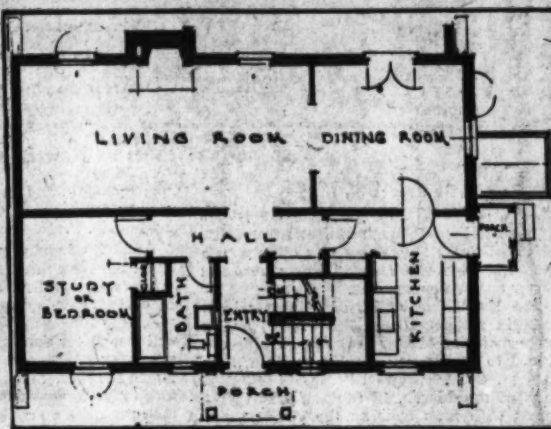
Army recruiting officials believe they could influence many prospective soldiers to sign on the dotted line if housing could be provided for the enlistees' families.

Army personnel now living off the post receive a rental allowance. In the case of officers it ranges from the \$60 per month paid a second lieutenant to \$120 to majors, colonels and generals. The allowance is not paid to soldiers occupying family living quarters furnished by the Government.

The Army was expanded to such large proportions during the war that it was impossible to accom-



USED as temporary Army family housing, each building will contain four identical apartments, each with a combined living-dining room, kitchen, two bedrooms and bath



THE buildings are so constructed that they can be converted into two duplex houses, each with living room, dining room, kitchen and bedroom or study on the first floor, as above. Not shown are three bedrooms, dressing room and two baths on the second floor

And Thrive Anywhere  
Vitamin-Rich Greens  
Require Little Ground

By James H. Beattie  
FRESH garden greens are easy to raise, are rich in vitamins and require little garden space. They should rank high in the list of vegetables for most gardens.

Several are early season plants and should be among the first things seeded. All of the more common greens are started directly from seed. There is no necessity for starting plants indoors. They require a small quantity of inexpensive seed.

Spinach, kale, mustard, Swiss chard, New Zealand spinach and Tampala are important greens. The unfamiliar ones may well justify better acquaintance.

Spinach is the most important American green. It will grow on almost any type of well-drained, fertile soil where sufficient moisture is available.

An abundance of organic matter in the soil is desirable. Garden compost fortified with a commercial garden fertilizer and well mixed with the soil usually creates excellent conditions.

Spinach is very sensitive to soil salts. If any doubt exists regarding the need of the soil for lime, it may be wise to apply a few pounds of ground dolomitic limestone to the portion of the garden devoted to spinach irrespective of the treatment given the remainder of the area.

Spinach is also quite successful. Sowing in autumn should take place during early September.

Varieties: For Spring culture use Long Standing, Bloomsdale and Nobel. For fall growing use Virginia Savoy and Old Dominion.

Sow in rows about 12 inches apart with the seeds an inch or two apart, and a cover about a half inch deep, less on very heavy land. After the plants are up, thin to three to four inches apart in the rows. Fifty to 70 feet will usually yield a generous family supply of spinach.

**Cool Weather Crop**  
SPINACH must be sown very early, from March 1 to about the middle of April. This year, on account of the late season somewhat later sowings may result satisfactorily.

Fall culture is also quite successful. Sowing in autumn should take place during early September.

Varieties: For Spring culture use Long Standing, Bloomsdale and Nobel. For fall growing use Virginia Savoy and Old Dominion.

Sow in rows about 12 inches apart with the seeds an inch or two apart, and a cover about a half inch deep, less on very heavy land. After the plants are up, thin to three to four inches apart in the rows. Fifty to 70 feet will usually yield a generous family supply of spinach.

**Kale**  
KALE is hardy and will live overwinter in most Washington gardens. Early growth from the overwinter crop is usually of good quality, but kale is at its best when young and tender. Very early spring planting is desired. It pays to plant frequently and not depend on plants which may be lacking in tenderness. Kale may be sown from about March 20 to the middle of April and again for the fall crop about August 1 to 15.

Dwarf Green Curled Scotch and Dwarf Blue Curled Scotch are leading sorts.

The seed should be treated with Arasan, Spergon or some other suitable fungicide. Cuproicide should not be used.

Kale is usually sown in rows 20 to 24 inches apart. One seed per inch of row with later thinning to several inches apart allows room for satisfactory development. About 50 days from the date of germination is required to produce a satisfactory yield.

**Mustard Greens**  
MUSTARD is a cool season green that will not withstand hot weather. Young tender leaves have a pleasant flavor and are extensively used as a boiled green. Mustard is easily grown on almost any fertile garden soil.

The earliest planting should take place about March 20 and succession sowings may be made at 10-day intervals until the first of May and again in late summer and fall from August 15 to September 15.

Only a few feet of row is needed for each planting. Sow in rows 15 to 20 inches apart, about one seed per inch and thin to a spacing of 5 or 6 inches, or place several seeds together in hills about 5 inches apart and thin the plants to one in each hill.

Varieties—Fordhook Fancy and Southern Giant Curled are leading sorts.

**Swiss Chard**  
SWISS chard is usually known as chard, a leafy form of the garden beet. The plant is very easy to grow on fertile, non-acid soil and resists heat, yielding a supply of greens when spinach, mustard and most other greens are unavailable.

Because of its vigorous growth, a short row will supply an abundance of greens for the average family. Chard plants grow vigorously and should not be crowded. The seeds are in clusters and should be spaced an inch or an inch and a half apart, finally thinning single plants to about three inches apart in the rows.

Chard is usually planted from April first to June fifteenth. The outer leaves are removed from each plant when they reach suitable size and the plant will continue to yield for many weeks.

Varieties—Fordhook Giant and Lucullus.

**New Zealand Spinach**  
THIS vegetable is a distinctly warm-weather plant adapted only to late spring and summer culture. It grows to a large size, as much as two feet in diameter. The tips of the branches are cut and used in the same manner as spinach.

Seeds should not be planted until late spring, after the soil has become quite warm. Even then it

Kale is rich in minerals and vitamins  
pays to soak the seeds a few hours in lukewarm water. The rows are usually spaced about 30 inches apart and the plants finally thinned to about a foot apart in the rows.

Harvesting should begin when plants are about a foot high. The tender tips of the branches may be removed from time to time and new growth will arise along the branches. New Zealand spinach should be more widely grown.

**Tampala**  
TAMPALA is a horticultural variety of Amaranthus, used in China and India for centuries. Within recent years the plant has been grown to a limited extent in American home gardens.

Tampala thrives under warm weather conditions and does well when the temperature is too high for spinach and kale. The culture of the plant is simple.

Seed should not be sown until the ground has become warm and succession sowings may be made at two-week intervals during the summer. Spacing and other cultural requirements are similar to those of New Zealand spinach. Not all persons like the flavor of Tampala and it should be grown in a small way at first, enlarging the plantings if the green meets with family approval.

Greens are easily grown and require very little garden space. Why not try some of the ones which have not been included in your list of garden vegetables? Perhaps one of the little known sorts may prove to be a desirable addition to your garden list. It is worth trying.

Snowbound

Jennie Robin Keeps A Spring Rendezvous

By Fred Sailor Harvey  
JENNIE ROBIN sat on a bough, high up in an old wild cherry tree, cold and hungry.

Above, below and around her swirled a late spring snow storm. The flakes were big and wet and did not roll off her feathers as drops of water did but stuck tight and melted, her sleek coat was growing ruffled and heavy.

A dozen times she had dropped down through the whiteness, in a long graceful curve to the ground, expecting each time to find a familiar bed of grass and leaves where she could dig for tiny insects to quiet her hunger. But she found only the unfamiliar blankness of the snow. She struggled upward again growing more tired and hungry with each trip.

The cherry tree stood near the corner of the barn-lot which had been a rich feeding ground last summer but was now cold and bare. The trunk of the tree sheltered her from the full blast of the wind but she knew she must find food soon or her wings would lose their strength to fly.

A sudden gust of wind opened a brief rift in the white curtain and far across the barn-lot, near the house, Jennie Robin spied the tall twisted hawthorn bush. She felt a sure knowledge of that bush—a solid nest of twigs, straws and mud built high in its thorny crotch, and of bread crumbs scattered on the ground below. She also remembered the yellow cat with cruel pale eyes and his hiding place in the near-by hedge.

**Dives Out of Tree**  
Because of the strangeness of the snowstorm, the familiarity of the thorn bush drew her with a special lure and she dove out of the tree, gliding effortlessly downward to light on the topmost thorny branch.

Deep in the middle of the twisting bush she found the thorny crotch but it was not as she had left it. A few broken pieces of mud, bound together with a strip of old rag, still clung to the branches but the remainder of the nest was gone and she felt more lost than before.

She shook herself and ruffled her feathers but the wet flakes kept falling and soaking in. At the sound of chirping she looked down across the drift. There on the snow, midway between the bush and the hedge, lay a handful of crumbs, thrown out from the kitchen door. But a band of greedy, quarrelling sparrows was already there hopping nervously about, dragging the crusts this way and that on the snow.

Jennie Robin hated a fight. If Jack Robin were with her they might make a quick swoop together, frightening away the sparrows for a second while they snatched a crust and flew away.



Jennie was cold and hungry

But alone it was dangerous and she was afraid.

She hopped lower down in the bush until she was only a few feet above the snow. The sparrows chirped angrily, not wishing to share the ample food.

**Makes Quick Swoop**  
The sight of the crumbs gave Jennie Robin a desperate courage. She made a quick swoop.

Even as her beak closed on a piece of bread she saw a yellow flash through the snow and heard the wild cries of the sparrows. With a frantic, tearing beat of her wings she fluttered up and over the top of the hedge. She heard the choked growling of the cat as she threw her last strength into flight.

A high drift rose in front of her with a wild tangle of bushes behind. The bread and her wet feathers were pulling her down and her strength was going fast. She knew she could not clear the top of the bushes so she glided up over the crest of the drift and dropped exhausted on the far side, still holding the bread in her mouth. She fluttered into a hollow brush pile, wonderfully warm and dry.

**Feels Strength Return**  
Jennie Robin dropped the bread on the ground and pulled at it eagerly. With every bite she felt her strength returning.

When the bread was all gone, she hopped up again to the highest branch under the white roof, and sat there while the warmth of the snow shelter and the strength from the bread flowed through her, and she slept.

She woke with a jump of fright as something touched her. Bright light flooded the brush pile and water dripped on her head. She hopped from branch to branch and out the bright opening in the brush.

Jennie lifted her wings and rose toward a shaft of sunlight. A warbling note of joy quivered from her throat; far away across the barn lot she heard an answering call, and with only the slightest shifting of head and wings she changed the direction of her flight.



She remembered the yellow cat

special lure and she dove out of the tree, gliding effortlessly downward to light on the topmost thorny branch.

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Fit Appliances  
New Kitchen Cabinets Are Harmonizing

UP-TO-THE-MINUTE, kitchen cabinets have been designed to harmonize with modern kitchen appliances. Regardless of the appliances which the housewife chooses for her modern kitchen, she can have cabinetry which harmonizes with all of them, and unifies the effect of the kitchen as a whole.

Modern, up-to-date kitchen cabinets have features such as sliding shelves, so that the housewife can easily store and find things by pulling out the shelves. Corner shelves revolve so you can get at the things in back.

Cabinet doors and drawer fronts practically cover the front and are gracefully streamlined at the edges. Design is clean and simple. Base cabinet can be fitted with slide-out snack table or drop leaf.

Too space at the bottom of base cabinets is a fine feature, because it permits standing close to work surfaces without tiresome leaning. Built-in cabinet mirrors are found in today's kitchen cabinets. These mirrors give the homemaker a chance for a quick checkup before greeting guests.

Blackboard on door for notes to children, etc., is another novelty. A brand-new feature in cabinets also is sliding cabinet doors of frosted glass paneling. These are especially easy to keep clean.

Cabinets are available as a built-in line of standard units for custom planned kitchens, or as single packaged units, and for U-shaped or L-shaped kitchens.

Permits Issued For 708 Homes

Permits to erect 708 private homes in Arlington County have been issued by the Arlington Building Inspector's Office since July, including 80 homes approved last month.

The March report of building inspector Andrew Jensen showed \$1,289,244 worth of proposed building operations, a slight increase over February's \$1,083,667.

Nearly 11 million dollars worth of proposed construction has been approved by the building inspector since last July. This figure includes 23 semi-detached homes, three duplex buildings, 21 apartment buildings with 334 units, three churches and 38 business structures.

White Paint is Favorite

In a paint exhibit at Atlantic City, N. J., 20,000 visitors who were polled on their choice of color for a home gave an overwhelming majority in picking white out of 27 colors.

Lots of Tricks In Buying Good Site for Home

SO YOU'RE going to build a home? First of all you've got to buy a piece of land. When buying property, remember it is an important item and don't overlook the details and jump to the blueprints of your house without carefully choosing and planning the site.

Care should be taken to relate the location of the house to others in the neighborhood if there are any existing houses. Plumbing is an important item. Many new homes may be beyond the reach of city water mains and sewage systems.

Private water supply systems and sewage disposal by septic tanks can be just as satisfactory, but you should consult experts in this field for best results in your particular location.

Transportation should be available and adequate. Schools and churches are often the centers of the cultural and recreational interests of the family. Study the neighborhood and development of the city to assure yourself such a center is not doomed to become a blighted area.

In the country, make sure you know of the existing school tax rates, and if new buildings are contemplated. It may make a difference in your living costs.

Shopping for a family is a difficult task and one which must be performed often. Have access to a shopping center, or make sure you know that one is contemplated near your selected site.

In the completed project, the house and lot will be inseparable units, so they must complement each other perfectly. A house should so harmonize with its setting that it appears to be integrated with the landscape, and the background should enhance the beauty of the entire setting.

As to expense, about 15 per cent of the total investment should be put into the land; the surrounding homes should be of equal or greater value.

Shellac A Remedy For Furniture Odors

Aged furniture sometimes develops unpleasant odors in its interior. If exposure of the drawers and other interior parts to sunlight fails to get rid of the undesirable smell, or the use of deodorants or anti-mildew preparations shut up in the drawers for several days still fails to achieve the desired results, a brush coat of shellac or varnish is suggested.

Armour-Plated Against Cigarettes Burn-Proof Table Designed Here



MARY K. SEEVER, 1923 Biltmore st. nw., and Jean M. Waller, 4007 19th st. nw., need not worry about burning or staining this table top. Developed by lumber research, the new process table top won't burn or mar even if boiling liquids, burning cigarettes or alcohol fall on it. The girls work for the National Lumber Manufacturers Association

HERE'S good news for wives with poker-playing husbands and fine dining tables: A local firm has developed a table top that won't burn or mar.

Boiling liquids, burning cigarettes or alcohol won't freeze it, according to the Timber Engineering Co., 1319 18th st. nw.

A new method of manufacture fully protects the original beauty, high polish and natural sheen of furniture tops from water, heat, etc.

The process was developed after 18 months' experimentation in the firm's laboratory, 4812 Minnesota ave. ne. Three furniture manufacturers have been licensed to use the protective process. Furniture using the new method is expected to be on the market within two months.

The new process makes use of a new type of gluing technique; whereby a thin sheet of aluminum is attached to the core and face veneer by two cold adhesives. The aluminum, inserted between the furniture core and face veneer, conducts the heat from a burning cigarette away from the face veneer rapidly enough so that no damage results to the wood surface.

The laboratory is also working on a desk leg, which will never become marred or splintered. Secretaries who have snagged countless nylons on such desks will probably welcome the item.

The research work is directed by the National Lumber Manufacturers Association.



WASHINGTON: SUNDAY, APRIL 20, 1947

8



MRS. STANLEY HORNBECK, wife of the retiring American Ambassador to the Netherlands, is pleased to have a memento from a country which, at present, has very little exporting material. Here, she plants famous Holland tulip bulbs in a table centerpiece bowl with the flair which she learned from the talented "green thumb" Dutch.

## Conditions in Holland, France, Iceland Told By Diplomats' Wives

By Marjorie Binford Woods

OH, TO BE IN PARIS in April... or England in the merry month of May!

We all dream of foreign travel, but for most of us now it's merely wishful thinking. "Someday... maybe," we sigh hopefully, as we muse over colorful "plan-ahead ads" luring us to Yokohama, Genoa, Bombay, Alexandria, Marseilles and all the way 'round the world.

Yet, here in the Nation's Capital there are many whose feet recently have trod on faraway soil. With comparative ease they have trekked to their homelands, and to new lands; some on official missions, others on wonderland vacation tours. With Baedeker in hand, last week, I sought out a few returned voyagers for interview.

And now we less fortunate "stay-at-homes" may absorb word pictures of conditions elsewhere—and take our travel thrills vicariously, at least.

"Holland is still a land of gorgeous flowers, in spite of all the devastation suffered during the war," says Mrs. Stanley Hornbeck, pet, petite wife of the retiring American Ambassador to the Netherlands. "Though we left last month in the midst of a blizzard, the crocuses, snowdrops and jonquills were peeping their jaunty heads through the snow, and, no doubt, the tulips are now in bloom in a bountiful array of colors."

Somehow the Hollanders managed to save their precious flower bulbs during the German occupation, she points out. And because of their natural horticultural talents the land again is alive with beauty and color.

**Hornbecks on Freighter**

The Hornbecks, after two years diplomatic duty at The Hague, returned to Washington in March aboard a Dutch cargo ship carrying 180 passengers. "We had a delightful trip back, though it wasn't exactly 'luxury travel,' I assure you," the Ambassador's wife asserts.

"As the only American woman aboard a Dutch freighter, Mrs. Hornbeck (as Ambassador's wife) are always titled abroad) made the trip to Amsterdam from this country in the rugged days of October 1945. From there she proceeded by rail to The Hague to join the Ambassador, who, until Holland was liberated in May, served in The Netherlands London office.

"Our greatest pleasure in Holland was having the privilege of feeding the hungry people," Mrs. Hornbeck explained. The couple rarely lunched or dined at the embassy without a table filled with native guests. "Of course, there was never cream for coffee and only powdered milk for cooking, but eggs and meat were the special treats everyone most appreciated," she added. Six hundred calories a day was the food allotment per person in Netherlands, while they were there; only two eggs per month were allowed each person. Clothing, which is heavily rationed, also is needed badly in that country, Mrs. Hornbeck emphasized.

Among the interesting personal experience which highlighted the Hornbecks' official stay in The Hague was the ceremonial service given in their honor when Dr. Hornbeck was awarded the degree of doctor of laws, honoris causa, by the University of Utrecht. It was the first time in the history of the university, founded in 1637, that such a degree had ever been given to a foreign diplomat, and the affair was attended by the Netherlands Prime Minister, his wife; the Minister of Foreign Affairs, the Queen's private secretary, the diplomatic corps, the faculty staff members and scores of other dignitaries.

"We motored to Utrecht from



FOLLOWING a diplomatic reception given in the Queen's Palace at Amsterdam, the former American Ambassador to the Netherlands, Stanley Hornbeck, and Mrs. Hornbeck are shown as they make their formal departure.



MME. THOR THORS, wife of the Minister from Iceland, recently christened the flagship *Reykjavik* before an inaugural flight to Iceland on which the Thors were honor guests.

**MONSIEUR JEAN BELLAIR**, attache to the French Embassy, returned last week from an official air trip to Paris and is seen catching up by telephone on business affairs at the French Embassy.

**JOURNEYS TO ICELAND**

LAURELS for distances traveled by air, sea and land, during this past month, undoubtedly should go to the Minister from Iceland, Thor Thors, and Mrs. Thors.

On March 17, they boarded the liner *Reykjavik* for its inaugural flight to Iceland, along with 24 other distinguished guests. Eight days later, the couple dropped safely from the clouds at National Airport after a "hometown" visit of almost a week in their native Reykjavik.

Scarcely was there time to unpack Icelandic clothes for replacements of tropical duds until the Minister, his wife and daughter, Margaret, were off again for an Easter trip which took them by rail to Jacksonville, Fla., then on for a cruise to the Bahamas and Cuba.

"It was Margaret's spring vacation from Bristol Junior College, and we enjoyed a restful time swimming, sun-bathing and touring enchanting new lands," Mme. Thors enthusiastically declared upon their return last week.

After the whirl of entertaining in which this popular pair was caught as honor guests in Iceland's principal city of 50,000, doubtless the Thors welcomed a breath-catching respite in the Tropics.

"It was our first trip home to Iceland since 1945—and with so many friends and relatives to see we were busy every minute,"

our fish alone, except for the eating."

**Clarks Visit Iceland**

ICELAND assuredly is not a "cold country" from the standpoint of hospitality, declare Mr. and Mrs. Blake Clark, who as national magazine writers and coincidentally friends of the Thors, were among the "fortunate" to be included on American airline's inaugural Icelandic flight.

"Matter of fact, even the climate is not too chilling for it was 31 degrees when we left La Guardia Field and when we arrived next morning at Reykjavik, we found the thermometer there also registering 31 degrees," pointed out Mr. Clark. "At our hotel we slept with only elderdown quilt over us and were awfully warm," put in pretty brunette Doena Clark as she explained that the elderdown which comes from Iceland is warmer than wool and lighter, too, than goose feathers.

The Clarks were most impressed by the modernness of the stone-covered, large-windowed buildings in Reykjavik and by the excellent English spoken by people they encountered everywhere.

"One of the city's most unique features is the central heating system, fed by 79 hot water pools, commented Mr. Clark. "From volcanic springs the hot water is shot into a reservoir and piped directly into radiators in all the buildings, with no reheating." By this process 20,000 tons of coal each year are saved, he says, and the waste water is utilized for gardens.

Literacy is very high in Iceland. "Just think, there are 70 book stores, for instance, in this city of 130,000, and painting and sculpturing play a most impor-



**THE Minister from Iceland**, Thor Thors, is shown (above) while addressing a party of 26 guests at the National Airport before the take-off by air to Iceland.

Living conditions in France have greatly improved since last year, Monsieur Bellard is happy to report.

"Now there are vegetables, fruits, potatoes and eggs in most of the big cities, but unfortunately at fairly high prices," he says. "Meat is still scarce especially in Paris, but life has taken on a new picture. Thousands of cars are back on the streets, trains are running on schedule, blown bridges have been rebuilt."

"The theaters and movies in Paris are once again filled and many of the plays are better than ever: 'Les Nuits de la Colere,' 'L'Alge a Deux Tetes,' 'Mice and Men,' from Steinbeck all are bringing capacity audiences," he asserts. But amid all the activity and glamour of beautiful clothes, colorful hats which look like spring flower gardens, and vivid hose, everybody still speaks of the frightful winter which they endured, according to monsieur.

"I found families living in one room without heat, except for a sparse fire which they lighted only two or three times during a week," he explained. "Many had not had a drop of hot water in four months because of lack of coal. And everyone was speaking of the urgent need for coal which should be the basic stepping stone for France's revival."

It was amazing to see, he said, how people managed to live in a few rooms or in shabby wooden barracks in the destroyed areas of France, awaiting the homes that cannot yet be erected because of lack of cement, bricks, or steel bars, which call for coal.

"On my return flight from Paris, there were many Americans aboard the plane," he recounted. "One couple, sun-burned and sorry to be leaving, were coming home from a honeymoon in the south of France. Hotel rooms at Nice and Cannes, they told me, were booked far in advance by Americans who are eager to enjoy again the pleasures of the Cote d'Azur. 'And let's hope it won't be too far off,' he added with a hopeful smile."



AT home with their 2-year-old daughter, Nikia, after a memorable trip to Iceland, Mr. and Mrs. Blake Clark delight their child with the gift of a native-costumed Icelandic doll. Accustomed to presents from foreign lands, Nikia wears Hawaiian pajamas purchased on her parents' latest trip to Honolulu last summer.

## Town Talk—

Sir Willmott Lewis, British Journalist, Is Society's Favorite Raconteur

By Eva Hinton

"YOU might say that my career began when I left my native England at the age of 22 to seek my fortune in China!" said popular and colorful superjournalist Sir Willmott Lewis the other day when I asked him about the rumor that he will soon retire. Sir Willmott won't retire, and neither will I say his career began when he left England for China!

Instead I prefer to repeat the legend that Sir Willmott, at minus 21, was training that glorious deep-speaking voice of his with a Shakespearean repertory company when they went broke at the Edwardian resort of Brighton. Gallantly the men of the company gave their share of the falling funds to the feminine contingent so that they might ride, not walk, back to London.

Then a male foot race for the most likely jobs ensued with Willmott, as the youngest and swiftest, getting first to the local newspaper where he breathlessly took up journalism.

Come 1899 and his arrival in Shanghai, he worked for the North China Daily News and covered the Boxer uprising against foreigners. When quiet was restored, Willmott met a fellow walking on the band who said faintly "Good Lord, man, you're dead! I saw your grave, marked with your name, where the British are buried. I was very much moved and said a prayer!"

"I persuaded him it wasn't I, so we went and had a drink," says Sir Willmott, reminiscing, "and I'm still wondering who the poor man was who was buried under my name!"

After Shanghai, young Lewis went to Japan where he edited the Nagasaki Press (the Nagasaki which disappeared under the second atom bomb). "I smelt the Russo-Japanese war coming on," he says "so I went to Korea where I sold myself by cable to the late James Gordon Bennett and his New York Herald."

AS A war correspondent in Korea, Lewis followed the army of famous Japanese General Kuroki, until it was discovered that he had no papers. He was shipped back to Tokyo. He found Tokyo almost entirely inhabited by war correspondents frantically trying to get further afield, a fabulous group including Richard Harding Davis, and John Fox, Jr.

In 1905 Lewis came to the United States for the first time, debarking at San Francisco. After 18 months on the New

York Herald he heard the call of the East again and eventually found himself in Manila, editor of the Manila Times. He came to know General Pershing who was then at Mindanao, and when America entered World War I in 1917 Lewis returned to the United States and went to France under his friend "Black Jack."

On the Committee of Public Information, he worked in France under Woodrow Wilson's friend, Jim Kerney of Trenton, both of them being responsible to War Information Chief George Creel.

WHEN the Peace Conference "broke out," as Sir Willmott puts it, he covered it for the New York Tribune, making him one of the rare "Herald-Tribune" men before the papers consolidated.

"About this time, Lord Northcliffe sent for me and offered me a job on the London Times and I was kind enough to accept," says Sir Willmott, adding that he has been with the London Times ever since, is 70, has no desire to retire, and never takes exercise.

"When I feel the need of exercise coming on, I overcome it by just lying down till the feeling passes away."

However he achieves it, Sir Willmott has a tall, slender, active figure and a distinguished head with plenty of hair and not one gray one.

During his more than quarter-century in Washington he has been a sort of unofficial British Ambassador to the American Press. The Counselor of the British Embassy in the days when there was only ONE, once asked a news-seeking American journalist, "Don't you know Bill Lewis? Well then, ask HIM!"

SIR WILLMOTT (he was knighted by King George V during a trip to England in 1930), has long been the favorite raconteur and most melodious bass singer of Washington salons. His sense of humor and histrionic ability (shades of Shakespeare in Brighton) make his stories priceless! And he can tell them in French or German as perfect as his English because somewhere along the line he had schooling in France and Germany.

But his most beautiful diction, and his most endearing quality, grew out of the Southern accent which he has cultivated with sublime faith. His "sho' nuff honey," and "you all" talk with British overtones is guaranteed to roll 'em in even those aisles which were so inhospitable to him long ago at Brighton.



Sunday, April 20, 1947

## Box Bags Star for Spring



**SHOULDER STYLE**... New feed-box bag with practical lift-up opening, for easier purse picking. In smooth, handsome calfskin.

**OVERARM**... Medium length strap on the high-style box bag, which holds a lot without being outsize. Rounded line is new.

**PALM HANDLE**... For the gal who wants a compact carry-all. All three bags in long-wearing calfskin, designed by Herbert Bienen.

By Dorothy Roe

TAKE away a woman's handbag and you've robbed her of morale, filing case, cosmetics supply, telephone directory, social security and weekend bag as well as cash.

The capacious handbag has become a symbol of the many-sided activities of the American woman—her badge of confidence and constant aid in time of emergency. In it she carries not only her money, keys and handkerchief, but all the necessities of her daily life away from home—beauty aids, shopping lists, memo pads, address books, hairpins, an extra pair of nylons and sometimes even a bottle for the baby.

The great American handbag takes a beating, and that's why women are hailing with joy the return of real, honest-to-goodness leather bags, which are as serviceable as a good piece of luggage and much more constantly used.

This spring smooth, shiny calfskin handbags top the popularity list, with boxy shapes well out in front. Designers have developed new ways to make bags more utilitarian without approaching the size of steamer trunks.

The shoulder bag is still a favorite with busy women, who found during the war how pleasant it was to have both hands free. Many models have adjustable straps, which may be shortened to over-arm length or lengthened to shoulder length at the touch of a simple clasp.

Strap bags definitely are in the ascendancy this season, and you may take your choice of strap lengths. In addition to the shoulder strap there is the medium overarm length and a new "palm handle" attached to a smaller but surprisingly roomy boxy bag.

## Tricks for Teens

By Nancy Pepper

## SKIRT NERTS

That's you, that's you—now that the Easter parade is only a memory and a dried corsage. With summer and vacation around the corner, you're busy making a whole wardrobe of dirndls—so it's just the time to tell you about the latest dirndl do's.

**WITCH CRAFT**—You thought that broomsticks were used only as aircraft for witches, didn't you? Well, the old broomstick skirt has been revived in a big way and teenagers are whipping them up like mad. You make a shirred dirndl of printed cotton percale and submerge it in water (just like one of those ball pens). Then you twist and tie it tightly around a broomstick to dry. Wear it full of crinkles with one of your prettiest "Jane Russell" (your low-neck peasant blouses, of course).

**BALLET BEAUTY**—You'll be hearing about the new ballet cottons that one of our top teen designers has created for summer. They're off-shoulder pastels with eyelid tops and with skirts that are very full and mid-calf length. You can make a longer length ballet dirndl and wear it with a peek-a-beau blouse and laced-up ballet slippers. If that doesn't make him go swoony, better give him up as the not-so-strong, but all-too-silent type.

**DIRNDL DECORATING**—What d'ya know—they've brought out a special textile paint set, complete with four colors and with eight stencils of designs to paint around your dirndl hemline. There are hearts and soda fountain stuff, litterbugs and juke box nonsense that you can work out in wonderful border patterns.

"It's murder!" she cried as he choked his car.

## HORROR STORY

My knees are shaking, my terror grows  
Each time I model in fashion shows.  
I shudder at movies so thrilling and gory.  
Then I have nightmares about Peter Lorre.  
I didn't think I'd live through the day  
I played the lead in the high school play.  
My hands are clammy, I'm in a state  
Of utter collapse before a date.  
Great is my courage, much have I dared—  
HALF OF THE FUN IS BEING SO SCARED.

## Saving Graces

We like to collect all tricks and trivia that make living easier for you teens. They go to prove that the Jivey Jill of today is the helpful housewife of tomorrow.

**HANKIE HOLDER**—Keep an egg box in your top bureau drawer to tuck your hankies in. Stick them into the individual compartments, just as you would in your pocket. Then it's so easy to pick the color you want for each costume.

**STRAP TRAP**—Your old barrette comes in handy to hold the shoulder strap of your bag in place. Just sew it to the shoulder of your coat or pin it through your sweater. Then snap it closed over the bag strap and you won't be forever yanking and pulling.

**PUSH-UP PRESCRIPTION**—When the cuffs wear out on your white rayon or cotton blouse, cut them off and sew elastic into the sleeve ends. Be sure to make it tight enough to stay up on your arms when you wear the newly renovated sleeves push-up style.

**HOSE PINS**—The easiest way to keep your pins in your hair at night is to slip the top of any old rayon or nylon stocking over your head. It's so sheer and porous that your curls dry quickly under it. Jimmy Durante isn't the only one who's got a million of 'em!

## Whistle While You Work

We've heard of those little whistle charms for your bracelet, inspired by the one Humphrey Bogart gave his Lauren, with the inscription, "If you want anything, just whistle." And we've heard about steadies wearing toy whistles to blow every time they want to talk to each other. But—until lately, we hadn't heard about the new teenage umbrella called the "Piper" that has a good, loud whistle concealed in its handle. It's equally effective as a taxi hailer or a wolf caller. Trust this column to find the latest tricks for teens—trust your favorite store to carry them.

## TRIXIE TEEN SAYS

Did I hear you complaining about parental discipline? You think that having to get permission to do things spoils half the fun of doing them. Well, when you're old you can do things without permission. But, just look around you and you'll wonder why the older people don't have more fun than they do. And just listen and you'll hear them say, "What I would give to be back in my teens." Asking permission really makes things much more important and exciting—especially when you get it!

Associated Newspapers, Inc.

## Jane Collins Wedded to S. A. Grover

Lilies and white gladiolus decorated Gabriel's Church yesterday morning when Miss Jane Collins, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Collins, this city, was married to Shelley A. Grover, son of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel A. Grover, Houston, Tex. The Rev. Louis A. Albert officiated.

Escorted by her father, the bride was costumed in white brocade satin with long veil falling over a tulle of seed pearls, and carried a white prayerbook with orchids.

Miss Ellen Imelda Collins attended her sister as maid of honor. Bridesmaids were another sister, Miss Frances Marie Collins, and a cousin, Mrs. Francis J. Duane. All wore gowns of aqua crepe and carried American Beauty roses. Jeremiah L. Herlihy was best man. Ushers were Maurice W. Collins, brother of the bride, and Frank T. Noska.

Following a reception at the home of the bride's parents, the newlyweds left for a trip to New York and Canada. They will make their home in Washington. The bride attended Dunbarton College of the Holy Cross, and Mr. Grover is an alumnus of the University of Texas.

## Lawn Drive To Aid Drive For Chinese

A Chinese bazaar, Oriental food and Far Easter entertainment will give color to the festival, Thursday, May 15, on the Reservoir rd. estate of Mrs. Anne Archbold.

The festival will highlight a campaign being held by the United Service to China throughout May to raise funds for American education and welfare work in China. Funds will go directly to USC committees and projects in China. Campaign headquarters already are open at 1720 I st. Tea is served here every afternoon, and Chinese gifts are on sale.

Mrs. Dwight D. Eisenhower is chairman of patronesses, who include Mrs. Robert B. Carney, Mrs. Charles Adams Baker, Mrs. H. Conger Pratt, Mrs. Wade Hampton Haislip, Mrs. Nelson T. Johnson, Mrs. Stanley K. Hornbeck and Miss Janet Fish.

The chairman of the festival, Miss Elizabeth R. Howry, will be assisted by Mrs. Charles L. McNary and Mrs. Nellie Taylor Ross. In case of rain the festival will be held the following day, Friday, May 16.

## Jewish Women's Organizations Plan Drive for Overseas Relief



Mrs. Edward A. Cafritz (left), chairman, Women's Division of the United Jewish Appeal in Washington, confers with Mrs. Charles A. Goldsmith, honorary chairman of the overseas relief drive which opens here April 29. The Women's Division has been assigned a \$100,000 quota in the local \$200,000 campaign, which is part of a national United Jewish Appeal. Mrs. Goldsmith, well-known welfare leader in the city, will celebrate her 76th birthday anniversary tomorrow.

The Women's Division of the United Jewish Appeal here has been asked to raise \$100,000 of the \$200,000 quota assigned to Washington. Annual drive of the organization will get under way April 29.

Mrs. Edward A. Cafritz will head the women division's campaign. All the Jewish women's organizations in the Nation's Capital have banded together to form the local division.

Meantime, Mrs. Cafritz, who is active in a number of women's organizations, has appointed an executive committee of representative club leaders to assist in organizing the volunteer workers for an intensive solicitation of funds. With one planning meeting already held, another luncheon for the same purpose is slated for tomorrow, Friday April 18.

On the executive committee are Mrs. Leopold V. Freudberg, Mrs. John M. Safer, Mrs. Ralph Goldsmith, Mrs. Sidney Hechinger, Mrs. Milton King, Mrs. Joseph D. Kaufman, Mrs. A. S. Kay, Mrs. Maurice Blagyer, Mrs. Elizabeth Kahn, Mrs. Jack Katz, Mrs. Leonard B. Schloss, Mrs. Raphael Tourver, Mrs. Harry Roller, Mrs. Joel Kaufmann, Mrs. Joseph Cherner, Mrs. Cecil Kaufmann, Mrs. Arthur T. Lyon, Mrs. George Maxx and Mrs. Isadore Breslau.

Mrs. Charles A. Goldsmith, honorary chairman of the Washington campaign, and Miss Flora

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## Letting Baby 'Cry It Out' Often Unwise

By Myrtle Meyer Eldred

THE conflicting advice, "Let him cry it out," or "Don't let him cry it out," puts a young mother on the fence. Shall she pick up the child every time it cries and court spoiling him—so say the sages—or shall she allow him to cry and court personality disorders—as say the moderns?

The mother should tell clearly about this subject and come to some personal conclusions. No one can dictate to her every act of her day. She should understand that the type of "crying it out" which is harmful is the type which is intended to discipline the child.

She should not allow him to cry it out when he won't go to sleep after a meal or when he cries before it is time to feed him or when he awakens in the night and cries. In every one of those cases the child is NOT to blame for the situation which makes him cry and allowing him to cry himself to the point of exhaustion destroys his sense of security and belief in the parents' loving, protective care.

Such crying leads to personality disorders founded on the child's loss of security and confidence, even if the mother keeps telling herself that there is nothing the matter with the child and he has to learn who is boss.

What she should tell herself is that children do not cry long and persistently if there is nothing the matter, even though the reason behind the crying may be temporarily obscure.

Give the child the benefit of the doubt. If he doesn't go to sleep after a feeding then pick him up, burp him, turn him over, dry him and talk lovingly and softly to him. He isn't a criminal because he can't sleep. Then put him down again. This may have to be done several times but if the feeding has been adequate and the baby is ready for sleep, it will be successful.

The mother of the crying baby must be critical of his feedings. Work on the basis that if everything were as good as it could be, the baby would be eager to sleep.

All hard crying or persistent crying needs attention as long as it persists. But the ordinary fussing, grunting, spasmodic crying, which a child may do preparatory to sleep, is of little consequence. Make him comfortable and he'll relax into slumber in this orally-active way.

It is fortunate that the old "cry it out" theory has been exploded and parents know that to practice it teaches the baby to cry and develops an unsure, unhappy personality.

## GI's Katie and Ivan's Lady Are Sisters Under the Skin

By Irene Simon

BERLIN—Whether they are Russian Communists or western capitalists, Allied occupation wives behave the same when they come to Germany to live, according to Berlin's housewives who know and tell all.

Admitting they generally exist better in Germany than they would in their home countries at present, these wives are isolated from the Germans who surround them, and have made of their communities little replicas of their home lands.

Like the Americans, the Russians and British have their own shopping centers, schools, women's clubs, and special brands of female rank pulling.

because it enables them to save their ruble pay for harder times. American wives bemoan the fact that their general store is not so well equipped as the average department store back home. British wives have no general store at all. The Russian general store is replete with all kinds of goods, including dresses, materials, silk stockings, high-heeled shoes, cooking pots, and baby carriages.

Baby carriages are a "hot" selling item in the Russian general store because of the high number of pregnant wives in the Soviet colony. Proud Soviet fathers pushing their baby carriages can be seen every sunny Sunday on the streets of Potsdam in suburban Berlin. Germans consider this as "unmanly," but Russian fathers love their children and see nothing wrong in pram pushing.

**Likes to Stay Home**  
Russian home life is more intense than with the other occupation families.  
"My colonel loves to stay at home in the evening and play with

his three children," advised a German housemaid.  
She also pointed out that the Russian occupation officer works long and hard at his job. He's usually off to work at 9 in the morning, comes home at about 3 for lunch and plays with the youngsters until 5, then goes back to the office and works until 7 or 8 in the evening.

While putting about the home the Russian wife plays the radio as loudly as possible, gets as much use out of her telephone as any gossip-loving American matron, and keeps electric heaters going all over the place. She prefers piano playing to gym lessons, at her women's club meetings is usually given a lecture by some colonel's wife about the "immorality of black marketing."

At her women's club the American wife plays bridge and plans charity drives. The British wives have recently opened their club and are proud of its first achievement: the assurance that ox tails for broth will now be provided to British families.

**Shopping Varies**  
There is a meeting of feminine minds on the matter of shopping in what's left of Germany's fashion shops. Mrs. America and Mrs. England haunt antique shops for old china and fine silverware, while Mme. Russia has become a bug for fine damask curtains, fine linens, good silk nightgowns and rugs.

"Madame is very keen to learn European customs," say the German housemaids who work for the Soviets. "She goes very often to the dressmaker and hatmaker, and is very interested in embroidered materials."

These housemaids are loud in their praise for Russian open-heartedness. They state they are well fed, and many emphasize that the Russians often give them food for their families.

## Make Home More Workable and Livable



A strip of fluorescent lights in the ceiling illuminates a dressing table of polished hardwood, with a hinged wing that doubles for a desk or extra work space. Four spotlights over the bed give direct light for reading.

By Eugenia Sheppard

**NEW YORK**  
A really old house isn't as hard to make modern and workable as a mildly middle-aged one is, according to Paul Bry, interior designer. Latest developments in lighting and furniture especially built for the family are the chief means used by Mr. Bry to transform a home built around 1930 into something to please its contemporary-minded owners.

Changes started in the living room, where a nonentity of a fireplace was turned into something imposing with vertical stripes of dark gray pickled oak reaching almost to the ceiling and contrasting with oyster white walls. Small, high windows on either side of the fireplace, always problems in houses of this era, were given parchment shutters, instead of draperies, for extra light. Lines of the fireplace were continued horizontally with pickled oak storage cabinets that also served to conceal the radiators.

For the main bedroom Mr. Bry used only the lightest tones of both wood and fabric. To give an illusion of space, a wall facing the bed was covered entirely with mirrors and lighted from above with fluorescent lights hidden in a trough.

Set against the mirror wall the



For a small room, assigned to two daughters, wall cabinets for work or play are designed. They are of natural maple with the initials of each child and are lighted with two spots sunk in the ceiling.

dressing table is of polished hardwood. The radiator, covered with slats of the same hardwood, offers extra working space and, in addition, there is a hinged wing that pulls out to double for make-up or a writing surface.

The bed has four direct spotlights concealed above it, and in the same space alternate fluorescent lights for general use. Night tables, unadorned with lamps, are attached to the bed headboard and pull out or fold away. The headboard itself matches the cover of the bed and is done in a hand-woven fabric with gold and silver threads in it. Curtains and draperies in the room are a warm, neutral shantung and the walls pull out to double for make-up or a writing surface.

A room shared by two daughters presents a space problem, solved by Mr. Bry with twin work and play units hung from the walls and initiated for each child. The floor covering is practical black linoleum, mottled with green. Chairs have black lacquer backs and green fabric seats.

**THERE** are uses aplenty for a carryall: To the groceries home from market, carry out the garbage, take the laundry from the house to the yard. It is a two-wheeled arrangement with a broad base and back rest. The rest adjusts to any height from 3 1/2 inches to 37 1/2 inches. Place the back rest at the desired height and a lever type handle locks it securely. It is said to carry a load as heavy as 150 pounds.

**CUTLERY OF INTEREST** is a knife that can be adjusted for thin or thick slices of food. Slices will be uniformly even because of the adjustable guide.

**LOWEST-PRICED** radio is a vest-pocket affair. It consists of a tiny plug shaped to fit the ear and two 3-foot wires fitted with clips. One clip is to hook onto an aerial or something that serves as such and the other is to be held in the hand or hooked up to a suitable ground. Station selectivity is controlled by the body. That is, the station you get depends on the way you are facing.

**IF YOU** have any windows in your home that are unsafe for children to be near, you need guards for them. These will not interfere with raising the lower sash or opening screens and storm windows. Anyone can install them because the screws and a set-screw wrench are furnished with each guard. They come in two adjustable sizes for large and small windows.

**NEAT** device is a lock that holds the lid of the tea or coffee pot in place. It also has a foam sponge that fits under the lip of the pot to catch the dripping from the spout.

**ONE** thing leads to another. If you have a television set, you'll want an upholstered sofa designed for comfortable viewing of video programs. It is made in two sections that are placed together to form a complete semicircle—much like a small indoor amphitheater. The sofa easily accommodates six persons in roomy comfort. The two sections, of course, can be used separately. There is also a three-section sofa.

**NEWS FOR MEN** who smoke pipes is one with a built-in lighter!

**TOYS** are being made in exact replicas of construction equipment that you see along the road. There is an earth hauler, a bucket loader and concrete mixer. They are sturdy and will withstand years of hard play. With these youngsters can be "sidewalk superintendents" just like Father.

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## New Freezing Units Stretch Supplies Of Food, Add Zest to Homemaking

By Harriet Jean Anderson

**FOOD FREEZING**, food freezers, frozen foods have caught on. Few new ideas have had a more rapid and dramatic acceptance. Thousands of families are eagerly awaiting the day when they, too, like some of the 150,000 families they know about, can have the advantage of a home freezer or at least a frozen-food locker.

Some four million lockers across the country are now being rented, and appliance manufacturers estimate that before the end of 1947 more than a half million home freezers will be humming away as they stand guard over the Nation's food supply.

Ten years ago food freezing was curiosity, received with skepticism and doubt. The cliché, "Well, I don't know about that; what would happen if the power went off?" has given way to assurance in view of the rapid developments in the freezing field as a result of extensive research.

Nowadays discriminating people really want to know what's what about food freezing. Persons with limited budgets are asking: "Shall we buy a freezer?" "Shall we rent a locker?" "Shall we buy a refrigerator with a sizeable freezing compartment?" "Or shall we let the corner grocer and the delicatessen hold the frozen foods for us?"

### Stretches Food Supply

Rural families were first to be convinced of the advantages of food freezing. A home-grown food supply could be stretched through the seasons. But what about city or suburban homes? What is the practical approach to this newest of food storage developments? This is the poser. "Can I afford a home freezer?"

In the final analysis, your choice no doubt will depend on your desires, your family needs and your housing facilities. Doing your own freezing means that you can buy food in large quantities, often with worthwhile savings, and conserve your garden surplus as well. Shopping and menu planning are eased when you have a generous food supply right at home. It means that you have available a reserve of ready-to-serve and ready-to-cook food—sometimes including entire meals—for crowded days and unexpected guests.

If you are a small apartment dweller perhaps your problem will be solved by using the refrigerator with a freezer in a combination unit, new on the market. You may buy your frozen food around the corner and store it for a week or two at a time. Then, too, you may freeze small quantities of any food yourself.

The freezing section of these combination types varies in size from 1½ to 3 cubic feet, with a capacity from 10 to 80 pounds of food. It may be set, separately from the refrigerator, for 0 degree F. (or below) for freezing and storing food.

### Locker Plants Expanding

Leading pioneers in the freezing field were the community frozen food locker plants.

In many regions, locker plants are buying fruits and vegetables which they freeze and store at low cost for their patrons who may also bring in their home-grown products, or produce bought at low prices, in large lots, to have frozen and stored.

The home freezer may be your choice if you have a space to accommodate an additional unit, if your budget can stand the strain of investing in one, if you have large quantities of home-grown products to freeze or if you have easy access to local food markets for low-cost seasonal buying.

With a freezer, of course, you can store large amounts of commercially or home frozen foods. In market planning this is an important consideration if you have a medium-sized family. Freezers range in size from 4 cubic feet to 40 cubic feet food capacity, the so-called "walk-in" type, popular in rural areas.

### Adds Zest to Living

AS WITH A NEW CAB, a home freezer represents a substantial initial investment and some upkeep. It will add to your ease of living and enjoyment of good meals, if not pennies to your purse. Decide if you really need or want a freezer, then, like a wily Yankee trader who takes a ruminating animal at his horse before he raises his bid, we suggest you use the same shrewdness and be sure you are getting a good one. What should you look for? Here are a few pointers:

1. A dependable, experienced manufacturer is important because the home freezer is a newcomer in the appliance field. Look around, because rumor has it there are some 300 companies planning home freezers for the future market. You will need a manufacturer who will stand behind his product with a written guarantee and who has a dependable service available.

Get as much information as you possibly can on the freezer because you will be entrusting many dollars' worth of food—an amount that may be equal in value to the cost of the cabinet itself—to the protection of your home freezer. So you cannot afford to take chances.

2. A practical size is important also. A 4-cubic foot freezer holds 140 to 180 pounds of food; a "6" will hold from 210 to 240 pounds and a "9" or "12" from 300 to 500 pounds. One "6" we tested here in the Home Institute laboratories quick-freezes 25 pounds of food at one time.

3. Right temperatures are important all along the line, for both the freezing and the storing, and in any kind of weather. The temperature of the storage should hold a steady 0°F.; the freezing section the same or below, for quick-freezing family size packages. At 10°F. these foods will freeze in 8 to 24 hours.

4. Proper insulation, sturdy construction and a dependable power unit are all necessities for an efficient home freezer. Needless to say, absolute essentials are a lid that fits tightly, leakproof walls and a refrigerating unit that operates with dependability, little attention and with quietness.

5. Again we say, servicing is of the highest consideration. New devices have been developed on some units, such as an alarm thermostat wired to a light or a clock to give an instant warning when the power fails. If you can't obtain servicing promptly, "dry ice" may be used to delay defrosting.

And the operating cost? It is hard to generalize since so many factors influence the cost, such as insulation, size of unit, motor horsepower, season of the year and the number of door openings.

Actual meter readings have shown that the operating cost of a 4 cubic foot family size freezer is about 75 cents a month; \$1.25 for an "8," and \$2 to \$3 for a 12 cubic foot cabinet if you pay 3 cents a kilowatt hour.

A survey made by a Cornell University Research Committee on food processing reveals that the home-freezer users in the Ithaca area felt that their freezers justified their cost, since family nutrition was improved and the convenience of having food on hand was worth a great deal.

Installation of your freezer will probably be in the kitchen, utility room, basement or garage. Check to see where yours will fit most conveniently.

No special wiring will be needed for the household-size freezer, except for an individual circuit, unless you decide on a 16- or 25-cubic-foot model, which necessitates some adjustment.



**NEW HOME FREEZER.** Home freezers benefit not only rural areas, where home-grown foods may be kept throughout the year, but are also practical for city dwellers. For a small apartment, a refrigerator with a freezer in a combination unit takes little space and will store large quantities of food at considerable saving.

The care of your freezer is simple. You may have to defrost twice a year, following the manufacturer's directions. Usually a general cleaning once a year is sufficient.

Home freezers are just beginning to appear on the market. Some are on display and a few each week are on sale, with more to come. Present trends indicate that they are moving into the Quick-Frozen Food Era, so watch for new developments in this field.

## Fashion Today Harks Back To Antiquity

By Ben Price

ALL I KNOW about women's fashions and cosmetics is that when archaeologists began poking around in the ruins of the island of Crete they found fashion designs which would pass muster with the best-dressed of today. In the first place the Cretans, who lived some 2000 years before Christ, thought it fashionable to be slim, to have wide shoulders and a narrow waist.

**Girdles in 2000 B. C.** And whenever a woman deemed her waist not quite slim enough she resorted to the girdle. Nor were her foundation garments the sole point of similarity. Some of the old paintings found in the ruins around Knossos, the ancient capital, show women wearing wide-brimmed hats closely akin to the garden-party hats of today and their hairdos could have come right out of the beauty parlor around the corner.

The Cretan women, however, did have one habit of dress that differed considerably from today's, though nobody is able to say how long the difference is going to be maintained at the rate styles are changing.

When the Cretan woman was all dressed up and looking for a night out, she wore a sweeping "classic" skirt, a tight bodice which left the bosom bare and which rose upward to end in a high, choke collar. She even wore what we call leg-o-mutton sleeves.

Of course, the Cretan woman had the usual run of jewelry that can be found in most any lady's jewel box today, the only difference being that hers was the real stuff and not "junk."

Naturally, the history of art in women's dress is long. The tombs of Egypt and Asia Minor are rich with ancient dress which could be worn with striking effect today. There is every indication that women's dress was complex and simple with the rise and fall of the husband's fortune.

But perhaps the fanciest dressers before Louis XIV and certainly the heaviest users of cosmetics before today were the

women of Rome around Nero's day.

A wealthy woman might occupy four or five slaves for the major part of a day just seeing that she was perfectly attired. They manicured her nails and toes, painted her face, smoothed her skin with depilatories, oiled her body, scented her hair and wore it into coils so fantastic that they often had to be supported with wire frames.

They rouged their faces, dyed their hair and used lipstick. And they had their fads. One empress decided that donkey's milk was good for the skin. Just to keep folk talking, no doubt, she always traveled with a herd of them.

Then there was the babe who was out to make a name for herself in cafe society. She was known as Lollia Paulina and had a dress covered from head to foot with precious jewels. It cost around eight million dollars—and she carried the receipts to prove it.

When at noon I looked out on the palace square and saw the Royal Guard present arms and heard the gay music, or, when, at day's end, the bells from the nearby Marble Church rang out, the rays of the setting sun glinting on the burnished copper kettles in our kitchen, I felt as if one of Hans Andersen's fairy tales had come alive.

It was in the royal kitchen as a girl that I learned to cook in the best Danish tradition. Though Danish in origin, the foods I give you here are good in any language, anywhere.

**OXTAIL SOUP**  
3 pounds oxtails, cut in pieces  
¼ cup flour  
¼ teaspoon paprika  
3 tablespoons butter  
¼ onion, sliced  
¼ cup chopped celery  
¼ cup celery leaves  
2 quarts well-seasoned bouillon  
1 bay leaf  
½ teaspoon thyme  
¼ cup Madeira wine  
2 tablespoons lemon juice  
¼ teaspoon curry powder  
Dredge oxtails in combined flour and paprika. Cook in butter until

well browned on all sides. Remove oxtails. Add vegetables and fry until golden brown. Combine oxtails, vegetables, stock, bay leaf and thyme. Simmer until meat falls away from the bone (4 to 5 hours). Remove stock from kettle and skim off fat. Add wine, lemon juice and curry. Place oxtails in tureen, pour soup over them. Serve very hot. Yield: 6 to 8 portions.

**SOLE WITH LOBSTER SAUCE**  
6 fillets of sole  
1 egg white  
Salt and pepper  
¼ cup bread crumbs  
¾ tablespoons melted fat  
Dip fillets in slightly beaten egg white and roll in seasoned bread crumbs. Cook in hot fat about 4 minutes or until golden brown on both sides. Drain on absorbent paper. Serve at once with Lobster Sauce. Yield: 6 portions.

**LOBSTER SAUCE**  
1 small lobster (1 pound)  
1 quart water  
1 tablespoon salt  
5 peppercorns  
¼ teaspoon paprika  
¼ cup butter, melted  
3 tablespoons flour  
2 cups bouillon  
¼ cup coarsely grated truffle  
1 cup heavy cream  
Salt and pepper to taste  
Drop lobster head first into rapidly boiling water to which salt, peppercorns and paprika have been added. Count cooking time after water returns to boiling and boil 5 minutes. Cool. Turn lobster on back on wooden board. Cut with sharp knife from head to tail. Remove dark vein running through center of tail and body and small sac found in head. Remove meat from shell. Break shell into small pieces. Add butter to shells and heat slowly for 10 minutes. Pour off ¼ cup of the butter and stir in flour. Add bouillon to buttered shells and simmer 30 minutes. Strain. Gradually add stock to butter-flour mixture, stirring constantly, and cook until thickened. Add sliced lobster meat, truffle, cream, salt and pepper to sauce. Approximate yield: 3 cups sauce.

**ORANGE FLUFFY**  
4 egg yolks  
¾ cup sugar  
2¼ cups orange juice  
1 tablespoon unflavored gelatin  
2 cups heavy cream, whipped  
¼ cup sherry  
Beat egg yolks until lemon colored. Gradually add sugar. Add 2 cups orange juice. Cook in top of double boiler over hot water until slightly thickened. Combine remaining orange juice and gelatin and let stand 5 minutes. Add to hot custard mixture and stir until dissolved. Cool. Let stand in refrigerator until slightly thickened. Fold in cream and sherry. Place in casserole or mold and let stand until firm. Decorate top with orange slices and seasoned whipped cream. Approximate yield: 6 portions.

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## Eyes RIGHT

By Betty Clarke

THERE is more to the beauty of the eyes than the mascara or eyeshadow used to enhance them. Unless you take excellent care of your vision, painful straining of your eyes can cause crows feet under-eye wrinkles and creases. You won't be able to buy any magic in a cosmetic jar which will completely erase these lines after they have made their indelible marks.

Very often bad eye habits begin during childhood. Children will get in the habit of reading in poorly lighted rooms and as they grow older their eyes will gradually become weaker.

Correction can begin at any time, however. Eye exercises and precautions as to the proper way to read should be observed for better eye function and eye beauty.

HERE are some suggestions from Dr. Harold Peppard's "Sight Without Glasses" on how to use your eyes in a more normal way when reading:

1. Sit in an upright and relaxed position. The posture of the body should be so easy that no organ or tissue has undue pressure or tension.

2. The head should be nearly upright also. It may be inclined slightly but must not be allowed to drop forward.

3. The book should be held 14 to 16 inches from the eyes and close to the body so that the arms rest against the body, the eyelids should cover most of the eyeball, shutting out unnecessary light and other visual impressions that may distract the attention; the eyelid muscle should be relaxed.

4. The light must be adequate but not too strong. General illumination of the room should be good with a slightly stronger direct light on the book.

5. Read so that each word is taken in sequence just as it is when one is writing. Don't reach ahead. If a whole sentence or an entire line is noticed at a glance, as in skimming through a page, strain is produced in the eyes.

6. All functions, whether of the body or of the mind, are performed through the use of nervous energy. . . . When the nervous system is exhausted through either sickness or the lack of sleep, it is much the better policy to omit reading altogether or to omit it as much as one possibly can.

IF you suffer from a very simple eye strain Dr. Peppard recommends that you blink frequently. To do this you close and open the eye lightly. The action of the eyelids in blinking is most essential to normal eyes and sight, he says. The fluid that keeps the eye moist is produced by a small gland called the lacrimal gland under the outer portion of the upper lid. When one blinks, the fluid is washed down and over the eyeball and keeps the eye moist. This fluid has a definite antiseptic and cleansing action which is essential to the cornea, the small translucent front part of the eye. Since the cornea has no blood vessels, it needs the fluid to keep it moist.

It also helps float particles of foreign matter out of the eye, while on an eye that is dry, the particles are likely to stick and irritate themselves.

In cold weather frequent blinking tends to keep the eye warm.



RIGHT WAY to read

## Plan Your Spring Cleaning

By Vivian Brown

A good system and a planned schedule, when you do your spring cleaning, will make your chores seem lighter.

Use time-saving equipment—long-handled dustpans and brushes which eliminate stooping; a fleecy duster for venetian blinds, vacuum cleaner attachments, cleaning compounds which will wash painted surfaces without rinsing or drying and polishing cloth with the polish in the cloth.

Farm out a few of the tasks to the rest of the family. The children can help with the dusting and scrubbing and Dad can do the furniture moving and window washing.

### Don't Lift

Leave the big lifting jobs to the man of the house. Many accidents are caused by the handling and storing of objects in the home. You should remember to lift objects by keeping the body upright; lifting with the leg muscles instead of the back and not trying to lift too much at one time.

When handling sharp edged or rough material, wear a pair of gloves. Remove all projecting nails from barrels, boxes and crates before handling. Arrange boxes or piles of items so they can't fall over if jarred and don't pile them so they block passageways where someone may stumble over them. Remove projecting edges or points of piled material so that bumping against them will not bruise or cut the skin.

Your semiannual cleaning job should include washing or cleaning of slip covers, draperies, mattress covers, furniture and floors, venetian blinds and kitchen cabinets. Wax all the wooden things. Reverse rugs, vacuuming under sides; clean closets, putting away and mothproofing out-of-season articles.

### Beware of Fire

Make sure that your spring cleaning plans extend to overcome fire hazards. Last year more than 5000 persons were fire victims in their



**SAFETY CLOSET** . . . Designed by the National Safety Council keeps work tools in place. Poisons are kept in a special compartment out of reach of children.

own homes, reports the National Fire Protective Association. More than 18,000 fires started in newspapers, magazines, old furniture and similar materials stored in closets, attics and basements. Explosive cleaning fluids were responsible for 26,000 fires and dirty stoves, lamps and lanterns accounted for another 18,000.

Other accidents are caused in the home by negligence on the part of the housekeeper. To help eliminate falls caused by tripping over buckets, brooms and mops, the National Safety Council suggests a housekeeping closet to reduce the toll of the more than 15,000 persons who died in the home annually due to home accidents. "In this closet brushes cannot drop upon the unwary

housewife when she opens the door—they are held firmly in racks according to their size and shape—and space is provided for such household necessities as insecticides which may cause accidental poisoning of children.

**Carrots Supply Vitamin A**  
Eat carrots for vitamin A. This is the vitamin that helps to prevent night blindness. It is important for good skin, good linings to nose and mouth and other body tissues.

**Spring Salad**  
This salad is a spring special. Combine cooked potato with cooked chopped meat and salad dressing. Serve with lettuce or cabbage.

## Apprentice in the Royal Kitchen

By Sigrid Lillilund

I REMEMBER it as if it were yesterday. The sunny square with the four separate palaces of Danish royalty—King Christian X's residence the most imposing and, to the left, the palace of his mother, the Dowager Queen Louise. I had just passed the handsome uniformed sentinel in his tall busby and now, my heart pounding, I stood at the entrance to my new world. A guard slowly opened the gate and thus began for me a marvelous period—more like a fairy tale than real life—as an apprentice in the famed royal kitchen.

Ushered into the kitchen, I was received by two lady chefs, their kind faces framed in soft white hair. They wore long black and white striped dresses, big white starched aprons and tiny caps perched on their heads. Their first words were a welcome to me from the queen who said she wanted everyone in her palace to be happy and comfortable.

The kitchen was spacious, yet delightfully cozy. The floor was strewn with sawdust; there were several white scoured tables and a large old-fashioned range. The walls were covered with shiny copper utensils, pots and pans of every imaginable size and shape. Near the range was a smaller range reserved for the preparation of desserts.

**Two Lady Chefs Presided**  
The two ladies who presided over this generation, like most of the others in the employ of the court. They loved their work, happily ignorant of all new-fangled theories. When I asked: "Why do you add this or that to a recipe? Why do you do it this way and not that?" they replied: "That's the way it has been."

We were two young girls who had been admitted as pupils to the Dowager Queen's kitchen. An apprentice in the royal kitchen worked alongside a chef assigned particularly to her. If, for instance, the chef was lining a mold with fruit, the pupil followed all her movements and copied her work exactly. Never—no matter who the guests were at the old queen's table—was there any sense of hurry or nervous tension.

The royal kitchen was a favorite gathering place for the younger members of the royal family who loved to come down for a chat and a tidbit. A regular visitor was the king's youngest brother, Prince Gustav, who sat at the kitchen table for a cup of piping hot coffee and Danish pastry. The tone was friendly and gay at all times.

When at noon I looked out on the palace square and saw the Royal Guard present arms and heard the gay music, or, when, at day's end, the bells from the nearby Marble Church rang out, the rays of the setting sun glinting on the burnished copper kettles in our kitchen, I felt as if one of Hans Andersen's fairy tales had come alive.

It was in the royal kitchen as a girl that I learned to cook in the best Danish tradition. Though Danish in origin, the foods I give you here are good in any language, anywhere.

**OXTAIL SOUP**  
3 pounds oxtails, cut in pieces  
¼ cup flour  
¼ teaspoon paprika  
3 tablespoons butter  
¼ onion, sliced  
¼ cup chopped celery  
¼ cup celery leaves  
2 quarts well-seasoned bouillon  
1 bay leaf  
½ teaspoon thyme  
¼ cup Madeira wine  
2 tablespoons lemon juice  
¼ teaspoon curry powder  
Dredge oxtails in combined flour and paprika. Cook in butter until

well browned on all sides. Remove oxtails. Add vegetables and fry until golden brown. Combine oxtails, vegetables, stock, bay leaf and thyme. Simmer until meat falls away from the bone (4 to 5 hours). Remove stock from kettle and skim off fat. Add wine, lemon juice and curry. Place oxtails in tureen, pour soup over them. Serve very hot. Yield: 6 to 8 portions.

**SOLE WITH LOBSTER SAUCE**  
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Salt and pepper  
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Salt and pepper to taste  
Drop lobster head first into rapidly boiling water to which salt, peppercorns and paprika have been added. Count cooking time after water returns to boiling and boil 5 minutes. Cool. Turn lobster on back on wooden board. Cut with sharp knife from head to tail. Remove dark vein running through center of tail and body and small sac found in head. Remove meat from shell. Break shell into small pieces. Add butter to shells and heat slowly for 10 minutes. Pour off ¼ cup of the butter and stir in flour. Add bouillon to buttered shells and simmer 30 minutes. Strain. Gradually add stock to butter-flour mixture, stirring constantly, and cook until thickened. Add sliced lobster meat, truffle, cream, salt and pepper to sauce. Approximate yield: 3 cups sauce.

**ORANGE FLUFFY**  
4 egg yolks  
¾ cup sugar  
2¼ cups orange juice  
1 tablespoon unflavored gelatin  
2 cups heavy cream, whipped  
¼ cup sherry  
Beat egg yolks until lemon colored. Gradually add sugar. Add 2 cups orange juice. Cook in top of double boiler over hot water until slightly thickened. Combine remaining orange juice and gelatin and let stand 5 minutes. Add to hot custard mixture and stir until dissolved. Cool. Let stand in refrigerator until slightly thickened. Fold in cream and sherry. Place in casserole or mold and let stand until firm. Decorate top with orange slices and seasoned whipped cream. Approximate yield: 6 portions.

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## ... And Movies Get Plays C. U.-Hollywood Tieup Will Bring Stars to Campus

By Nelson B. Bell

NEWS as important to the professional as to the nonprofessional theater stems this week from Washington and its Catholic University of America. For the first time in its history, the Speech and Drama Department of Catholic University, under the direction of Rev. Gilbert V. Hartke, will devote an entire year to the production of new and heretofore unacted manuscript plays.

These untried works will number seven. Two will be presented in the University Theater this summer, the first in June; five next season, beginning in October.

While other university drama groups, notably at Yale and Carnegie Tech, lay emphasis on new scripts, they do not attack the experimental problem from quite the same angle as Father Hartke's Speech and Drama Department. On the Brookland campus, the plays, whether new or old, are chosen with a view to three-week runs. Three days, elsewhere, frequently is looked upon as "run" enough.

The success of Catholic University's "Playwriting Festival" is overshadowed by the nature of affiliations set up on both the East and West Coasts.

A tie-up has been effected with all of the Hollywood studios through the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences, the industry organization which annually awards the "Oscars."

The Academy will be the Hollywood clearing house for the C. U. plays, but—and far more important—the studios will loan stars and featured players to take part in the enactment of scripts which strike their fancy.

The studios, furthermore, will pay the salaries and expenses of their players while they are at the University.

### Quid Pro Quo

THIS is an advantageous arrangement for all concerned. Both Hollywood and the legitimate theater are in constant quest of new writers, and any nonprofessional acting group in America would be glad to avail itself of the services of recognized actors. The project certainly has the distinct advantage of reciprocal benefits.

A similar New York affiliation is being maintained through the American National Theater and Academy, the congressionally sponsored group organized in the interests of a true National Theater in 1935, of which Robert E. Sherwood now is active head.

While UCLA has enlisted Hollywood's interest with its course in cinematography, this alliance with Catholic University appears to mark the first time the studios through self-contained channels, have had a direct contact with a university's playwrighting group.

Prof. Walter Kerr, himself a playwright of national reputation, and his staff conducting the playwrighting classes in the Speech and Drama Department at C. U., will select the plays. Prof. Kerr reports that there are 53 potential playwrights enrolled in the courses under his direction.

### Lots of Precedents

SINCE 1937, the C. U. drama group has produced 86 plays, of which 36 were originals. Several of these have been the attention of the New York producers and went on to Broadway production and even subsequent road tours.

Notable among them were "Count Me In," "Sing Out, Sweet Land," "The Song of Bernadette" and others that first faced the footlights on the Brookland stage.

After several Hollywood conferences, Father Hartke reports that the studios do not look upon this program as something that works only to the advantage of Catholic University. They welcome the opportunity to promote fresh writing talent and to give their established stars and upcoming players opportunity to improve their acting.

The primary object of this unique concert of interests, indeed, is to provide fresh playwrighting talent for the theater in general. Especially it will give new writers a chance to see their work on the stage, before an audience, as a major step in their development.

As Professor Kerr points out, "We do not expect that every script will be taken up professionally, although it is always possible, in the light of past experience, that some may be. But we don't want every young writer to go into the festival with the burden of professional responsibility on his shoulders."

"That is to say, we will not consider his work a failure if it is not immediately optioned for New York or Hollywood. Rather, the larger results of this policy will be seen in several years' time, when the maturing process, perhaps begun with this festival, will finally have completed itself."

### Same Subscription Plan

INsofar as the Capital's theatergoing public is concerned, the festival will not alter the policy that has been in force at the University Theater since the establishment of the Speech and Drama Department.

The seven virgin plays will be presented as a regular subscription season, beginning in June and continuing for a solid year. Subscriptions at reduced rates will be offered within the next few weeks. The number of subscription tickets sold, however, will be so limited as to make sure that some seats always will be available at the box-office. The admission charges will remain as heretofore.

The new plays to be presented will be of all types, without prejudice in favor of any one style or form. Some will be experimental, some realistic, and so on through the gamut. The sole basis of judging will be the quality of the script itself.

The authors, if that has not already been made clear, will be students of the graduate and undergraduate courses conducted by Walter Kerr, and all scripts will be written under his supervision.

### A Publicist's Joy

SINCE Catholic University is the first to achieve the goal at which all in the field of the non-professional theater aim, the unprecedented manner of its attainment is of vital national interest.

Anita Cobay, gifted actress, publicist, herself a Washingtonian by birth, as familiar with the work at Catholic University as she is with Hollywood, has been commissioned to satisfy that interest.

Her task should be an easy one. The present format of the seven-play season of new dramatic works might well serve as a model for the country.

Provided, of course, that all tributary theaters could muster acting groups as indefatigable and talented as that with which Father Hartke and his associates have been able to surround themselves.

Conscientious hard work is the answer—not luck, happenstance or fortuitous coincidence.

## Kiddies' Parents Are Radio's Problem Child



CARL GREEN, the WOOW story-teller who "loves children," is pictured above with two lucky ones who got tickets to his Sunday morning broadcast. His honor guests are 4-year-old Alice Norman and 5-year-old Susy Thorne.

(Last of Two Articles)

By Sonia Stein

TO MANY an ear, radio is a great sloppy welter catering to the "mass mind." As a matter of statistical fact, radio does make a stab at catering to special groups—including children.

Whether such services to the young listener are adequate in quantity and quality seems to be a point of dispute between broadcasters and parents. It is virtually impossible to get complete agreement on what programs are good for children and what time they should be on the air.

### Ministerial Conflict

TAKE THE time problem. WOOW has a very popular program of stories and songs at 9 a. m. Sundays. This comes at an ideal time, according to many parents, who enjoy the temporary peace it brings to the home. Yet ministers protest it keeps children away from Sunday School and ask that it be moved to weekdays.

WARL has a morning series of children's records at 11 which is fine for the preschool age and for those youngsters in schools which tune in the series. But it is lost to many others.

WTOP-CBS' "School of the Air" programs have been on at various times in their 17 years. CBS officials finally concluded there were more radios in homes than in schools and moved it to 5 p. m., giving it more "family appeal" at the same time. This recipient of 34 awards is still approved for classroom use by the National Education Association, but its excellent international, musical, science, adventure and political discussion lectures no longer come within school hours.

WBCC's "Questions on the News" is intentionally offered during school hours, since Bethesda schools use it as part of current events courses and encourage students to submit questions.

So while it may be true that the broadcaster's sense of obligation doesn't stretch far enough to make him sacrifice good commercial time to public service programs, he still may have had an altruistic reason for scheduling some children's program right where you think it's wrong.

## Filmland's Heart Gives Old Troupers Valhalla

By Bob Considine

WOODLAND HILLS, Calif., April 19 (U.S.).—Hollywood's bad aspects always make the newspapers, but the place has a heart, too. It is a heart approximately the size of a watermelon, I learned here today in this leafy, fruit-laden valley.

Here the picture industry has built what it calls the Motion Picture Country House, where stay its indigent actors, actresses, producers, directors, writers, technicians and general handymen.

It is over a hill, but it is not "over the hill." Its people, some of them in their eighties, may be broke or sick, but they are never "in mates."

They are "guests" and are treated accordingly. The place is called "the house," never "the home."

There never was a place like it on earth. The guests, sometimes man and wife, live in delightfully modern bungalows clustered around a big clubhouse, library and projection room.

From their windows and front porches they can look across acres of grapefruit, orange and walnut groves to the green hills that encircle them.

Just across the main road is Harry Warner's sumptuous ranch, with its fine cattle, thoroughbred horses and training track.

The bungalows have the most modern and comfortable furnishings obtainable, radios, plenty of storage room for the scrap books, old programs and newspaper clippings which these old troupers bring with them in this "Valhalla." Jean Hersholt directs the project.

Many of them have their own cars, can easily arrange permission from the country house's two delightful directors—Marjorie Williams and Frances Peck—to remain away overnight on trips.

No Restrictions

There are no restrictions, no curfew, no rigid mealtimes, no prohibition against taking a drink or holding a small cocktail party in one's bungalow. They get movies long before the films are released to the public. They play bingo at night and gin and poker.

The house is supported chiefly by the \$7000 a week realized from the Screen Guild show (CBS) whose latest—the best—is do-

minated. Contributors from every salary range in the industry have helped the work.

The guests must have worked at least 20 years in the industry, but the excellent hospital that is a part of the estate is open to all who have worked five years in pictures, in any capacity.

The closely allied Motion Picture Relief Fund, Inc., built up from voluntary contributions of one-half of 1 per cent of salaries, provides additional beds in other hospitals in the area. The Relief Fund, from whose charity rolls most of the guests at the country house have been selected, directly aided 7500 screen workers last year.

The country house opened in 1942. On the day before it opened a number of Hollywood figures had provided funds for the building of cottages, among them the Edward Arnolds, Otto Krugers, Billie Burke, Eddie Robinson, etc.

A lot of men and women who once entertained millions of movie fans are here.

THE QUESTION of what programs are good for children is almost too painful to discuss. There is, for example, a group of 15-minute adventure serials heard locally from 5 to 6 on WMAL and WOL. This hour of shrieks, groans, shots and whizzing noises is source material for witticisms about "a pause in the day's occupation known as the children's hour."

They can best be summarized by an excerpt from an article by Robert Fontaine in the May issue of '47 magazine. He quotes his two little girls:

"Well, there's this Dragon Lady who has the most beautiful long fingernails and everything every place and all. Then there's this Pat Ryan. Well, you know where Saigon is or Hongkong."

"Don't forget the cosmic ray bomb," Ferna interrupted.

"Mary Ann sniffed. 'That's Jack Armstrong. All-American Boy.'"

"What's the difference?" Ferna asked.

"Tennessee Jed" on WMAL eschews the cosmic ray bomb for the wild creatures. His life has been summarized as "trackin' b'ar, fightin' b'ar, skinnin' b'ar, cookin' b'ar, eatin' b'ar, wearin' b'ar skin clothes and courtin' a gal who wears b'ar skin pretties."

### Hair-Raising Fantasy

Nobody I trust claims that these have any literary merit, but many child experts claim youngsters need the excitement. Miss Josette Frank of the Child Study Association, says it gives children wholesome outlets.

The blood and thunder in these fantastic programs may work children up to a fever pitch. But do they do any

## Spring Cleaning Broadway Weeds Out Weak Sisters

By Jack O'Brian

NEW YORK, April 19 (AP).—"Craig's Wife," although it received excellent notices, closed after 69 performances, somewhat

less than the 100 which is the accepted mark of Broadway success. "Icetime" closed at the Center Theater after 405 performances, definitely successful.

The next edition of the glacial gold mine annually produced by Sonja Henie and A. M. Wirtz will be arriving shortly.

Despite Tallulah Bankhead's drawing ability, "The Eagle Has Two Heads" couldn't offset the bad reviews and folded after 29 times.

"Lady Windermere's Fan" closes April 26 after 28 weeks and will tour. Ann Blyth has been signed for the star role in the film to be made of Lillian Hellman's "Another Part of the Forest."

Theater Arts monthly honors seven theatrical workers for their stage achievements this season: Paul Crabtree of "The Iceman Cometh," Sam Wanamaker of "Joan of Lorraine," Bambi Linn of "Wonderland," David Wayne of "Finian's Rainbow," Virginia Bosler of "Brigadoon," Margaret Phillips of "Another Part of the Forest" and Arthur Hunnitt of "All My Sons."

James Barton, famed song and dance man and latterly one of Broadway's more dependable character actors, will have the role of Kit Carson in "The Time of Your Life" when it is screened by Jiminy Gagney. Arthur Hunnitt played the role in the Broadway original.

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Of these late afternoon little dramas for little people, Mutual's "Superman" has received most comment and most laurels—all in tribute to his year-old battle against intolerance. Praise has come to "Superman" from a chain of Negro newspapers, the National Conference of Churches, Boys Clubs of America, United Parents Association of New York, Henry Wallace (then Secretary of Commerce) and last week an award from the Council Against Intolerance in America.

"Superman's" move was brave and well-intentioned. It could have caused its agency financial pangs and did drive the Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan to try to get the sponsoring product, Pep, banned in his town. But it is doubtful that the results live up to the motivation.

It is still a gun and gang show. Children care little whether the "bad guys" have broken the Sixth and Eighth Commandments or the Golden Rule as long as there's plenty of shooting. "Superman's" producers say they try to show that intolerance is planted and nurtured by groups with an ax to grind. It might have more value (though less excitement and consequently fewer listeners) if it dealt with intolerance as children consciously or unconsciously practice it themselves, rather than as it is practiced on a grand scale by organized adults.

Safety in Exaggeration

THIS TECHNIQUE of bringing the action down to the child's level can be dangerous when misused. It actually seems safer to have children listen to stories about gangland murders which they would rarely emulate, than to "Archie Andrews" (Saturday mornings over WRC), who last week got praised for setting the curtains on fire. That trick, any child might try.

Definitely on the credit side of the ledger are three weekend programs for children, two of which are local. The network show is CBS's "Let's Pretend" series, which has professional child actors in fairy tales, fantasies,

Continued on Page 2, Column 4

HOLLYWOOD, April 19.—Before the war Victor Mature was Hollywood's No. 1 character. His hobby, he blithely admitted, was publicity, and the combined efforts of a studio flackery couldn't hold a candle when it came to getting the Mature name spread all over the front—or back—pages of your daily newspaper. He was singularly lacking in inhibitions, full of gags, and had a keen sense of what was newsworthy.

While being interviewed he put on the great est, seen outside of a three-ring circus. He'd stride around the room, remove various portions of his clothing, break into a dance, do imitations, whistle sharply through his teeth, talk to people whom he didn't know from Adam over the telephone, dig unsuspecting reporters in the ribs, candidly answer any question put to him, and unabashedly comment on any subject brought up in a language that, to say the least, was colorful.

At the end of some wild yarn he'd turn to the reporter and say, "Now that's absolutely off the record—when will it be published?"

Few news hawks could resist such an avalanche, and Vic could spot a reporter clear across the studio lot. His favorite hangout was the 20th Century-Fox publicity department. His closest friends were—and still are—publicity men.

His Digs Too Subtle

Many of his antics were sly digs at Hollywood. His burlesque of pomposity was often taken straight. In a town fraught with people who think they have I. Q.'s of 275 plus, Vic frankly admitted that he was a genius. That coy declaration got him reams of publicity from people irritated by the very thought of "a ham actor's having such an opinion of himself."

When the gag had created the proper amount of furor, Vic shifted tactics. He'd bought a dog and named him Genius. Then he'd got coversalls for members of his film crew. Embellished on the back of each of the suits was "Assistant Genius." So many geniuses were on the set there wasn't room to swing a cat.

Pretending deep mortification

Because he hadn't been asked to leave his footprints in the Chinese theater forecourt, Vic had a concrete slab poured in front of his dressing room and with appropriate mock ceremonies left an imprint in it of—as my late husband used to say—that part of his anatomy which is in seclusion when he's seated.

But the studio, pointing out that many people were sentimental about the footprints, prints and took them seriously, wouldn't let him release either the stories or the photographs recording the historic event.

Victor Matured

That was the old Mature. But since his return from the war there haven't been any of those wacky stories breaking. Vic's practically never seen in night clubs. His name is rarely linked with girls. He bought a modest little home in a modest little neighborhood. And what's more, critics began to compliment him on his acting. Even John Ford did nip-ups over Vic's work in "My Darling Clementine." Ford now wants to borrow him for his independent picture, "The Black Hand."

To see what had come over this Mature grown modest, I drove over to his place and popped a few questions. It's a bachelor setup which Vic's friends helped rebuild and decorate. And the rooms are more colorful than Harry Cohn's language.

"It's really the first Hollywood home I've ever had," said he. "I've been living in tents, dressing rooms and garages so long that I just decided to get me a house. I've got a two-story kennel for my dogs and a smaller house for guests in case they have them. I'm having kennels wired for lights now."

"What, no hot and cold running water?" said I. "It'd be a good gag for some publicity."

Vic grinned. "You got me wrong, Hedda," said he. "All I want out of life now is—the front cover."

THE WHITE QUEEN is imaginatively costumed and fascinatingly played by Eva Le Gallienne in her hit revival, "Alice in Wonderland."

## On Behalf of Repertory

## Eva Le Gallienne Courts 'Angels' And Lower Prices

By Richard L. Coe

LAST NIGHT, in making its annual achievement awards, the Women's National Press Club recognized grit.

True, the ladies of the press didn't use that word during their dinner in honor of President and Mrs. Truman. When President Truman handed Eva Le Gallienne her award, it was stated she received it for "creative arts."

That's a pretty lofty, high-toned phrase. What they really meant was that they thought that Miss Le Gallienne's aim in establishing the American Repertory Theater was pretty swell.

They knew the group hadn't been the unqualified success all its admirers had hoped it might be. But they did recognize that for all the hefty talk a lot of theater folk make about starting a permanent acting company, Miss Le Gallienne and her associates were the only ones who've actually pulled it off.

Other women of the "creative arts" may have had more meteoric success in the past year. We've heard rumors that a sainted lady of the films gave the final winner a tough race for the final honor. So it is greatly to the gal reporters' credit they were not swayed by the mere weight of press clippings.

During the first week of the ART season we talked with the slight, intense Eva and told you of her hopes for the season. Last week we called on her again and asked what the first year of ART had taught her.

What Repertory Needs

"Fundamentally," she replied, "two things. Actually they only cemented ideas I already had, but this year has proved them to me beyond any doubt whatever."

"In the first place, a permanent repertory company in this country must be subsidized. By that I do not mean Federal or State subsidy necessarily. But I do mean that some one or some group of moneyed people must pour a good round sum into such a venture and get it started on its first few seasons."

"Our initial outlay of \$300,000 was not enough. In midseason things looked very badly. We had produced four of our projected six plays, but I'm proud to say that Actors' Equity, Helen Hayes and a few other such determined people saw 'us' through."

"It takes around \$100,000 to launch a new production, and of our six, three were classified 'as musicals, always more expensive. Now, with the help of Rita Hassan, who joined us in producing 'Alice in Wonderland,' we do have the physical properties of six plays. That's something of a start."

"We need more, of course, lots more, to work out a sizable repertoire. And certainly if we had a really substantial group of backers we could solve the second lesson I've learned. It's just as important."

"This is our price scale. We've had to use a top of \$4.80, which is far beyond the means of the people we are trying to reach. I'd like to have a top of \$2.50, which would mean that every seat in our theater would be within the range of the really serious theatergoer. Our less expensive seats are always sold."

Stresses Subsidies

"Surely there must be some wealthy people interested enough in the theater to feel there is true value in subsidizing what we're trying to do. I don't want to seem as though I'm begging, but the fact remains a sound subsidy is vital. And so are cheaper prices."

Looking back on the American Rep's season, even the most hardened producer would have been proud of the over-all success of the six plays this season and then join forces for performances in Europe.

The Theater Guild is hoping to sponsor "Alice" for its subscription cities, but whether Washington will see this depends on "well-known local conditions." If things remain as they are, American Rep won't come.

"Androcles and the Lion" was the company's other top seller, but for this reporter's money, the finest offering of the lot was Ibsen's "John Gabriel Borkman," as impressive a drama as any we saw this year. "Henry VIII" was a splendid pageant which will remain in the company's roster, but how soon it will reappear is uncertain.

And when a company can produce six plays, using the same actors for each one, and come up with five worthwhile performances, that's a courageous achievement.

Which is why Miss Le Gallienne was honored last night for herself and her associates. The press pals had their hearts—and their heads—in the right place.

Two Units May Tour

As for next season and the company's nationwide tour, that, too, is in the lap of the gods. Instead of one company going out in several plays, two units may tour for at least six plays and then join forces for performances in Europe.

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## An Actor Doth Protest

What Good Is Fame  
If Only Face Is Known,  
But Not Your Name?

NEW YORK, April 19.—In the role of a lawyer, gifted with miraculous powers, Victor Kilian will be making his second professional appearance in 12 years in New York when he is seen in the "Miracle in the Mountains" at the Playhouse next Friday night.

Thanks to the demands of the plot, Kilian was the victim of a scheme by John Van Druten, Kilian was a philosophic hobo living in an arroyo outside Pasadena when last observed by the local laity. That was in 1942, and the play was "Solitaire," best remembered because it introduced Pat Hitchen, 10-year-old daughter of Director Alfred Hitchcock, to our stage.



KILIAN

Prior to the short-lived "Solitaire" Kilian had not mounted one of our platforms since he impersonated a ragged Continental soldier in Maxwell Anderson's "Valley Forge."

It was this performance that threatened to curdle his screen career.

**Luckless Pantaloon**

In the Anderson tribute to Washington and a cruel winter, Kilian had played a shivering soldier who had lost his trousers on the curfew's rise and had not recovered them on the final curtain's fall. This led Hollywood savants, seeking to implement his talent, to think that he was best known in the theater for a comedy trousers routine.

In his first few years in the land of the lotus eaters, producers and directors invariably suggested to Kilian that he do his trousers routine whenever the comedy business of the picture in hand started to bog down.

Kilian has yet another comment to make on the screen and Hollywood. Having appeared in some hundred pictures on the West Coast in the last dozen years, chiefly in minor roles, thousands of people recognize his face as he walks the streets of New York but few can recall his name.

Kilian is not unduly irked by this contradiction, since he has made a handsome living in Hollywood, but it would be pleasant to

have his fame linked with his name.

Even in the theater few people are aware that it was Kilian who last season played seafaring Clinton Jones, father of the actress whom he knows as Ruth Gordon, in the try-out phase of the play then known as "Miss Jones," now billed as "Years Ago," with Fredric March in the role which Kilian created in Wilmington.

Kilian had a considerable career in a repertory company which specialized in pirated versions of New York hits in New England in the second decade of this century. The management invented aliases for such plays as "The Girl of the Golden West," thus escaped the penalty of royalties.

Remembers When

He recalls, too, that he once inhabited a vaudeville sketch, "Say It With Flowers," and that among his fellow players in it were James Cagney and the Carl Nelson who now serves the Theater Guild as general casting director.

And he has yet another recollection. During the actors' strike in 1919 Kilian was working as a longshoreman on the Hudson River docks.

It's a good 24 years since Kilian was first seen by a New York audience. He was Simeon Cabot, one of three brothers, in Eugene O'Neill's memorable tragedy, "Desire Under the Elms." Later he was to play in the revival of another of O'Neill's better plays, "Beyond the Horizon."

**'Lend Lease' Helps Movies Made in East**

New York, April 19 (NYHT).—The trend of shooting a number of major Hollywood productions in New York and vicinity, "Portrait of Jenny," "Boomerang," "13 Rue Madeleine," and "Carnegie Hall" are examples—has resulted in a historic lend-lease between Broadway footlights and the movie kilnlights.

David O. Selznick's "Portrait of Jenny," which recently began production, enlisted only a skeleton crew of performers and technicians from the Coast. Jennifer Jones and Joseph Cotten, the stars; William Dieterle, the director; Joseph August, the cameraman, and several assistants comprised the Hollywood contingent.

United Artists estimated that as much as 95 per cent of the talent for Boris Morro's "Carnegie Hall" was obtained in the East.

ELIZABETH BERGNER  
—on way for third visit

## Bergner Next at the National

As one of the outstanding features of this city's theatrical season, weeks to capacity audiences in that city in a theatre that was not air-cooled.

Nearly all the original cast will support Miss Bergner, including Jerome Thor, Stano Braggotti, Rhodella Heller, Leslie Barrie, E. Leonard Boyne, Eleanor Mendelsohn and Michellette Burani. Martin Vale, the nom de plume of Mrs. Bayard Veiller, is the author of "The Two Mrs. Carrolls."

In the "Two Mrs. Carrolls" Miss Bergner is the wife of a twice-married artist, who finds it more convenient, when he falls out of love, to poison his spouses than to suffer the turmoil of matrimonial upheaval.

"The Two Mrs. Carrolls" was first produced in London in 1936, with Elena Miramova in the Bergner role and ran for two years in the English metropolis. In mid-summer of 1943 when Philadelphia experienced the hottest summer in

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SATURDAY 8:45 A.M. SUNDAY 12 Noon

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## Films Most Eligible Man

He Won't Give With Love Talk  
But Jimmy Expects to Marry

By Gene Handsaker

HOLLYWOOD, April 19 (AP).—I asked the tall, skinny beanpole of a man what was new. His drooping blue eyes, set in a long, thin face, appraised me solemnly.

"Nothin' much," said Jimmy Stewart.

"How's your golf these days?"

"I m m y scratched the side of his neck. 'I haven't kept score the last three times. The caddy advised against it.'"

Jimmy Stewart is one of the most uncommunicative interviewees in Hollywood.

"Heard from your folks lately?"

His dad still runs a hardware store in Indiana, Pa.

Jimmy stroked his graying hair.

"Yeah, I talked to 'em by phone." (Long pause). "They went to New York to see the opening of 'It's a Wonderful Life.' (Pause). "They liked it."

"Jimmy, when are you gonna get married?"

He registered a fleeting smile.

"Oh, one of these days."

"Who to?"

Jimmy picked up a pebble. "I dunno."

"Go out with girls?"

"Once in a while... Nobody in particular."

Stewart returned to Hollywood from some 1800 combat hours over Europe in the A. A. F. Is he glad to be back?

"Dam' right! Yes, sir!"—his voice was a hollow, throaty croak.

We stumbled accidentally on a subject on which Jimmy became voluble—his boyhood interest in amateur radio. Crystal sets, oatmeal boxes wound with wire, the Arlington three signals, spark coils, the lightning switch he threw every night—Jimmy spoke of them fondly.

It was a mistake to turn serious and ask his ultimate goal in life.

"Just to be as good as I can at my job, I guess," he said.

Recalls Kid Days

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## Show Time in the Downtown Theaters

National—"Dear Ruth," tomorrow at 8:30 p. m.

SCREEN

RKO-Keith's—"The Best Years of Our Lives," at 12:20, 2:25, 6:30 and 9:35 p. m.

Palace—"The Yearling," at 1:15, 4:45 and 9:30 p. m.

Earle—"Dead Reckoning," at 1:30, 3:30, 7:30 and 9:45 p. m.

Capital—"Carnival in Costa Rica," at 1:45, 4:30, 7:15 and 10 p. m. Stage shows at 1:05, 3:50, 6:35 and 9:15 p. m.

Metropolitan—"Trail Street," at 1:35, 3:45, 5:40, 7:45 and 9:45 p. m.

Columbia—"It Happened in Brooklyn," at 1:30, 3:30, 7:30 and 9:40 p. m.

Hippodrome—"The Ghost Goes West," at 2:25, 4:15, 6:10, 8 and 9:50 p. m.

Little—"Henry V," at 3 and 8:30 p. m.

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For telephone reservations call REpublic 3473. Tickets at reserved seats will be sold at 50¢. General admission, 25¢. (Tax included.)

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APOLLO 614 N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Joan Crawford, John Garfield, in "Humoresque," at 1:05, 3:05, 5:05, 7:05, 9:05.

AVALON 3000 N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Larry Parks, Robert Walker, in "The Jolson Story," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

AVE. GRAND 645 E. Ave. SE. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

BEVERLY 15th & E. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

CALVERT 20th & N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

CENTRAL 435 9th St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

COLONY 4000 E. Ave. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

HOME 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

KENNEDY 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

MACARTHUR 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

PENN 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

SAVOY 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

SECO 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

SHERIDAN 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

SILVER 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

TAKOMA 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

TIVOLI 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

UPTOWN 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

YORK 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

HYATTSPVILLE 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

KAYWOOD 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

CAMEO 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

BETHESDA 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

MILO 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

HISER-BETHESDA 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

CIRCLE 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

GREENBELT—Greenbelt, Md. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

LIDO 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

DUMBARTON 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

SENATOR 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

NAYLOR 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.

ATLAS 1230 O St. N.W. Mat. 1 P.M. Loretta Young, David Hume, in "The Perfect Marriage," at 1:15, 3:15, 5:15, 7:15, 9:15.



# Week's Music Menu Caters to All Tastes

FLIPPING the pages of the music calendar for the week reveals an interesting assortment of events. Today at 5 p. m. the Phillips Memorial Gallery offers a concert of Brahms' Liebeslieder by Evelyn Meyer, soprano; Rachel Koerner, mezzo-soprano; George Barritt, tenor; Harold Ronk, baritone; with Paul Gallaway and Theodore Schaefer at the piano. The group will perform the Neue Liebeslieder Waltzer, opus 65, which is rarely heard, and more familiar Liebeslieder, Opus 52.

At 8 p. m. today, the Gordon String Quartet will present the first Washington performance of Arnold Volpe's Quartet in G major at the National Gallery of Art. The Beethoven Quartet in B flat major, opus 18, No. 6 and Dvorak's Quartet in C major, opus 51, are also programmed.

Gary Graffman, 18-year-old pianist, who won the Philadelphia regional auditions sponsored by the Rachmaninoff Fund, Inc., last fall, will be heard at the Phillips Memorial Gallery tomorrow at 8:30 p. m. As a result of the contest Mr. Graffman recently played Rachmaninoff's Second Concerto with the Philadelphia Orchestra. His program will include Prokofiev's Third Sonata and Beethoven's Sonata op. 53 (Waldstein) as well as works by Bach, Schumann, Chopin and Barber.

THE Philadelphia Orchestra comes to Constitution Hall, Monday, 8:30 p. m. for a two-night stand. Robert Casadesu, brilliant French pianist, will play the novel Ravel "Concerto for the Left Hand" with the orchestra on Monday evening and Salvatore Baccaloni, 300-pound comic basso of the Metropolitan, will highlight Tuesday's concert. He will sing and play as Mozart's Omin, boast and whimper as Don Juan's servant Leporello, sing of the wiles of women as Cimarosa's Giampaolo and put on the socially ambitious father's act, as his Geronimo. In his portrayal of the fat and amorous knight in Verdi's "Falstaff," he will bemoan his declining years and sigh for the days when he was young and handsome.

Eugene Ormandy has programmed two varieties—the Washington premiere of "Symphony in One Movement" by American composer Constant Vancina, and the tone poem "Sensuousness" of Mexican Silvestre Revueltas, for the Monday night concert. The Cesar Franck Symphony will be played the following evening.

Clarence Waters, organist, will be presented by the D. C. Chapter American Guild of Organists, at the Washington Cathedral, Wednesday at 8:15 p. m. His program includes the Bach Fantasia and Fugue in C minor and First Trio Sonata in E flat, Handel's Largo and Andante from the First Organ Concerto, "Benedictus" by Couperin, Franck's Choral in E major, two Scherzos by Dider, and two of his own works.

LINDA Verrill, protégée of Ruth St. Denis, will present a concert of Oriental dances at Cafritz Auditorium, Wednesday, 8:30 p. m. Miss Verrill will dedicate her program of dances from India, Siam, Bali, Java, Indo-China, Korea and Burma, to Miss St. Denis and will include a concert adaption arranged for by Ruth St. Denis.

Miss Verrill will leave this autumn to make a good will tour of Siam, sponsored by the Siam Government, to foster cultural relations between the United States and Siam. She will instruct the Siamese in modern dance technique (which she teaches here) and will learn new Oriental dances from them.

Miss Verrill received her early training in New York at the Albertina Rasch Ballet School and with Hanya Holm. She later studied Oriental dances with Seiko Sarina (now teaching at the court of the Shah at Tehran).

Miss Verrill will be assisted Wednesday by Stuart Damian Smith, as narrator; Willis Semple, pianist; Edward O'Kelly, production manager; Clifford R. Ration, musical supervision, and lighting Blaine Carter. Ella Fulmore Harlee will act as narrator for "Legion."

THE Army Air Forces Symphony Orchestra, Maj. George S. Ward, conducting, will present the fifth of seven spring concerts, Tuesday, 8:30 p. m. at Department of Interior Auditorium. Soloists will be Tech Sgt. Harry H. obolst, in Rameau's "La Valse," Works by Mendelssohn, Bartok, Elst and Debussy are scheduled.

THE Jewish Community Center will present the Pentaton Choral Club, directed by Whitford L. Hall, Tuesday, Cafritz Auditorium, 8:30 p. m. Soloists will be Marilyn Arkel and Lynn Jacobsen, sopranos; David Lord, William Moore, Ed John Preston, tenors; the Pentaton Quartet. Compositions by Jerome Kern, Sigmund Romberg, George Gershwin and Oscar Strauss will predominate.

THE Gertrude Clarke Whittall Foundation, Library of Congress, will sponsor two concerts of chamber music Thursday and Friday, 8:30 p. m., by the Budapest String Quartet with Milton Katims, viola, and Howard Mitchell, violoncello, as assisting artists. Both concerts will take place in Coolidge Auditorium of the Library. Programmed are Mozart's Quintet in G minor, K. V. 516; Milhaud's Quartet, No. 13, and Brahms Sextet in B flat major, Op. 18.



LINDA VERRILL WEARS KOREAN COSTUME  
In Oriental dances at Cafritz Auditorium



GARY GRAFFMAN, 18-year-old pianist, will be heard at Phillips Memorial Gallery tomorrow night

## Interior Concert Four Soloists To Sing With Choral Group

THE Department of Interior Chorus will give its annual spring concert in the Department of Interior Auditorium, Monday, April 28, 8:30 p. m. The program will be all-American.

Four well known soloists, a full symphony orchestra and an organ accompanist have been engaged for the Washington Choral Society's presentation of Beethoven's "Missa Solemnis" in Constitution Hall, April 28.

Guest artists, Agnes Davis, soprano; Lydia Summers, contralto; Erwin Dillon, tenor, and Burton Cornwall, bass, will carry the solo parts in this first presentation of the Mass in Washington. Louis A. Potter, founder and director will conduct a chorus of over 200 voices.

Wade N. Stephens, organist at Washington Chapel, Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, presents three organ recitals a week at the church on Monday.

A fund drive of \$200,000 will be launched shortly for the Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra, to erase a deficit of \$130,000, accumulated since 1938. Orville H. Bullitt, president of the Philadelphia Orchestra Association announced this week.

Eleanor Sieber, Metropolitan soprano, will be among the American musical celebrities, at Edinburgh 1947 International Festival of Music and Drama, to be held at Edinburgh, Scotland, August 24 through September 13.

Last date for application in the International Competition for Musical Performers which takes place September 22 to October 5 at the Geneva Conservatory is August 1. The Secretariat (Conservatory of Music, Geneva, Switzerland) will supply information concerning the competition, accommodations, rules, etc., on request.

THE Friday Morning Music Club will hold its annual luncheon for active and associate members, 12:30, Barker Hall, YWCA. Following the luncheon a program will be given by artists from the Baltimore Music Club.

Oscar Levant, pianist, composer, wit and raconteur, will be presented in Constitution Hall, Friday, September 22, by Mrs. Dorothy Hodgkin Dorsey. Levant will play numbers by Bach, Beethoven, Brahms, Chopin, Debussy, Gershwin, Leduc, De Falla and Shostakovich, but the identity of the music will not be known until he takes his place at the piano, reaches for the microphone and announces his selections with his own "notes" on the program.

With the help of his brother-in-law in one place and a girl friend in another, he breezes through general musical forms and definitions with one enthusiasm or another and may wish his list of recordings was not confined exclusively to RCA-Victor releases, but they'll still like it. . . and, of course, it's a grand list.

## The Record Player Faulty Cutting Mars 2 Piano Recordings

Beethoven: Sonata in C Sharp Minor (Moonlight). Vladimir Horowitz, pianist. Victor 1115. \$3.05. It would be hard to ask a more poetic interpretation of this sonata, or one which more completely realizes both introspective and virtuosic aspects of the early sonata. With what restraint the first movement is outlined, and how brightly its sunny middle section shines!

The last movement is intensely dramatic, with a power and brilliance few can give the stormy passages. Horowitz shows constantly maturing style in this, as in everything he touches.

The piano is well recorded save for a few rather metallic flashes at the loudest points. The surfaces are moderately quiet but by no means what they should be, particularly for piano recording, where surface noise shows up so clearly. Beethoven: Sonata in C Minor (Pathétique). Arthur Schnabel, pianist. Victor 1102. \$3.05. It is difficult to be enthusiastic about this performance. Though it possesses more subjective approach than is often the case with Schnabel, it somehow lacks depth in the first movement after the slow introduction is completed. Such matters as the rapid turns and similar details seem slighted, especially in the light of the flawless work of Horowitz mentioned above. The slow movement is beautifully played, though with a monotony of tonal color, and the tempo seems to change with a touch of arbitrariness.

Nonetheless Schnabel is the favorite of many and they may well be happy with this album. My own preference is for that of Sarkin issued several months ago.

The piano is recorded in the brilliantly resonant style Victor now achieves with its piano recordings, but the surfaces and the cutting of the grooves reach new lows. Bad noise and retracking of the playing makes it difficult to hear the music at all.

Gould: Robin Hood Dell Orchestra, under Morton Gould. Columbia 668. \$5.05. Here is an interesting set. The Robin Hood Dell

Orchestra, composed largely of Philadelphia Orchestra men, plays under the composer's leadership. The album includes the American Salute, a Cowboy Rhapsody, the New China March and a Red Cavalry March, with arrangements of several familiar Negro spirituals.

No one could reasonably contend that Morton Gould was an American composer of merit as a writer of serious so-called "classical" music. He is not of the genre of Samuel Barber, David Diamond, Aaron Copland, Walter Piston, or any one of a number of others we could mention.

He stands with the Hollywood radio traditionalists in slickness of turning out good tunes, skillfully orchestrated, but often laden down with overblown harmony and instrumentation. There is little originality in his work, but a lot of familiar tricks.

Here are too many of his own things, too much the same in sound and style, but sumptuously played on fine surfaces. If you like it, don't miss it.

Barber: Capricorn Concerto, Orchestra under Daniel Seldeneberg. Concert Hall Society. Subscription only. It has been some time since I blew off about Concert Hall. But here they are again with one of the most interesting and valuable contributions to recorded literature.

In a perfect performance under the direction of one of our best musicians, a small orchestra, as indicated by the composer, plays a late work of Barber, and one in which he assumes new stature as a top-flight musician. The economy of means is in no sense limiting, but simply makes more clear the excellent structure, the keen feeling for form and content which Barber is steadily acquiring.

This concerto is one of the finest achievements of our time and culture and it is to Concert Hall's glory that they have done so brilliantly by it. Their recording is beyond description, so excellent are its virtues.

## Lemming Instinct Bandleader's Podium Neat Dunce Stool

By John Crosby  
FOR some time now it has been apparent that it's a lot easier and infinitely less expensive to excite the exhibitionism and latent frustrations of radio listeners than to purchase talent for a radio program. If you can stimulate the listener's avarice, that's even better.

The program which to my mind combines all these unpleasant virtues most skillfully is Sammy Kaye's "So You Want To Lead A Band" (ABC 9:30 p. m. Mondays). On this program a man has a chance to make a fool of himself with the greatest possible assistance from a very noisy audience. He can wave a stick and listen to a band respond.

The desire to lead a band is apparently one of those basic instincts which, like the mass suicide of the lemmings, are powerful but unexplainable.

The format of the program is simplicity itself. After extracting the vital statistics from his frustrated amateur, Mr. Kaye leads him to the podium and, I guess, hands him a baton. The amateur waves his arms and the band makes noises of varying degrees of frightfulness. The audience shrieks, whistles and howls with laughter.

Some of the amateurs have apparently developed their sense of rhythm by listening to leaking water faucets. In which case the band sounds like a broken record. Others start out with a fine flourish and don't know how to stop the darn thing. The music finally gasps itself out like the air from a punctured balloon.

My knowledge of bands is rudimentary, but I'm fairly certain that the stick-waving is one of the least important aspects of popular music making. At any rate I'm convinced the band can make a man sound good, bad or plain awful at will.

Mr. Kaye's jam session ends with everyone, audience included, singing "The Easter Parade" or some such thing. Don't say you weren't warned.

One Man's Meat  
ACCORDING to the rigid rules of the theater, Fannie Brice was a great artist when she was the leading clown of the New York stage; when she took to radio her name was anathema. The taste system in the entertainment world is immutable.

While radio has limited Miss Brice's magnificent versatility and blacked out her preposterous grimaces, it hasn't discernibly affected her in any other way. Her timing is as perfect as that of any comedian in radio and her comic inflections are matchless.

"You don't take me for a fool, do you?" shouts her tormented father, Lancelot Higgins, on the Baby Snooks show (WTOP-CBS, 8 p. m., Friday). "Well . . . do you?"

"Don't!" says this terrible child, Miss Brice, in those two words, is amused, affectionate, and contemptuous all at once.

Your reaction to the Baby Snooks show should be predetermined by your reaction to terrible toots in general. I was brought up on "A Story of a Bad Boy" and "Peck's Bad Boy" and Snooks is their female counterpart; at least that's the way I think of her. She is the eternal nuisance, indulging in mischief for its own sake.

The Baby Snooks show has more plot than most. It's old-style comedy writing, starting with a single situation which winds its way inexorably to total disaster just like a Greek tragedy. The tragedy almost always strikes her father, who has easily the most harassed voice in radio and is one of the most fully realized-comedy characters. When he shouts, "You little monster!" the suffering in his voice is more intense than anything outside soap opera.

Baby Snooks, I'm afraid, is not a universal taste. Some of my friends suffer almost as terribly as father when she's on the air.

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## Bill Gottlieb's Swing Sessions Anthony and McKinley Are Rays of Sunshine



RAY ANTHONY  
... like Cary Grant

NEW YORK, April 19.—These days, as far as ork leaders and booking offices in New York are concerned, Washington, D. C., is a lot of granite buildings surrounding a place called the Club Kavakos. The Kavakos boys, owners of the Northeast spot, have dared risk an honest buck on big name bands of the hipper type . . . and have made it pay off. So everyone up here just loves them.

They began their new policy last month with Boyd Raeburn's experimental music. Despite a \$3800 pay check for Boyd's five days, the club clamored for more of same. I'm told that this week Kavakos will have two alternating major attractions: Ray "Don't I Look Like Cary Grant" Anthony and Ray "Will It Be Boogie or Modernism" McKinley.

The Anthony Ray is a straight-forward guy with straight-forward swing music. He does dance beats and his own James-like trumpet. In press photos, Ray also has the distinction of managing to look like Cary Grant. He does in person, too, if the dance floor is illuminated by small candles. Best of Ray's fine Sonora sides are "I'll Close My Eyes" and "Isn't This Better Than Walkin' in the Rain?"

The McKinley Ray is possessor of what is potentially a truly great orchestra. Arranger Eddie Sauter, considered by many critics to be our finest modern orchestrator, is key to Mac's spectacular music. Sauter is also crux of Mac's head-scratching manner, hasn't the drummer man is said to have learned that the better the music, the less the loot!

When McKinley made Sauter's remarkable "Boderline," "Hangover Square" and "Tumblebug," he netted more rave reviews than gold.

Some say the music hasn't sold because underneath it all, Mac, an easy-going Texan with an uncomplicated manner, hasn't the long-haired temperament to go with Sauter's futurist, highly complex brain-children. Only on light material, notably the current "Red Silk Stockings and Green Perfume," has Mac managed to garner royalty checks big enough to bother cashing.

Columbia recently released an album of old Bill Bradley-Ray McKinley boogie woogie sides. Nearly 150,000 copies have already been sold! Considering that (1) boogie is almost dead (2) discs are reissues by an extinct orchestra and (3) boogie is one of the simplest of musical forms, the McKinley forces are really in a quandary trying to decide whether or not to continue on their noble experimental kick or return to the simple and sure things of life.

Record Briefs  
WASHINGTON'S Joe Dosh, a G-Man before he began chasing musical notes, has had his first sides published by Continental. The former Hit Parade singer has beautiful tone and an intimate manner, as can be ascertained on "Mighty Lak a Rose" and "Go Sleepy Sleep." He also has a vibrato that shakes like a willow in the wind, which is nice . . . for a willow.

The tiny but militant group that thinks New Orleans jazz is the only jazz will pant with desire until he gets his very own copy of Columbia's album by one of the movement's high priests: Kid Ory. Those who happen to like the best in all schools of popular music will also welcome the richly flavored music. It's played by a standard seven-piece New Orleans unit that boasts musicians like Mutt Carey and Barney Bigard plus tunes like "Eh, La Bas" and "Bucket Got a Hole in It."

Film-Food Won't  
Fill 12-Year Old  
Hollywood, April 19 (AP).—Twelve-year-old Mark Dennis, playing a supporting role in "The Hunter Is a Fugitive," spent an afternoon before the camera eating lamb chops, mashed potatoes and boiled carrots. Six o'clock arrived and the growing boy rushed for his hat. "I gotta hurry home," he explained, "Mom's got a big dinner waiting for me."

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THE WASHINGTON POST  
Sunday, April 20, 1947  
78

## Scenery Subdued Amber Story Not All That's Toned Down

Hollywood, April 19 (NYHT).—Hollywood producers have never been ones to neglect lily-painting. Out of this practice have come hovels resembling the Taj Mahal, and shopgirls whose wardrobes might have been created by Schiaparelli, Dache and Captain Motynow rolled into one. At the present time, Twentieth Century-Fox finds itself in the position of being forced to unpaint the period of England's Charles II for its Technicolor production, "Forever Amber," starring Linda Darnell and Cornel Wilde.

When researchers came up with the facts about this lavish and most luscious period in English history, Producer William Perlberg and Director Otto Preminger decided to reverse the usual procedure.

For example, courtesans of the period painted their faces like circus clowns, which in Technicolor would have audiences howling with laughter. Gowns were so opulent that if filmed in all their glory, would have the picture resembling a newsreel of a New Orleans Mardi Gras.

It was also felt that audiences would consider the lavishness of the dinners and balls of Charles II's court Hollywood's conception of a Roman holiday. Movie-goers will therefore find "Forever Amber," by comparison with history, subdued to the point where Linda Darnell's costumes for the picture cost a mere \$90,000.

Almost shabby, according to Charles Stuart's standards.

## LAST CONCERT WINTER SEASON BEETHOVEN'S "MISSA SOLEMNIS"

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## A Clip-sheet of Child Programs

(This schedule may be saved for future use. Another will be published when this is obsolete.)

## SUNDAYS

"Children's Hour." Narration by Carl Green, music, games and stories on records. Very good for the very young. WQQW—9 a. m.

"Coast to Coast on a Bus." Hour of dialogue and amateur performances by children. More a matter of taste than age. WMAL—9 a. m.

"Story to Order." Original stories narrated about three unrelated subjects. For small children. WRC—9:15 a. m.

"Golden Gods." Bible stories adapted for children by Muriel Dodek. Age appeal, 6 and up. WGAY—10:30 a. m.

"Juvenile Jury." Moppets present mock problems to jury of same. As much nonsense as sense. Age appeal, 6 and up. WOL—1:30 p. m.

"Diplomatic Debs." Diplomats' daughters interviewed about customs of their country. Not for the very young. WBC—2:30 p. m.

"House of Mystery." Supernatural throughout until the end when everything is explained away. Highly recommended by some authorities but much deplored by others. Understandable to children under 10. WOL—4 p. m.

"Quiz Kids." The right answers to incredible questions by a panel of junior experts. The experts start at kindergarten age. Listening audience probably starts a trifle older. WRC—4 p. m.

"Gene Autry Show." Sagebrush flavor. Wide age appeal. WTOP—7 p. m.

"The Greatest Story Ever Told." Biblical dramas. If you let your youngsters read the Bible, you can let them hear this, although it's intended for adults. WMAL—7:30 p. m.

"Exploring the Unknown." Dramatizations of scientific progress. Frequently recommended for teen-agers and sometimes required as homework. WOL—9 p. m.

## WEEKDAYS

Two-minute story for "good children who have finished their breakfast." WBC—8:30 a. m.

Tiny Tot Tunes and Tales. Stories and music for elementary school age and under. Most Arlington and some Washington schools use it. WARI—11 a. m.

"School Days." Presentations by different schools in Bethesda-Chevy Chase area. Begins with nursery school and goes through high school. Matching listener appeal. WBC—11:15 a. m.

"Questions on the News." Answers to questions submitted by students. Used in Bethesda schools to supplement current events course. Not for the very young. WBC—2:05 p. m.

"Adventure Parade." Adaptations from famous adventure stories such as "Call of the Wild." Dramatic readings. Age appeal about 8 and up. WOL—4:45 p. m.

Children's Story. Recorded fairy tales and fantasies, including musical narratives. Age appeal 6 to 10. WBC—4:45 p. m.



Nila Mack produces "Let's Pretend" over WTOP-CBS. These dramatized fairy tales have an estimated audience of three million mothers and children, and have won more awards than any other family program.

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"School of the Air." Educational series including study of foreign lands, music, science, adventure tales and public issues. Sometimes appeals to 7-year-olds. (Goes off the air for season Friday, April 25.) WTOP—5 p. m.

"Terry and the Pirates." "Sky King." "Jack Armstrong" and "Tennessee Jed." WMAL—5 to 6 p. m.

"Hop Harrigan," "Superman," "Captain Midnight," and "Tom Mix." WOL—5 to 6 p. m.

Fifteen-minute adventure programs intended for children from 8 up. Authorities differ widely on their value for children. Justice always triumphs noisily. Not much literary style.

Child Classics. Well-known children's books broken up into installments. Daily resume for children who miss a day. Read by Evelyn Freyman. Six days. Age appeal 6 to 12. WEAM—5:15 p. m.

Children's Story. Recorded fairy tales and fantasies. Age appeal 6 to 10. WASH-FM—5:15 p. m.

## ONCE A WEEK

Montgomery County Schools. Students presentations of plays and music. All ages. Tuesday, WGAY—11 a. m.

"News for Schools." School news, student talent, shut-in graduations, etc. Not for the very young. Wednesday, WMAL—2:15 p. m.

Prince Georges County Schools. WHERE TO FIND THEM ON THE RAIL  
WQQW—970 ka. WMAL—630 ka.  
WOL—1340 ka. WTOP—1450 ka.  
WBC—1115 ka. WRC—1115 ka.  
WASH-FM—96.9 ka.

Student presentations of plays and music. All ages. Thursday, WGAY—11 a. m.

"Up and Down the Scales." Composers lives. One of a group of educational transcribed programs sponsored by the Junior League. Not for the very young. Friday, WMAL—1:30 p. m.

"Our Woods, Waters and Wildlife." Hunting and fishing information for Isaac Walton's of any age. Not for the very young. Friday, WARI—5:45 p. m.

## SATURDAYS

"Tales and Tunes." Narrations of popular stories recorded by motion picture stars. Under 10. WDC—9:15 a. m.

"Youth Takes a Stand." Public affairs forum of high school youngsters but appeals to junior high level as well. WTOP—9:15 a. m.

"National Children's Frolic." Singing, reciting. Ages 6 and up. WMAL—9:15 a. m.

Children's Stories. Recorded fairytales and fantasies, usually narrated by an actor. Age appeal 6 and up. WQQW—9:30 a. m.

"Frank Merriwell." Adaptations of time-honored children's stories. Not for very young. WRC—10 a. m.

"Quindown." Fourth, fifth and sixth grade students in parochial schools participate in quiz on history and other subjects. Appeal is to 8 years and up. WTOP—10 a. m.

"Junior Sports Quiz." Not for the very young. WOL—1:30 a. m.

School News and Quiz Bee. Open to the public. Age appeal about 6 to 12. WDC—19:30 a. m.

"Teen Age Club." Student forum on youngsters' problems such as manners, under direction of Alexandria Department of Recreation. Over 10. WPIK—10:30 a. m.

"Adventures of Archie Andrews." May amuse but will not edify youngsters 8 and up. WRC—10:30 a. m.

Symphony for Juniors. Music selected for appeal to children with explanations of form, instruments, etc. Not for the very young. WIXN—11 a. m.

"Let's Pretend." Dramatized fairy tales and fantasies. Very widely recommended. Appeal is to ages through 12. WTOP—11:05 a. m.

"Young Scribbles on the Air." Junior high school youngsters who are members of a writing club prepare and present program of stories, poetry and skits. WBC—11:15 a. m.

"Adventurer's Club." Personal histories of famous explorers, scientists and travelers. About 9 and up. WTOP—11:30 a. m.

"Smilin' Ed McConnell." Songs and stories for youngsters up to 12. WRC—11:30 a. m.

"Youth Asks the Government." Local teen-agers ask questions of Government officials. Not for the very young. WMAL—1 p. m.

"The Baxters." P-T-A program intended for parents and teen-agers. WRC—2:30 p. m.

## It's Parents, Not Kids, That Worry Radio

Continued from Page 5

twentieth century legends like "Ferdinand the Bull" and anything else that takes the fancy of Nila Mack, who originated and produces the show. The New York Women's Press Club calls it "distinguished radio, a happy and wholesome source of entertainment."

One of the local shows is Anthony DePoppo's "Young Scribbles" program Saturdays on WBC. DePoppo is a teacher who uses his spare time to help children write, put out a mimeographed magazine and prepare a radio program. The production doesn't measure up to the writing, but with the program only three broadcasts old yesterday, more can be expected of it. This is the only program available locally which is written by children.

The other local sugar plum for tiny tots has won a staggering audience. Carl Green narrates children's stories every Sunday morning at 9 over WQQW to an audience which swells in delight and writes him unrestrained love letters. He receives numberless birthday party invitations (which he cannot accept but does acknowledge with a telephone call during the party).

## Built-In Definitions

GREEN, a 37-year-old bachelor who worked as a Government economist for 10 years and claims to know nothing about child psychology, seems to have the gift of entertaining children. He won't talk down to them and says they enjoy occasional unfamiliar words and are quick to understand them when explained. In his story of "Sinbad, the One-Horned Cat," he has a sentence, "Sinbad was perplexed, which means confused, which means mixed up."

His opening lines each Sunday are also manufactured to appeal to tiny tots. "This isn't Carl Green and it isn't Carl Green, and it isn't Carl Black, etc." His phrasing and emphasis are suspenseful.

His voice is thin and high—his diction is sometimes appalling—but he sweeps it up and down with such a flourish that even the smallest child can sense the meaning when he cannot understand the words.

Green takes his work very seriously, spending all week preparing this one half-hour show which is partly devoted to recorded folk songs and stories. He wants it to be "never less than good." He answers mail from children who want to tell him the story of Cinderella so he can tell it on the air, or who would like to send him a hug, or who he send him six-page valentines.

Saturday nights he visits one of his friends with small offspring to try out his story. Sundays he checks results with 1 psychiatrist, 2 child psychologists, 10 parents and 5 children.

## Critics Don't Construct

EVEN with straight narrative programs the stations get cold feet in the face of all the commotion that's raised about kiddies' fare. WOL is planning a program for daily airing at 4:30, but its content will be approved by a council of P-T-A, church and library groups. WIXN-FM will carry children's programs but they'll be slipped on one at a time as worthwhile ones are ferreted out.

Radio stations often ask for help on children's programs but seldom get it. The chairman of one of the most outspoken groups opposing crime programs for children, who queried on what she thought a good program would be. Her reply was, "I am not a script writer, my dear."

For anybody who is, or even has a germ of an idea, the Child Study Association is accepting ideas in a \$1000 contest for a new children's program, before June 1. Blanks are obtainable from the Awards Committee, Child Study Association, 221 W. 57th st., New York 19, N. Y.

Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt and Helen Hayes are among the judges for this Robert Maxwell Award which is named for "Superman's" producer.

## Today's Highlights

## Greco-Turkish Debate Fills Welkin

THE proposed aid to Greece and Turkey evidently is still source for a dilly of an argument. "The Truman Doctrine—Right or Wrong," will be discussed by Senators Edwin C. Johnson and John S. Cooper at 12:30 p. m. over WRC. An hour later over the same station Senator Leverett Saltonstall and Prof. Walter Johnson of University of Chicago will debate, "Should Truman's Greek and Turkish Policy Be Adopted?"

Greek and American government officials will tackle the "Aid to Greece" problem on the Georgetown University Forum at 3 p. m. over WARI (780 kc.).

Other discussions: "Whose Baby Are You?"—A sketch on how children are brought up by books. WRC—8 a. m.

"The City Beautiful"—Joseph McGarragh, Board of Trade; William H. Cary, Jr., Public Health, and Bobby McQuinn of the Boys Club. WTOP—9:30 a. m.

Labor's Responsibility to the Public—Philip Pearl, AFL; Len De Caux, CIO; Victor Riesel, labor editor of New York Post, and Howard Rushmore, labor editor of New York Journal American. WTOP—1 p. m.

The Rev. Sherman Burgoyne, who opposed removal of Japanese names from the Hood River, Oreg., honor roll during the war, is interviewed about the Jefferson Award which he recently received. WQQW—1:45 p. m.

Mlle. Marie Lacoste, daughter of the French Minister, is interviewed. WBC (1120 kc.)—2:30 p. m.

"I Was Arrested as a Nazi Spy"—Don Bell recounts the difficulties of getting into the United States without a passport. WGAY (1050 kc.)—2:30 p. m.

What Does Government Offer as Careers for Women?—Forum discussion. WBC (1120 kc.)—3 p. m.

Rheumatic Fever. Dr. James Gannon. WOL—3:20 p. m.

"I Learn to Fly"—Premiere of new program. (Postponed from last week.) WGAY (1050 kc.)—4:30 p. m.

Senator Joseph McCarthy discusses universal military training. WPIK (730 kc.)—4:30 p. m.

Sacred songs sung by 75-voice Negro choir from Union University campus in Richmond. WARI (780 kc.)—8:30 a. m.

Yehudi and Hephzibah Menuhin in Beethoven's "Kreutzer Sonata." Jascha Heifetz and Emmanuel Bay in Brahms' A major Sonata. WQQW—10 a. m.

Early Opera Selections from Monteverdi, Lully and Rousseau. WQQW—1 p. m.

John Nesbitt and Evelyn Corvello join James Melton. WRC—2:30 p. m.

Bach's Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Brahms' Symphony No. 1

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James Tamburini is featured soloist in Haydn



# Prizes From South of the Border

## Latin Nations Display Work Of Top Artists

By Jane Watson Crane

DRAWING on material available in Washington and New York, the Cuban art critic, Jose Gomez Sire, has assembled a small loan exhibition of contemporary Latin-American art at the Pan American Union. Planned in celebration of Pan American Day, the show will remain through May 6.

The group is tantalizing in that it gives merely a hint of what is going on below the border. Representation is by country, one work each, 16 in all. Artists chosen are leaders in their field at home, but by no means of equal stature internationally.

Prize of the collection is "Garnival," a study in warm color by the Mexican Rufino Tamayo, as well known now in New York as he is in Mexico. One of Pedro Figar's immortal paintings of the River Plate region is the distinguished inclusion for Uruguay.

Candido Fortinari, as might be expected, represents Brazil. His characteristically buoyant "Coming Home From the Fair" is lent by Beatrice Rudes of Washington. It was done while the artist was here, under a spotlight of success as bright as Brazilian sunshine.

For his own country, Gomez Sire picked a recent landscape by Mario Carreno, exotic in shape and color. Sent from the Museum of Modern Art in New York are "The Golden City," a solidly constructed oil by Luis Alberto Acuna of Colombia; "The Painter's Birthday," a painting in the style of the French impressionists by Israel Roa of Chile, and a lush green landscape of the Tigris by Horacio, representing this Argentine painter at his best.

Most unusual painting is by Philome Obin, one of the remarkable group of Italian artists, whose work has only recently become known outside their country. Obin's subject bears on local history, depicting Toussaint L'Ouverture receiving a letter from the first Consul. Virtually entirely self-taught, Obin paints in a manner all his own.

Local atmosphere is contributed in small water colors from Costa Rica and El Salvador, lent by Elsie Brown of the Pan American Union. From the collection of Concha James is an early water color of "Indian Women" by Carlos Merida of Guatemala, esthetic and scholar who has done so much to promote indigenous art in America.

Also shown are a pencil drawing by Hector Poleo of Venezuela and a monotype figure study by Jaime

## Gath Painting Wins Award At Richmond

OPENING this weekend is an exhibition of recent paintings by Alice Gath at the United Nations Club. The exhibition is shown through the collaboration of the Whyte Gallery.

IN THE EXHIBITION of the Southern States Art League at the Virginia Museum in Richmond two Washington artists won honors. Winner of the Woodward Award was Ethel Robertson Gath, whose painting, "Neighbors," with Omar Carrington's "Red Southern Moon," were recommended for purchase consideration by the museum.

THE FOURTH in the series of art for home exhibitions, arranged by artist Lee Aitkins, has opened at the Arts Club where it will be shown through May 3. Painters and sculptors of the Washington area are represented by works of their own choice in a non-jury show.

THE ARTISTS' COOPERATIVE invites artists to send in self-portraits for a jury show to be held at their gallery beginning May 10. Alonzo Aden of the Barnett Aden Gallery, and Pietro Lazzari, will judge works submitted, with Mrs. F. L. Goodwin, member of the cooperative. The exhibition will run until June 1. Inquiries should be addressed to the Artists Cooperative, 1820 M st. n.w.

THE WORKSHOP of Washington begins its spring session to-



This oil painting, "Neighbors," by Ethel Robertson Gath, Washington, D. C. artist, was winner of the Woodward Award in the 27th annual exhibition of the Southern States Art League at Richmond, Va., March 28 to April 23

## Bliss Collection Shown as Unit

### American Indian Art On View at National

OF SPECIAL interest to archeologists is the exhibition of the Robert Woods Bliss collection of "Indigenous Art of the Americas" which opened this week at the National Gallery of Art. It is the first time that the group, small in number but covering a wide range, has been shown as a unit.

The display should also be of general interest, for the objects were chosen for esthetic quality rather than as specimens for study, and the items are installed to show to best advantage their intrinsic character as works of art.

It is comparatively recent that there has been any general awareness of the extraordinary artistic heritage of the Indians of the Western Hemisphere. When the early Christians were laying the foundations for a new type of art in Europe, the Mayans were erecting temples in the Yucatan decorated with sculpture to equal the finest created anywhere, before or since.

The textiles and pottery of the Incas, the early gold work of the Indians, discovered in Colombia and Panama, are wonders of craftsmanship and design. The tracking down of these treasures is still a fresh and exciting enterprise. Collections, especially private ones, are relatively new.

The Bliss collection, begun over 30 years ago, contains sculpture, painting, metal work, ceramics and textiles. Among objects which should be of special appeal to the visitor are a Maya statuette in color, and a Toltec turquoise piece, wonderful in color and design, found near Teotihuacan in Mexico. There are several carved stone pieces, and among the smaller objects, an assortment of jewelry.

The rich variety of materials adds to the attraction of a display of a type rarely shown at all outside of a natural history museum.



MAYAN STATUETTE  
... in Bliss collection

THE BALTIMORE Museum of Art has issued invitations to the opening of an exhibition of early Christian and Byzantine art on Thursday, April 24, at 8:30. Dr. Thomas Whittemore will lecture.

PORTRAITS IN FRISCO and several mural studies by Boris Mestchersky will be shown this afternoon in an exhibition of paintings at the home of Mrs. A. S. Hewitt, 2437 California st. n.w. Allegorical subjects executed in classical style are included in this one-man show by a European-born artist now living in Washington.

## MOST "UNUSUAL" PAINTING IS BY PHILOME OBIN

... Toussaint L'Ouverture receiving a letter

Colson of the Dominican Republic. Neither the Bolivian Sotomayor nor the Peruvian Sabogal appear to advantage in this group. Of the few countries omitted, none has so far made any outstanding contribution in the visual arts.

THE one-man show by the Bolivian, Hugo Almaraz, at the National Museum is disappointing. Sculpture would seem to be the main point to be featured, but there are unfortunately only four small pieces. Several photographs show completed monuments commissioned by the Bolivian government. Even as meagerly represented, these have considerably more to offer than the painting, which is mainly of interest as folk-lore illustration. Almaraz, who is now director of the school of fine arts in La Paz, was formerly professor of sculpture.

FOLLOWING the experiment begun by the Washington Artists' Guild, the Landscape Club of Washington put on a show by members in the windows of the Longfellow Building. Because it coincided with the Corcoran Biennial opening, this display did not get the attention it deserved. About 30 works were shown, each accompanied by a sketch of the painter by a fellow member. Most of the paintings, clear in outline and color, stood up well against the strong light.

Founded in 1913, the club now has 40 members. Their specialty is painting out of doors, sometimes on extended trips in this region. They do not paint in the least like artists, though often familiar, cover a wide range. Among the more recent members, the work of two appears particularly worth watching—that of John C. Lewis and Paul L. Thompson. Eugene Weisz "Summer, Georgetown," Garnet Jex "Zerona," and Andrea Zerega "Near Rockville" are among those which looked well in a group which labored with zeal and enjoyment to put on a show offered to all who passed this strategic spot on Connecticut ave.

## Why Collect Die-Proofs at All?

By William M. Stuart

A BILL has been introduced in the House to "authorize the sale at the Philatelic Agency of full-sized proofs and plate proofs in approved design and color on white paper different from regulation paper, of postage stamps, stamped envelopes and postal cards issued during the calendar year of issue under such regulations as the Postmaster General may prescribe."

It is doubtful whether Congress will ever pass such a bill, for unusually strong opposition has developed among stamp collectors as to possession of die proofs, which after all are only proofs, not stamps. While many collectors realize there is no law against using proofs as gifts, of which they do approve, they feel also these proofs should not be sold, inasmuch as they are not used as postage. And while arguments are being made for and against the sale or possession of die proofs, the logical question arises as to why they should be collected at all.

### Agency Overloaded

THE orders coming in at the Philatelic Agency have fairly swamped the clerks. There is a shortage of clerical help and there have been several new stamps recently. New stamps will be issued within the next few months and this will further slow up the filling of orders. Last Monday a new agency list was issued with the regular issue of 1938, or presidential, series omitted, 32 stamps in all. Neither will the five special delivery stamps, the three special handling stamps be sold. So the only stamps for sale are the air mail stamps, 11 issues, and the commemoratives. Two of this series, the 2-cent United Nations, issued in 1943, and the 5-cent Conference, issued in 1945, were removed from the list April 11.

The Postoffice Department will issue a 3-cent commemorative stamp honoring the doctors of America June 9, the 100th anniversary of the founding of the American Medical Association. There were 342,634 covers canceled first day, March 26, of the 5-cent red air mail stamp. The Washington Postoffice sold 429-

900 stamps and the Philatelic Agency 553,037, a total of 982,937. The dead letter sale of 230 lots of stamps, covers and coins will be held at Room 3083, City Postoffice, at 7 p. m. Wednesday. The material will be on exhibition from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. Tuesday and from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. the day of the sale.

### A Valuable Volume

THE American Air Mail Catalogue, 1947 edition, volume 1, has appeared, with the second volume due in a few weeks. This is a most valuable book. It contains listings, descriptions and valuations of all United States air mail stamps, stamped envelopes and air mail slogan cancellations; covers of pioneer, governmental and contract air mail flights of the United States, and also first flight covers of airmail serving United States territories and insular possessions. There are more than 1200 illustrations and several maps. There are special sections devoted to air mail services, flights and first flight covers of Alaska, American Samoa, the Canal Zone, Guam, Hawaii, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands; air labels, crash flight covers, airport dedications, first flights of the Philippines and air letter sheets. L. B. Gatchell is editor in chief, assisted by George W. Angers, Ernest A. Kehr, George D. Kingdon and Harry M. Konwiser. The Canal Zone Philatelic Agency announces that Canal Zone postage stamps overprinted, "Official Panama Canal," used by various Panama Canal organizations on mail matter requiring postage, are available, canceled, to stamp collectors, as follows:

Ordinary stamps, 1-cent, green; 3-cent, purple; 5-cent, blue; 10-cent, orange; 15-cent, gray; 20-cent, olive brown; and 50-cent, lilac brown; air-mail stamps, 5-cent, yellow green; 10-cent, orange red; 15-cent, light blue; 20-cent, deep violet; 30-cent, lake; 40-cent, yellow, and \$1, black.

The 5-cent steam-shovel stamp, including those overprinted for official use, has been withdrawn from sale as of December 31, 1946, and the permanent 5-cent Stevens stamp, issued April 25, 1946, overprinted in its place. Collectors may obtain any of these stamps, canceled with a rotary canceler

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| 181 | 182 | 183 | 184 | 185 | 186 | 187 | 188 | 189 | 190 | 191 | 192 | 193 | 194 | 195 | 196 | 197 | 198 | 199 | 200 |

Across

1. Outfit  
2. Stop: nautical  
3. Genus of oceanic  
4. Funicular  
5. Dispute  
6. Mariner  
7. Act of drawing together  
8. Large genus of liliaceous plants  
9. Field firmly  
10. Music  
11. Marbled chest  
12. Noise  
13. Incite  
14. Movie actress  
15. Borders on  
16. Relating to a dean  
17. Course grass  
18. Common legume  
19. Entertain  
20. Long-legged wading bird  
21. Enticed into  
22. Evil  
23. Coat with metal  
24. East Indian timber tree  
25. Confined to a place  
26. Red ochre  
27. Em. dialect  
28. Valencia  
29. French  
30. Arab mustard  
31. Hoppen  
32. Sack  
33. Jewish or  
34. Abic  
35. Japanese family  
36. Sica  
37. River in France  
38. Carcass  
39. Picnic quilting  
40. Small rous  
41.

Down

1. Organic compounds  
2. Horse: colloq.  
3. Placed in rows  
4. Flightless bird  
5. Abel's younger brother  
6. Searched pryling  
7. West Indian timber tree  
8. Sallot  
9. Ship: poetic  
10. Insect  
11. Smash: Scot.  
12. Turn right  
13. Firm  
14. Bondman  
15. Walt Disney's deer  
16. Russian craft  
17. Society  
18. Put a thread in  
19. Wrinkle  
20. Resolute  
21. East Indian  
22. gold coin  
23. In eager desire  
24. Not transferable  
25. Less irregular  
26. Discour  
27. Genus of water arums  
28. Convey to a distance: law  
29. Loathe  
30. Taken of gratitude  
31. Large scale  
32. Former Siamese coins  
33. Fifty-two  
34. Ship: poetic  
35. Wrath  
36. Headstream of the Amazon  
37. Medieval hunting dog  
38. E. Indian herb  
39. Ship: poetic  
40. Mistrust  
41. Inflamed  
42. Topical heading  
43. Sorely  
44. Book: Gypsy  
45. Selected  
46. East Indian split pulse  
47. Avoird  
48. Sour fruit  
49. Principal  
50. Weight of 200 milligrams  
51. Confraternity  
52. Marks of elision  
53. Conflicts of points  
54. Propounds  
55. Yellow ochre  
56. Mountain nymph  
57. Arrangement  
58. Involved  
59. Son of Priam of Troy  
60. Form of logical statement  
61. Dodge  
62. Go away  
63. Pertaining to Hindu books  
64. Ancient district in S. W. Asia  
65. Flut beaked  
66. Minor  
67. Preserves, as meat  
68. Roman household gods  
69. Hiddle: law  
70. Sharp  
71. Body of a helmet  
72. Godard's husband  
73. Palmry palm  
74. Hops: tribe in the Cameroons  
75. Green ghost  
76.

Art Calendar

NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART, Constitution ave., at 6th st. Prints by Goya and Manet. Indigenous Art of the Americas. 10 to 5; Sundays, 2 to 5.

UNITED STATES NATIONAL MUSEUM, Constitution ave., at 19th st. National collection of one art. Paintings and sculpture by Hugo Almaraz. 9 to 4:30. Open daily, 9 to 4:30.

PHILIPPS MEMORIAL GALLERY, 1000 21st st. n.w. Drawings and prints by Diego. Open weekdays, 11 to 5; Sunday, 11 to 3; Saturdays and holidays, 10 to 5.

PUBLIC LIBRARY, 8th and K sts. n.w. Works by Philip Thompson. Open Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 9 to 5.

ARTS CLUB, 2017 17th st. n.w. Art for the Home.

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AMERICAN UNIVERSITY ART GALLERY, Washington, D. C. Prints by Goya and Manet. Indigenous Art of the Americas. 10 to 5; Sundays, 2 to 5.

BARNETT ADEN GALLERY, 127 Madison ave. n.w. Prints by Goya and Manet. Indigenous Art of the Americas. 10 to 5; Sundays, 2 to 5.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY ART GALLERY, 1700 22nd st. n.w. Prints by Goya and Manet. Indigenous Art of the Americas. 10 to 5; Sundays, 2 to 5.

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**Blossom Time in Old Dominion**  
**Virginia Garden Tours To Start on April 28**  
Blossom time in the Old Dominion will be at the height of its loveliness when Virginia's official Garden Week Pageant opens on April 28 for a six-week run. During this period, the fine old gardens of the James River country will be open to the public and will be included in the seven-day escorted weekly tour of the American Express from New York and Baltimore.  
To complete the spring floral aspect, closely associated with many Old Dominion shrines, the tour's itinerary includes a journey from Richmond to the Natural Bridge, where the wild floral bloom and cultivated old-carve on the southwest wall of the still-visible initials "GW." The bridge is of solid stone, 90 feet across and 215 feet high. Nature has painted her masterpiece with dull red and ochre intertwined with soft shades of yellow and cream with delicate tracings of bluish gray.  
Preceded by a steamer ride down Chesapeake Bay, the tour party will sightsee Virginia Beach, where the group will be joined by a hostess-lecturer. The route crosses Hampton Roads to Newport News and through the garden country along the James River. Richmond, the famous Caverns of Luray, with the Virginia Military Academy, will be visited prior to the journey to Charlottesville, Monticello and Ashlawn, from where colonial Williamsburg will become a special tour feature. These tours will be operated through May 17.

**NATURAL BRIDGE**  
... walk under it or drive over it  
time gardens will be viewed in daylight and by night illumination.  
Vibrant with history of the Old Dominion from the days of George III to the Revolution, the Natural Bridge, higher than Niagara, will become a day and night spectacle on the trip. The miracle in stone, one of the world's scenic wonders, is in the heart of Virginia's historic shrines. The bridge, termed by the Indians "The Bridge of God," will be visited from Lexington over the route which Jefferson traveled on horseback to inspect the natural phenomenon before purchasing it from King George III. Over the same route George Washington journeyed to

**Tourists to See Polish War Ruins**  
Warsaw, Poland, April 20 (AP).—Poland expects to be back in the tourist business this summer, with ruins one of her principal showpieces.  
The government-backed ORBIS travel agency is doing much to ease financial difficulties and afford facilities to tourists, for at the official rate of 100 zlotys to each United States dollar, one wouldn't get very far in this country. A single good meal at that rate costs \$12.  
The first series of tourists is expected to include 1000 persons from Sweden and other Scandinavian countries.

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## Seen Washington Monument? Don't Make a Bet on It!

So you think you've seen the Washington Monument? Chances are you haven't—not even if you live in Washington. Not the first Washington Monument, that is. It is on the old National Pike in western Maryland, in Boonsboro. This Boonsboro monument, completed July 4, 1827, is the first ever erected to the Father of His Country.

The monument is part of Fort Frederick, which was built in pre-Revolutionary days, and served as a fort in the French-Indian, Revolutionary and Civil wars. The monument itself is built of native stone. The whole area has been converted into a State park under the Maryland Department of Forestry.

A new building at the fort parking area houses food concessions and a museum. A nearby field is to be developed for recreation purposes.

The park has 280 acres, of which 10 are picnic area (with an artesian well) and 29 acres are camping area. Other features of the fort are fishing, boating and swimming. The historic spot has been in the process of restoration since 1934.

WASHINGTON MONUMENT  
Erected 1827, Boonsboro, Md.

### The Bridge Table

## Capital Pairs Virginia-Bound Next Weekend

By Marian H. Barre

ALEXANDRIA will be headquarters for the local bridge group next weekend, when the second annual Potomac Valley Bridge Championships will be held at the George Mason Hotel.

The schedule calls for women's pairs on Friday afternoon, April 25, mixed pairs that evening, a two-session open pair on Saturday, and a two-session team game the following day. There will also be a special open pair game on Saturday evening.

Afternoon events start at 2:15 and evening games at 8:15, except on Sunday, when the starting times will be moved up to 1 and 7 o'clock to accommodate out-of-town players.

Last year's winners include Mrs. Frederick Ebersohn-Mrs. H. G. Campbell, women's pairs; Mrs. H. C. White-Dr. W. H. Gorton, mixed pairs; Mrs. Margaret Hamilton-Arthur Schlessinger, open pairs; and Miller Roberts-A. I. Helm-J. D. Boyd-G. L. Dickerman, team-of-four.

On Russell J. Baldwin will direct the tournament, which is under the management of Mrs. William Cheeks.

### Chess Club Events

THE Capital City Chess Club, one of the most active bridge organizations in Washington, recently held two major events at its headquarters at the Hotel Gordon. The first was an individual game on April 7 for the 25 players who finished with the highest percentages in its six-month Thursday series ending in March. This game was

won by J. G. Stone, first; Mrs. Frederick Ebersohn, second; and W. A. Poissant, third.

The second event, the monthly master point game on April 12, was a victory for husband-and-wife partnerships. Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Boyd finished first north and south and Col. and Mrs. J. T. Willis first east and west. Second place awards went to M. E. Sheedy-A. G. Stone and Dr. W. H. Gorton-John Moore. The ninth annual North Carolina State Championships will be held at the Hotel Carolina in Raleigh, May 2-4. A. M. Sobel will direct.

**New Masters**  
INCLUDED in the recent list of new national masters published by the American Contract Bridge League are Mrs. John Coffee of St. New York City.

### Invitations to Resort State

## New Jersey Prints a Book Helpful to the Vacationist

TRENTON, N. J., April 20.—Vacation events for this year covering more than 300 recreation and entertainment attractions are listed in the 1947 New Jersey Date Book.

The "Garden State's" blossoming trees and bursting foliage create a panorama of natural beauty from the Kittatinny Mountains in the northwest to the tip of Cape May Peninsula in the south.

Even urban counties contain some fruit trees in bloom, and in the more rural areas every road has a generous showing of peach and apple blossoms. Thousands of visitors throng to Newark's Branch Brook Park to view the Oriental cherry blossoms.

Jersey's fishing season is under way, 120 miles of sandy coast being a haven for fishermen seeking flounder. Monthly prizes are awarded and at the end of the season two annual awards are made for outstanding salt water and fresh water catches.

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Thomas Del. Water Gap, 2002.

## Canada Tours to Begin Here

From Washington this summer (thence through the New Hampshire White Mountains and the Green Mountains of Vermont via Lake Champlain) to Canada through New England, highlighted by a cruise from the Canadian metropolis, the down the St. Lawrence. The tour, sponsored by the U. S. Travel Agency, will leave the Capital every Saturday, beginning June 28 through August 30.

The itinerary includes New York, Boston, Portland, a cog-rail trip to Mount Washington's summit, and Bear Mountain.

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Virginia Garden Week Tour—May 3rd. Visit Historic Homes and Gardens (including Monticello) in Charlottesville and Orange districts... \$7.50, including luncheon at Monticello Hotel in Charlottesville.

Skyline Drive Tour Sunday, May 11th.

Special Buses to Apple Blossom Festival at Winchester, May 1st and 2nd.

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## Cavern Rites To Welcome Apple 'Queen'

In Virginia's Endless Caverns, far beneath the earth, the pre-coronation ceremonies next Sunday for "Queen Shenandoah XX" will symbolize the approach of Miss Jean Cartwright Lane's reign over this year's Apple Blossom Festival. The colorful welcoming of the "Queen" following the custom set 20 years ago, will prepare the "monarch" for official opening of the two-day traditional festival May 1 at Winchester.

Miss Lane, lovely Yassar daughter of the Governor of Maryland and Mrs. William Preston Lane, will be welcomed at the subterranean "court" of the "Mountain King," enacted by Frank M. Wissler, Jr., "King" since 1935. Seated upon his stalagmite throne, the "King" will extend to the new "Queen" the liberty of his "realm" of glittering stalactites extending beneath miles of apple blossoms.

"Queen Shenandoah XX," with the Governor and First Lady and others of the "royal party" will motor from Annapolis to the New Market caverns on the afternoon of April 27, escorted by a detail of Virginia State Police.

A buffet supper and reception will follow the cavern ceremony at the home of Maj. and Mrs. E. M. Brown.

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EVEN THE WRITING gallops in James Reynolds' "A World of Horrors" (Creative Age Press), a volume which should have a special appeal to the "Warrenton set." Drawings by the author include the one above, "The five Bradley 'chasers' at winter quarters in the Laurentians."

## Magazine Review

GREENWICH VILLAGE is no longer the synonym for bohemia. As the village has grown increasingly respectable and the housing shortage more acute, a new bohemia has sprung up south of San Francisco where the climate is mild enough to permit year-around living in makeshift shacks and tents.

This group of postwar intellectuals is described in the April HARPER'S by a San Franciscan, Mildred Edie Brady, as "The New Cult of Sex and Anarchy." Members are prone to sport such outward marks of the bohemia as beards and sandals. They differ from their predecessors of the twenties mainly in that they are "proudly religious in a sentimentally mystical way."

Is this belief in sex as a religion and anarchy as the logical result of a perfect world merely postwar decadence? Mrs. Brady takes their literary and artistic endeavors seriously and says members receive recognition both here and abroad.

**WORLD REPORT** carries a graph showing the marked upward swing in the birth rate of the United States and countries of western Europe since before the war. Some of these are countries which Hitler did his best to exterminate. In contrast, INTERNATIONAL DIGEST has a story reprinted from Frankfort Neuse Presse about the huge abortion rate among Germany's hopeless women. Even those who want children are largely thwarted by malnutrition and anxiety, says Emily Kraus-Nover. She gives no exact figures and Germany is not included in the World Report story.

**OF LOCAL interest** LOOK'S story on the Baker twins, Elizabeth and Virginia, debutante daughters of Capt. and Mrs. Harold D. Baker. You can learn how to tell them apart... COLLIER'S awards for distinguished congressional service in 1946 go to former Senator Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin and Representative Jesse Paine Wolcott of Michigan.

**SKYWAYS** interviews General of the Army Henry H. Arnold, retired, at his ranch in Sonoma, Calif. General Arnold raises radishes, builds some of his own furniture and takes pride in his position of county game warden.

**BASEBALL forecasts.** Dan Daniel in BASEBALL puts Washington fifth in the American League. LOOK'S Tim Cohan makes us sixth.

**OPTIMISM** swept the country 10 years ago when the extraordinary cures wrought by sulfanilamide were first announced. Extravagant hopes were raised by succeeding announcements about other sulfa drugs, then penicillin and streptomycin. Reaction naturally set in when it became obvious that even these new drugs couldn't cure all the ills of mankind.

What have they really accomplished? With all the disillusionments involved, "the miracle drugs" are pretty miraculous after all, concludes J. D. Ratcliffe in the WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION. In civilian life alone they have saved an estimated million lives and their military record was even more astonishing. Their so-called failures, he thinks, resulted from misunderstanding and misuse by the public.

**LIFE** continues to render its outstanding service in popularization of scientific and medical problems with an article on cancer in connection with the current drive of the American Cancer Society.

**BASEBALL** magnates are suffering from a big headache called "Ro-Fel, Inc." To millions of fans Ro-Fel, Inc. is known as Cleveland's fabulous Bob Feller. His talents for making money are apparently as amazing as his better-known fast ball. Ro-Fel is due to gross \$150,000 this year and can keep more of it than plain Bob Feller could.

One of the corporation's most profitable enterprises, according to Burton Hawkins in the SATURDAY EVENING POST, is a post-season barnstorming tour organized by Feller. The baseball owners have to lie awake at night thinking about some two million dollars of their best talent junketing around in an airplane. Then, too, success of the trip has had some interesting repercussions on salaries and World Series profits.

**DERUSAL** of the registration lists created by last year's Federal regulation of Lobbying Act reveals some startling facts about this most impus of Washington pastimes. With Ross writes about it in Opening the Lobby Door, in the AMERICAN.

The Townsendites, for instance, at 27 promoters here. Last year,

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## Mercilessly Names Names

## Expose of Farben Web Is a Frightening Book

By John Roy Carlson  
Author of "Under Cover" and "The Plotters"

**TREASON'S PEACE**, by Howard Wilson Ambruster, Borchers Press. 438 pp., \$3.75.

THIS BOOK exposes the totalitarian dictatorship in the field of international economics and finances. It is a frightening work.

overpowering in its documentation and merciless in its naming of names.

Although some of Mr. Ambruster's subjects have appeared in print before, "Treason's Peace" condenses the entire picture of the Farben conspiracy and its ramifications in this country. Farben's "nonmilitary invasion" provoked World War I and II, the author tells us, and its power is by no means crushed. Eighty-seven per cent of its machinery is intact in Germany.

A cartel may be defined as an international conspiracy to restrain trade. The Farben network was more. Farben agents here helped finance espionage, both industrial and military. They served as paymasters to certain American isolationist movements. The list of American firms which collaborated with the Farben scheme reads like a Who's Who of American industry.

Many served the Nazi cause innocently. Others were deliberately founded for that purpose. Many of the officials of these fronts settled in the United States and married Americans expressly for the purpose of furthering the pan-German plan. Mr. Ambruster asserts that Farben agents today are found in our universities and key industries waiting for an opportune moment.

"Treason's Peace" is a courageous book. It boldly assaults the "creators of secret super-governments" whose powers were so vast that they controlled newspaper advertising and "interfered with law enforcement itself." Ambruster charges the Justice Department with laxity in prosecuting Farben's American interests.

The real war criminals were not tried at Nuremberg, according to Ambruster. The convicted Nazis were the dunes of a more sinister conspiracy.

"I. G. Farben, unlike the governments and the armies of Germany, never surrenders and never dies. Win, lose or draw, the pattern of Farben goes on..." Ambruster believes that a soft German peace is being prepared by the wily influence of Farben's world agents.

Howard Ambruster has been a chemical engineer and consultant to many firms. His study of the Farben conspiracy is the result of 46 years' investigation. He was thwarted many times from publishing his volume. It is filled with dates and names and documentation. It presents an altogether convincing picture of a world economic conspiracy.

I consider it most reading for every student of politics and economics, for every American who wants to know precisely how democratic capitalism may be converted into totalitarian economics.

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by GEORGE MORGENTHAU  
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**RESTRICTED**  
In this volume, to examine honestly their own feelings about the American Government, the authors, Laura S. Brown, and Robert S. Lynd, discuss the role of the individual in the American society. Published by Simon and Schuster. 250 p. \$2.50 at bookstores.

## The "Signature" Of Shakespeare Exhibited Here

The only Shakespeare signature in America goes on exhibition today at the Folger Library in connection with the annual celebration of Shakespeare's birthday, April 23. The library is open from 1 to 6 p. m. Sundays and from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. weekdays.

Until a few years the only undoubted specimens of Shakespeare's handwriting were six signatures and three pages of a manuscript play, all in England. The Folger signature was acquired by a remarkable accident.

One item in a 1938 London book auction was four miscellaneous books, one of which the Folger Library lacked. It bid 1 pound and got the lot. When the four books arrived here, one of them proved to be William Lambard's "Archaologia, 1598," which the library already possessed. On its crumpled title page was a faint signature, which had soaked through the paper. And when the back of the page was examined with a mirror, it appeared to be Shakespeare's writing.

Library authorities were skeptical at first. Forgeries are common. But examination with infrared and ultraviolet light, and comparison with genuine signatures, convinced them.

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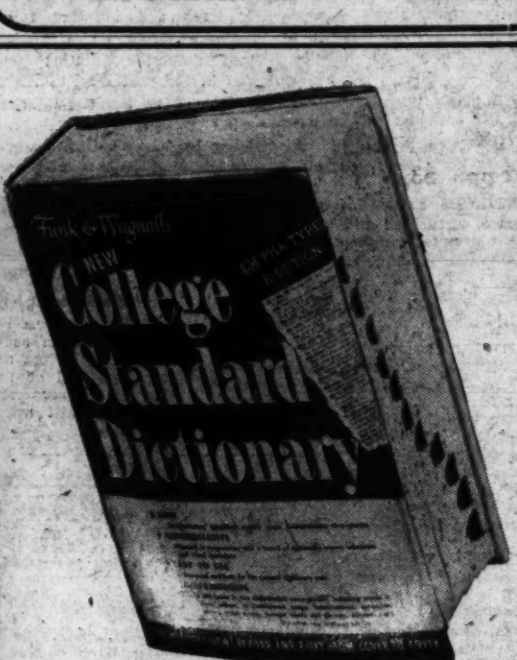
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# Trite Plot Is Skeleton For a Profound Study Of Misery in Montreal

By Sterling North

THE TIN FLUTE. By Gabrielle Roy. Reynal & Hitchcock. 315 pp. \$3.

THE French Canadians, recently labeled (or libeled) for their religious bigotry and lack of patriotism, gain new stature and sympathy in "The Tin Flute," awarded literary prizes in Canada and France and book club distribution in America.

Not since the haunting and unforgettable classic, "Maria Chapdelaine," has anyone delved so deeply into the problems of these foster children of British imperialism as Gabrielle Roy, youngest of eight children of a French Canadian family.

The love story is the usual stuff. Florentine, a girl clerk in a 10-cent store, meets Jean, a dashing young student of engineering who loves her and leaves her. Heroine, in the nick of time, manages to marry Emmanuel of a traditionalist family just before he pushes off to war. This theme will doubtless furnish the plot for the inevitable celluloid version.

But the real value of this story is on a very much deeper stratum. It surges up from the author's profound understanding of life in the slums of Montreal, where war furnished the first "prosperity" in 10 hungry years; where families like Florentine's finally welcomed the opportunity to endanger son and father since it meant a chance to buy clothes to replace the children's rags; real food to bolster the children's starvation diet. Twenty dollars a month from a soldier's pay was luxury for his miserable family living beside the tracks.

This is a bitter book with moments of high lyricism. It is as starkly realistic as stench and hunger and death and birth and oppression can make it. If the author refuses to examine one of the major reasons for French Canadian poverty, that is her own moral problem. Within her limitations she has written a powerful novel.

A LITTLE TREASURY OF GREAT POETRY. Edited by Oscar Williams. Scribner's. 816 pp. \$3.75.

IF THE strident obscurities of some modern poets leave you cold, I suggest this collection of 500 poems from 7 centuries of English (and American) verse—a selection which is mercifully composed mostly of poems that are short and truly lyric.

No anthology can be wholly bad which recognizes the incontrovertible fact that unless poetry stiffens your heart (as A. E. Housman put it, or sends ice water along your spine (to use Emily Dickinson's test), it is not real poetry. And all the Existentialists in the world will never be able to change the rules.

Not all of the poems in this book fulfill that minor miracle for me. But the tingling sensation comes often enough to assure me that Mr. Williams is a good anthologist.

Statistically speaking, Mr. Williams rightly concedes that Shakespeare was the greatest of the English poets. Forty-nine of his poems, including many of his sonnets and the incomparable songs from the plays, give Avon's gentle genius a most lead over John Donne, who is represented here with 23 delicate lyrics. If this had been my anthology there would have been even more of the Elizabethans and far, far less of the Victorians.

Shockingly enough, in a collection garnered by a man of taste, Alfred Lord Tennyson is allowed to lift along through 22 poems and excerpts, including such verbal chromes as "Blow, Bugle, Blow," "Break, Break, Break," "Crossing the Bar" and "Maudslayi." He is allowed 4 more poems than Shelley, 8 more than the master of crystal imagery, William Blake, 10 more than Wordsworth or Yeats and an even dozen more than John Keats or Robert Burns.

Such admiration for Tennyson merely reveals a strain of sentimentality and a minor weakness for poetic platitudes. But one selection in this volume is atrocious taste.

For some unfathomable reason Oscar Williams includes Ezra Pound's second-rate, bombastic "Sestina: Altaforte," which must have pleased his friend Mussolini since it expresses a greedy hunger for bloodshed—in fact glorifies war as a fine thing in itself.

However, there are enough excellent selections to forgive the relatively few errors in taste and judgment in this book. I, for one, will always be grateful for the inclusion of such poems as Gerard Manley Hopkins' "Pied Beauty." While such poems are in circulation there is still a chance for our materialistic civilization.

RETURN TO NIGHT. By Mary Renault. Morrow. 412 pp. \$3.

INFANTILISM, curse of a world where emotional maturity is the rarest of virtues, is studied with brilliant comprehension by Mary Renault, who poses a number of interesting questions: Can a mother-dominated son break the silver cord? Should a professional woman of 35 marry an untutored mother's boy 10 years her junior? Can a feminist be a female and vice versa? Can Hollywood actually handle such grown-up material on celluloid?

This introspective, serious study of the life of Hilary Mansell, talented woman doctor who falls in love with Julian Fleming (thrown from a horse and brought into her hospital), seems at first glance an odd choice for the \$150,000 M.G.M. award. It is obviously no costume novel. It has no glamorous roles, no high adventure.

But on second thought it should make one of the really distinguished films of the year, solidly dramatic. The hospital, the cave to which Julian Fleming seeks to retreat, the English countryside where Hilary risks death to jar Julian from one of his psychotic states, should make an excellent series of backdrops for the conflict of egos and the sound character development of the principals.

Critics have lavished praise on Mary Renault's earlier novels: "Authentic Ecstasy" . . . "Writes like a streak of white lightning" . . . "Breathless intensity and emotion."

Actually she seems to me mildly pedantic and expository, often telling the reader rather than dramatizing her meanings. Her prose is solid and workmanlike, her character development as craftmanlike as the construction of a good stone wall.

When such an intelligent novel as this can take the M.G.M. award there is hope that Hollywood too is growing out of its painfully protracted adolescence.

THE PURPLE TESTAMENT; LIFE STORIES OF DISABLED VETERANS. Edited by Don M. Wolfe. Doubleday. 361 pp. \$2.50.

HOW did it feel to hit the beach? Crawl from a flaming tank under enemy fire? Ball out over enemy territory? Wake up minus a leg? Come home to a callous nation of selfish civilians? These 53 disabled veterans, most of them amputees, have written a vivid testament of their reactions. Nine of them are now Washingtonians.

James Kling: "I lay there, my leg shattered and bleeding. I saw the rest of the men picking up their parachutes . . ."

Floyd Mauk: "I saw the face of a bloody, mutilated soldier in a mirror hanging on the wall. Just to see if I could still talk I said, 'Who is that beat up Joe?'"

Rosario Joseph Aloisio: "There I lay with my arm 2 feet away . . . I screamed for medical aid—but the medical was busy."

John N. Nemeth: "I am paralyzed! I noticed the glass on the instrument panel was smashed. There was blood on it. My blood."

Robert Shure: "Both her legs were blown completely off, one lying about 5 feet from her, the other gone . . . To my dying day I shall have nightmares of that blond little angel of mercy, lying in a pool of her own blood and trying to smile."

You can't take it? Well these boys had to, and they are still living with it while nonamputees busily cook up World War III.

You can admit, as the sympathetic editor does, that many of these men still don't know why they were sent out to be mutilated, still have hazy ideas of what "democracy" means, still carry their childhood racial prejudices. But you cannot come away from this volume without being ashamed to the bottom of your soul that we who call ourselves human beings still continue to send young men into this kind of hell, and stare and ask stupid questions when they come crawling home to a Nation offering \$30-a-week jobs, no housing at any price, inflation and talk of a third World War.

Maybe what we deserve is atomic destruction.

THE RING AND THE DREAM. By Margaret Osborn. Harper. 274 pp. \$2.75.

UNLESS Hollywood has changed its formula, here is a mellow melo—the Tramp and Julia Fenimore; the enormous house, the accursed jewels; the suspense and the violence; the love and the luxury and the fatality of it all. If I were a producer thinking only of box office, I would be in bed.

Margaret Osborn, sister of Christopher and Oliver La Farge, has lived in such a Hudson River mansion. Entranced (and a trifle appalled) by such luxury in the midst of poverty, she has pictured the life of Julia, clothes horse and jewel rack for cold, hard, ambitious Jim, Wall Street tycoon of the late nineteenth century.

Her jewels have brought Julia only misery. She keeps them in a cardboard box in her closet. Julia is now old and lonely, but still undeniably petulant. But the tramp is on the trail of these jewels.

There is some excellent writing in this book. The first third of the novel has real distinction.



HOWARD W. ODUM

## Tobacco Road Isn't South's Only Avenue

The Way of the South, by Howard W. Odum (Macmillan); \$3.

THE SOUTH, says Dr. Odum, University of North Carolina professor who for years has assisted in liberal efforts to improve race relations, is a distinctive part of America, just like New England or the West. Like them it possesses its own history and its own heritage, and like them it comes to the present day conditions by yesterday.

Despite the advantages of moonlight and magnolias, "It has inherited a larger number of handicaps than other regions," the author believes. Rich in human and natural resources, it lacks technological skills, capital and an adequately realized "institutional" substance such as home, family, government, industry, education and literary agencies.

Dr. Odum's emphasis on the region's culture is meant rather to explain its consequences than to excuse them. Only against the South's own inalienable background, he asserts, can outsiders go down there and criticize justly the deplorable conditions which he then proceeds to acknowledge, such as discrimination against the Negro in school, court, factory and voting booth.

Disturbed by indications that Northerners more and more ready to accept Biblicism and "Tobacco Road" as symbols of this vast region of their country, Dr. Odum maintains that the South is working on its problems, that it has made some progress, but that there is no immediate solution. There must be no violation, he warns, of the South's precious "spiritual and cultural integrity."

The country as a whole, however, has a double obligation: "So to cooperate with the South in administering the American democracy and economy as to help develop the region; and to enrich the Nation in so doing" for "the way of the South is first of all American and then Southern."

## This Week's Best Sellers

- FICTION**
1. LYDIA BAILEY, by Kenneth Roberts (Doubleday).
  2. THE WAYWARD BUS, by John Steinbeck (Viking).
  3. THE MIRACLE OF THE BELLS, by Russell Janney (Prentice-Hall).
  4. B. F.'S DAUGHTER, by John P. Marquand (Little, Brown).
  5. DULCIMER STREET, by Norman Collins (Duell, Sloan & Pearce).
- NON-FICTION**
1. PEACE OF MIND, by Joshua Lodi Liebman (Simon and Schuster).
  2. THE ROOSEVELT I
  3. INFORMATION PLEASE ALMANAC-1947. Edited by John Kieran (Garden City).
  4. THE PLOTTERS, by John Roy Carlson (Dutton).
  5. THE EGG AND I, by Betty MacDonald (Lippincott).

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## DEFEAT IN VICTORY

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Former Polish Ambassador to the U.S.  
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## Atlanta Trial Was Double-Exposure Saved From Columbians by Klan!

THE only reason why Stetson Kennedy is not lying in an Atlanta graveyard with a knife hole in his back, is because he was dramatically saved by a fellow Klansman.

Slight, gentle-voiced Kennedy, who joined both the Klan and the Columbians to get material for his book, "Southern Exposure," was called back to Atlanta to testify at the trial of the Columbians. Finding himself among enraged Columbian witnesses and defendants in a room adjoining the Superior Court, Kennedy stood his ground against threats and heckling. Suddenly there was a scuffle behind him. Klansman-Columbian Ira Jett was neatly tossing a big fellow from Northern Georgia into the hall.

"My would-be assassin," Kennedy explained, "had drawn a knife and was about to stab me when Jett stamped on his foot, twisted the knife from his hand and saved my life."

"Jett didn't like me any better than that other boy did," Kennedy continued, "But a Klansman is bound to defend a brother Klansman in all extremities, 'malicious murder, treason and rape alone excepted.' Besides, he didn't want to see the gang in additional trouble."

Kennedy's present standing with the Klan is not of the best. In fact, he is rather certain he has been banished as a citizen of the Invisible Empire. His book slashes valiantly at the hooded Fascists. But for a split second recently he was glad to be a Klansman.

Incidentally, both Kennedy and I would like to know how to recognize an "unmalicious" murder.

A mustache with an 18-inch wingspread, neatly "coaxed" with soap, is a distinguishing characteristic of John Murray Reynolds, author of "The Private Life of Henry Perkins" (Crown, May 6). Reynolds, the original Mr.

Five-By-Five of literature, is the Navy three-striper who was among the six living souls trusted months in advance with one of the war's top secrets. He is now a ship broker. His book is said to be as delightful as Robert Nathan's "One More Spring"—a Cockney fantasy with distinct picture possibilities.

—STERLING NORTH.

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## THE ASSOCIATED PRESS NEWS IN PICTURES



**FANCY FOAL**—Only a few days old, this bay filly by War Admiral gallops alongside her dam, Lady Lark, at the Mereworth Farm near Lexington, Ky.



**PICTURESQUE SCENE**—Beyond the picturesque Piazza Dante looms the dome of Mt. Etna observatory, one of the landmarks of this section of the Sicilian countryside.



**AIR-GROUND MANEUVERS**—Planes fly low over ground personnel during joint maneuvers of U. S. Marine reserve units based in the San Francisco Bay area.



**HAIR-DOS**—Jane Carter, Lorraine Kochowski and Marlene Zawacki (top to bottom) devised these coiffures in a contest in their Chicago school.



**SOUTH AFRICAN STEEL WORKS**—At Pretoria, capital of the Transvaal, this development of the ISCOR iron and steel works supplies many industrial needs of South Africa. The enclosure in the foreground is a native compound.



**SCOOTER**—Mounted on her motor scooter, film actress Andrea Vigne makes fast work of a trip between makeup department and sound stage, or elsewhere around the big movie lot.



**FLYING MUSICIANS**—Clarence Earl McCormick, band musician and airplane pilot, and his wife, Dacia, orchestra leader, plan a tour of South America by air. Here Dacia puts aboard Hannah, their duck mascot.



**CHAIN PAINTER**—An Italian workman paints the anchor chain of the 35,000-ton battleship, Vittorio Veneto, tied up in the harbor of Augusta, Sicily.



**HAT**—A fancy hat to end all fancy hats is this costume number worn by Martha Raye for a sequence in a film with Charles Chaplin.



**WELCOME TO ANTWERP**—The USS Wilkes Barre, a 13,000-ton cruiser, is cheered by Belgians ashore as she enters the port of Antwerp for a visit.



**CANINE GUARDIAN**—Rex, terrier pet of Bobby Kramer of Philadelphia, keeps watch over his newest friends, some baby chicks which arrived as a gift for Bobby's young brother. Rex is taking no chances.



**PULITZER STAMP ISSUE**—At a ceremony honoring the late Joseph Pulitzer at Columbia University, Joseph Pulitzer, Jr., Secretary Robert F. Patterson, Dr. Frank Diehl Fackenthal, Mayor William O'Dwyer and Dean Carl W. Ackerman examine special Pulitzer stamps.



**LUCKY FISHERMAN**—Arthur Peabody, New York angler, comes up with a nice haul in a tableau at the National Fisheries Institute convention in Manhattan. Mermaids are Jacqueline Joyce (left) and Paula Sharpe.



**AUTOGRAPH SESSION**—Leo Durocher, suspended manager of the Dodgers, and his actress wife, Laraine Day, (at left), sign autographs for youthful Brooklyn fans at a dinner.